

Qma High Performance Vector Control Invetrer

A1000

200V (3-phase power supply) 0.4-75kW 200V (single-phase power supply)0.4-5.5kW 400V (3-phase power supply) 0.75-355kW

User Manual

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Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Qma A1000 inverter, which is a general purpose current torque vector control inverter characterized by high performance and ultra low noise. For the best use of this inverter and for your safety, please read this manual carefully. If you encounter any problems not described in the manual during use, please contact your local dealer or our technical personnel of Engineering Department. Our professionals are always pleased to serve you. You can feel ease to continue to use A1000 inverter.

[Notice for Use]:

A1000 inverter is developed by Qma. In this manual, "Danger" and "Caution" paragraphs contain important safety precautions that shall be paid attention to during transportation, installation, operation and examination of the inverter.

[Danger]: Incorrect use of this inverter may result in personal injury and death. Do not dismount or install inverter or change its internal connection, wiring or component by yourself.

[Caution]: Incorrect use of this product may cause damages to the inverter or its mechanical systems.

[Danger]:

- After turning off the power, do not touch circuit board or components before CHARGE indicator goes off.
- Do not dismount or install inverter or change its internal connection, wiring or component by yourself.
- Make sure the power is off before wiring; do not check components, parts or signals on the circuit board while the inverter is running.
- Earthing terminals of the inverter must be grounded properly. Three grounding modes for 220V, special earthing for 440V.

[Caution]:

- Never perform withstanding voltage test for components or parts in the inverter, otherwise this may cause damages to these semi-conductor parts due to high voltage.
- Never wire output terminals U, V and W of the inverter to input terminals (R, S, T) of AC power supply.
- Component COMOSIC of inverter circuit board is susceptible to static electricity influence and damages. Do not touch the main circuit board.

[During operation]:

Danger

- Never remove front cover under power-on state to avoid personal injury due to electric shock;
- Never get close to the machine to avoid danger after motor stops working as it will automatically

restart again if automatic restart function is enabled.

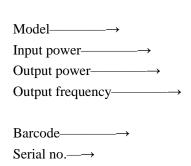
• Stop switch will be effected only after setting. Please note that it is different from emergency stop switch in usage.

Caution

- Never touch heating elements like heat sink and braking resistance to avoid electric shock; otherwise, it may cause personal injury.
- The inverter can be easily changed from low speed to high speed. Please input the allowable range of motor and machinery.
- When using brake, etc., please pay attention to relevant setting.
- Never check signals of circuit board when the inverter is running.
- Inverter has been set in the factory, so do not adjust it arbitrarily.

1.2 Nameplate

Take 11kw 380V as an example



Model: A1000-011-43A Input: 3PH 380V 50/60Hz

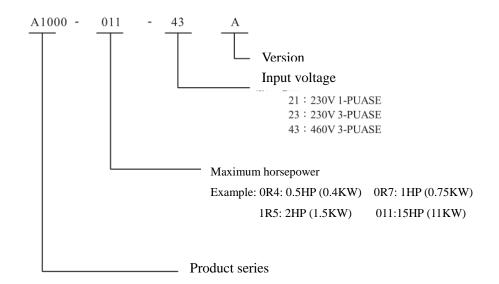
Output: 3PH AC0-440V 11KW 27A

Freq.Range: 0-500Hz



0508001001

1.3 Model Numbering Description

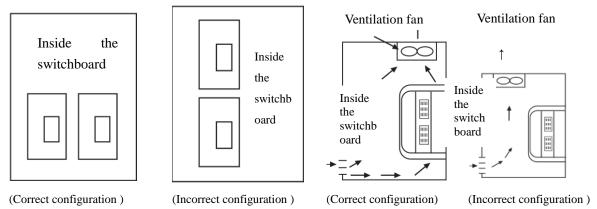


1.4 Application Environment

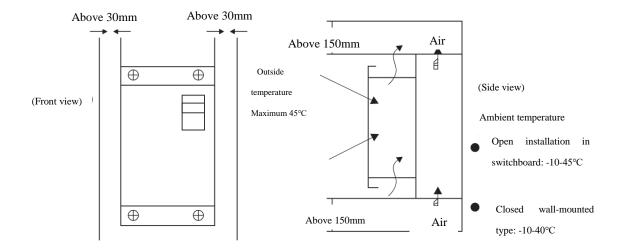
As the installation environment has direct influence on the performance and service life of the inverter, following conditions must be met.

• Ambient environment: Open installation in switchboard (-10-45°C/+14-113°F) Closed wall-mounted type (-10-40°C/+14-104°F)

- Avoid rain or humid environment.
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- Prevent erosion of oil mist and salt.
- Avoid corrosive liquid and gas.
- Prevent dust, batting and metal powder from entering the inverter.
- Away from radioactive substance and combustible material.
- Prevent electromagnetic interference (welding machine, power machine).
- Prevent vibration (punch press). If it is unavoidable, please install a shockproof gasket to reduce vibration.
- When multiple inverters are installed in a control cabinet, install them at proper positions for heat dissipation. In addition, please install a heat radiation fan to make the ambient temperature around the inverter lower than 45°C.



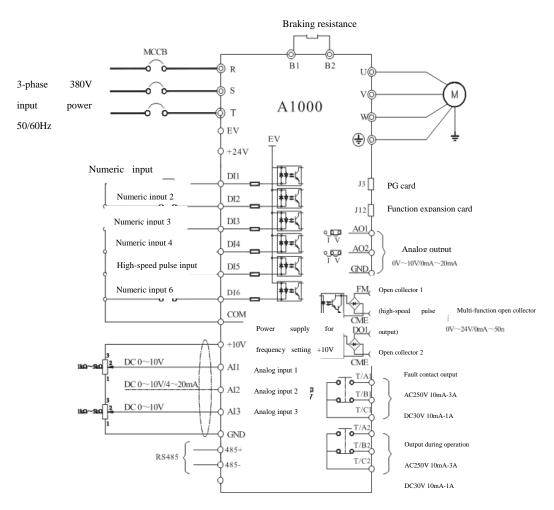
- Installing the inverter with its front surface forward and top part upward for heat radiation.
- Installation space must be in accordance with following regulations: When the inverter is installed inside the switchboard or if conditions permit, remove upper dustproof cover of the inverter for cooling and heat radiation.



Chapter 2 Wiring Description

2.1 Basic Wiring Diagram

• Wiring schematic diagram of 3-phase inverter



Wiring Schematic Diagram of 3-phase Inverter

Note:

- 1) refers to main circuit terminal, O refers to control circuit terminal.
- 2) Select braking resistance as required by users. Please refer to Braking Resistance Selection Guide for detail.

2.2 Terminal & Wiring of Main Circuit



Danger

- 1. Make sure that the power switch is **OFF** before wiring so as to avoid electric hazard!
- 2. Wiring must be performed by qualified and trained personnel so as to avoid inverter damage and personnel injury!
- 3. Earthing terminals must be grounded reliably to avoid electrical hazard and fire!



Caution

1. Confirm that input power's rated values are identical to that of the inverter; otherwise, it may result in inverter damage!

- 2. Confirm that motor matches to the inverter; otherwise, it may damage motor or trigger inverter protection!
- 3. Never connect power supply to terminals U, V and W to avoid inverter damage!
- 4. Do not connect braking resistance to DC bus terminals (+) & (-) directly; otherwise this may cause fire!

■ Wiring of main circuit

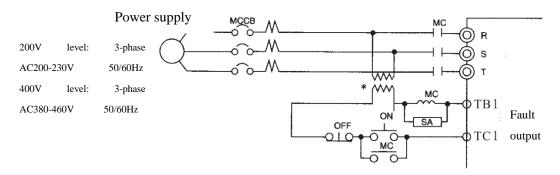
This part introduces main circuit I/O wiring and grounding wire.

Wiring on input side of main circuit

Installation of wiring circuit breaker

A wiring circuit breaker (MCCB) corresponding to inverter power is required between the power supply and the input terminals.

- Choose a MCCB with a capacity of 2 times that of the rated current of the inverter.
- The time characteristics of MCCB must meet the time characteristics of the overheating protection of the inverter (150% of rated output current/1 minute).
- If single MCCB is shared by two or more inverters or other device, the contact of fault output shall be connected to contractor, so that the power supply will be turned off by the fault signals.

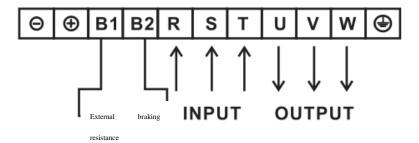


^{*} When 400V level is selected, 400/200V transformer should be connected.

Setting Wiring Circuit Breaker

■ Functions of Main Circuit Terminal

Function	Terminal	A1000
Power input of main circuit	R, S, T	0.4kw-355KW
Inverter output	U, V, W	0.4kw-355KW
Connecting to braking resistance	B1, B2 (PB, +)	0.4kw-30KW
Connecting to DC reactor	P1, +	132kw-355KW
Connecting baking unit	Ф, Ф	18.5kw-355kw
Grounding	(a)	0.4kw-355kw



Example: A1000-011-43A

2.3 Terminals & Wiring of Control Circuit:

1) Layout drawing of control circuit terminals is as follows:

+1	0V	Α	.I1	Α	.12	Α	.13	Г	DI1	D)I2	D	013	D	I4	D)I5	D	16	CO	ЭM	
	485	5+	48	5-	GN	D	AC	D 1	AC	02	CM	ſΕ	СО	М	DO	01	FN	М	+24	4V	E	V

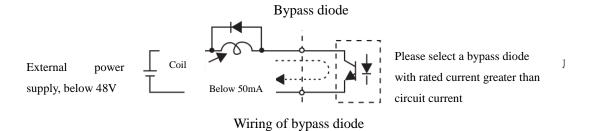
T/	г/А2 Т/В2		T/			
	T/A	A 1	T/E	31	T/0	C1

2) Function of control circuit terminals:

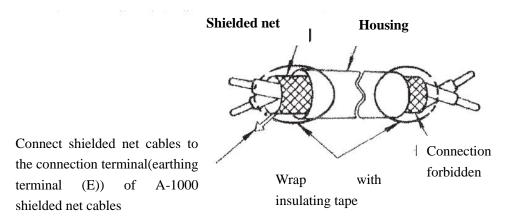
Туре	Terminal	Terminal Name	Terminal Function			
	Symbol					
Power supply	+10V-GND	External+10V	Offers +10V power source. Maximum output current: 10mA; generally used as a working power supply for external potentiometer. Resistance range of potentiometer: $1k\Omega$ - $5k\Omega$			
	+24V-COM	External+24V	Offers +24 power source, generally used as a working power supply for numeric input and output terminals and an external sensor power supply. Maximum output current: 200mA .			
	EV	External power supply input terminal	The default is to connect to 24V power supply. When driving DI1 and D15 with external power supply, connect it to the external power supply and pull out the connector between EV and +24V connector.			
Analog input	AI1-GND	Analog input terminal 1	 Input voltage range: DC OV-10V Input impedance: 22k Ω 			
	AI2-GND	Analog input terminal 2	 Input range: DC OV 10V/4mA- 20mA, determined by jumper wire J8 on control board. Input impedance: voltage input 22kΩ, 			

			current input 500Ω .
	AI3-GND	Analog input	1. Input voltage range: DC 0V-10V
		terminal 3	2. Input impedance: 22k Ω
	DI1	Numerical input 1	1. Optocoupler isolation, compatible with
	DI2	Numerical input 2	bipolar input
	DI3	Numerical input 3	2. Input impedance: 2.4kΩ
	DI4	Numerical input 4	3. Voltage range under level input: 9V-30V
	DI5	High-speed pulse	In addition to features of DI1-DI14, it can
		input terminal	be used as high-speed pulse input channel
Numerical			as well. Maximum input frequency:
input			100kHZ
	DI6	Numerical input 6	1. Optocoupler isolation, compatible with
			bipolar input
			2. Input impedance: 2.4kΩ
			3. Voltage range under level input: 9V-30V
Analog	AO1-GND	Analog output 1	Determine voltage or current output by the
output	AO2-GND	Analog output 2	jumper wire on control board.
			Output voltage range: 0V-10V
			Output current range: 0mA-20mA
Numeric	DO1-CME	Numeric output 1	1. Optocoupler isolation, bipolar open
output			collector output
			2. Output voltage range: 0V-24V
			3. Output current range: 0mA-50mA
	FM-CME	High-speed pulse	Subject to the function code P5-00 " FM
		output	Terminal Output Mode Options".
			When used as high-speed pulse output,
			maximum frequency is up to 100kHz;
			When used as open collector output, its
			specification is same with DO1.
Relay output	T/A1-T/C1	NO terminal	Contact driving capacity: AC250V, 3A,
	T/B1-T/C1	NC terminal	COS Φ =0.4.
			DC 30V, 1A
	T/A2-T/C2	NO terminal	Contact driving capacity: AC250V, 3A,
	T/B2-T/C2	NC terminal	COSΦ=0.4
			DC 30V, 1A
Communicati	485+	485 differential	Standard RS485 communication port
on		signal (+)	
	485—	485 differential	
		signal (-)	

- 3) Wiring of control circuit terminals:
- For inductive loads like coil for driving relay, please be sure to insert bypass diode as shown in the figure below.
- Separate control circuit cables from cables of main circuit and other power cables or power supply cables in wiring.



- Please use twisted shielded cables or twisted pair cables to avoid malfunctions caused by interference. Please refer to the figure below for cable end treatment. The wiring distance should be less than 50m
- Please connect shielded net cables to earthing terminal (E).
- Wrap shielded net cables with insulating tape to prevent shielded net cables from contacting other signal cables and device housing.

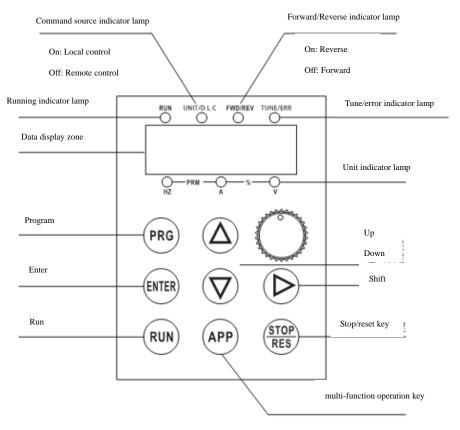


Wrapping ends of shielded twisted pair cables

Chapter 3 Operation & Display

3.1 Introduction to Operation and Display Interface

A user may operate A1000 inverter by the operation panel through parameter setting, status monitoring, start/stop operation, etc. Its outlook and function zones area as follows:



Keypad Menu

Keypad button description

Respaid button description							
Button	Name	Function					
PRG	Programmable	Enter and exit the level 1 menu.					
ENTER	Enter	Enter the menu step by step, set and enter parameters.					
Δ	Up	Increase figure or function code progressively.					
∇	Down	Reduce figure or function code progressively.					
\triangleright	Shift	Select the parameters to be displayed circularly under stop status and running status; when modifying parameters, it can be used to select the bit of parameters.					
RUN	Run	Press this button to start the inverter if the keypad control is enabled.					
STOP/RES	Stop/Reset	Press this button to stop the inveter under running status or reset the operation in fault alarm status. This key is restricted by function code P7-02 .					
APP	Multi-function selection Key	Switch function according to P7-01 .					

Description of function indicator lamp:

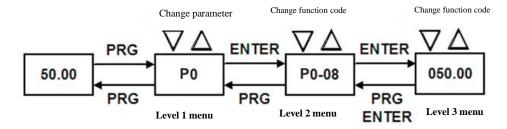
Indicator lamp	Description
RUN	Running status indicator lamp:

	Off: It means the inverter is in stop status;
	On: It means the inverter is in running status;
TUNE/ERR	Tune/torque control/error indicator lamp. On: It means under torque control
	mode; when it flashes slowly, it means the elevator is in tuning status; rapid
	flashing of this lamp means fault.
FWD/REV	Forward/reverse indicator lamp:
	On: it means forward status; off: it means reverse status.
UNIT/D.L.C	When the indicator is on, it means that the inverter is under operation panel
	control mode. Otherwise, it means that the inverter is under terminal control
	mode.
Hz	Frequency indicator lamp. Unit: Hz
A	Current indicator lamp; unit: A
V	Voltage indicator lamp, unit: V
RPM	when both Hz and A are on, it means rotation
	speed indicator lamp, unit: rotation per min (RPM)
%	when both A and V are on, it means percentage,
	unit: %.

3.2 Description of Digital Manipulator

A1000 inverter adopts three-level menu to set parameters.

3-level menu: Function parameter group (level 1) \rightarrow function codes (level 2) \rightarrow function code setting(level 3). See the figure below for operation procedure.



3-level Menu Operation Flow Diagram

Description: Under the level 3 menu, user can press **PRG** or **ENTER** to back to the level 2 menu. The difference is that by pressing **ENTER**, it saves the setting parameter before getting back to the level 2 menu and then it enters the next function code automatically; by pressing **PRG**, it will directly return to the level 2 menu without saving parameters.

3.3 Methods to View Status Parameter

Under stop or running status, through the shift key ", multiple status parameters can be displayed. User can select whether to display the parameter according to binary bit selection

through function code P7-03 (running parameter 1), P7-04 (running parameter 2) and P7-05 (stop parameter).

Under stopping status, 16 stopping parameters can be displayed in sequence according to selection, which respectively are: Setting frequency, bus voltage, DI input status, DO output status, analog input AI1 voltage, analogy input AI2 voltage, analogy input AI3 voltage, actual count value, actual length, PLC running steps, load speed display, PID setting, PULSE input pulse frequency and 3 not used parameters.

Under running status, there are five default parameters of running status to be displayed: Running frequency, setting frequency, bus voltage, output voltage and output current. Besides, users can select to display other parameters, including output power, output torque, DI input status, DO output status, analog input AI1 voltage, analog input AI2 voltage, analog input AI3 voltage, actual count valve, actual length, linear speed, PID setting and PID feedback by bit of function code **P7-03** and **P7-04** (changed into binary bit). These parameters can be displayed in sequence.

When the inverter is powered on again after power failure, the default parameters displayed are parameters selected before power failure.

3.4 Password Setting

The inverter provides password protection for parameters. When 16-00 is set as non-zero, the password protection is enabled after exiting the function code editing status. By pressing **PRG** again, "----" is displayed. At this time, users are required to enter correct user password to enter into the general menu.

To display the password protection function, user can enter the menu by inputting password and set 16-00 as 0.

Chapter 4 Autotuning

Motor parameter autotuning

When the elevator is in vector control mode, motor nameplate parameters shall be entered correctly before inverter operation so that the inverter can select standard motor parameter according to the nameplate parameter; vector control mode is highly dependent on motor parameters. Therefore, to acquire good control performance, correct motor parameters are required.

Perform the following steps to enable motor parameters autotuning:

- (1) Firstly, select the command source (P0-01) as the operation panel command channel.
- (2) Then, input the following six parameters according to actual motor parameters:

P1-00: Motor type options P1-01: Motor rated power P1-02: Motor rated voltage P1-03: Motor rated current

P1-04: Motor rated frequency P1-05: Motor rated rotation speed

(3) For induction motor

According to the motor load condition:

The best tuning mode is idling dynamic tuning; If conditions do not permit, on-load

stationary tuning mode can be adopted;

1) Dynamic autotuning:

When the motor is disconnected to load completely, set **P1-37** as **2** and press **ENTER** to confirm. At this time, the keypad displays as:



Then, by pressing **RUN** on the keypad panel, the inverter will drive the motor to conduct acceleration/deceleration and forward/reverse running; moreover, the running indicator lamp is on. It takes about 2min to finish autotuning motor parameters. When above information disappears and returns to normal parameter display, it means autotuning is completed.

After autotuning, the inverter can calculate following motor parameters automatically:

P1-06: Stator resistance of induction motor P1-07: Rotor resistance of induction motor

P1-08: Leakage inductance of induction motor P1-09: Mutual inductance of induction motor

P1-10: Idling current of induction motor

2) Stationary autotuning:

If the motor can't be disconnected to load completely, select **P1-37** as **1/3** and then press **ENTER** to confirm. At this time, the keypad displays:



Then, press RUN. After the inverter executes motor parameter tuning, motor parameter autotuning can be completed.

After autotuning, the inverter can calculate the following motor parameters automatically:

P1-06: Stator resistance of induction motor

P1-07: Rotor resistance of induction motor

P1-08: Leakage inductance of induction motor

Chapter 5 Function Parameter Table

Function	Name	Setting Range		Minimu	m	Default
Code				Unit		
		P0 Group: Basic Parameter				
P0-00	Motor Type Display	1: G type (constant torque load)	1		1	
P0-01	Control Mode Options	0: Sensorless vector control (SVC)	1		0	
		1: Feedback Vector control (FVC)				
		2: V/F control				
P0-02	Start/Stop Control Options	0: Operation panel (LED off)	1		0	
		1: Terminal (LED on)				
		2: Serial port communication (LED				
		flashing)				

P0-03	Main Frequency	0: Numeric setting (pre-setting	1	10
	Command Source A	frequency P0-08, which can be		
		modified by pressing UP/DOWN and		
		won't be memorized after power		
		failure)		
		1: Numeric setting (pre-setting		
		frequency P0-08, which can be		
		modified by pressing UP/DOWN and		
		memorized after power failure).		
		2: AI1		
		3: AI2		
		4: AI3		
		5: PULSE setting (DI5)		
		6: Preset speed command		
		7: Simple PLC		
		8: PID		
		9: Communication setting		
		10: Potentiometer		
P0-04	Auxiliary Frequency	Same with P0-03 (Main frequency	1	0
	Command Source B	command source A)		
P0-05	Superposing Auxiliary	0: With respect to the maximum	1	0
	Frequency Source B	frequency		
	Range	1: With respect to main frequency		
		command source A		
P0-06	Superposing Auxiliary	0%-150%	1%	100%
	Frequency Command B			
	Range Selection			
P0-07	Frequency Source	Ones place: Frequency source options	11	00
	Superposing Options	0: Main frequency source A		
		1: Main & auxiliary arithmetic results		
		(arithmetic relation is determined by		
		tens place)		
		2: Switching between main frequency		
		source A and auxiliary frequency source		
		В		
		3: Switching between main frequency		
		source A and main & auxiliary		
		arithmetic results.		
		4: Switching between auxiliary		
		frequency source B and main &		
		auxiliary arithmetic results.		
		Tens place: Main & auxiliary arithmetic		
		results.		
		0: Main frequency source+ auxiliary		

	1	Т	1	T
		frequency source		
		1: Main frequency source -auxiliary		
		frequency source		
		2: The bigger of main frequency source		
		A and auxiliary frequency source B		
		3: The smaller of main frequency		
		source A and auxiliary frequency source		
		В		
P0-08	Main Frequency Setting	0.00Hz-maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	of Digital Manipulator			
P0-09	Running Direction	0: Same	1	0
		1: Reverse		
P0-10	Maximum Frequency	50.00Hz-500.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
P0-11	Upper Limit Frequency	0: P0-12 setting	1	0
	Source Options	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE pulse setting		
		5: Communication setting		
P0-12	Upper Limit Frequency	Lower limit frequency P0-14	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
		-maximum frequency P0-10		
P0-13	Upper Limit Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Offset			
P0-14	Lower Limit Frequency	0.00Hz-Upper Limit Frequency P0-12	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P0-15	Carrier Frequency	0.5kH-16.0kHz	0.01kHz	Up to specific
				model
P0-16	Carrier Frequency	0: Disabled	1	1
	Adjustment Along With	1: Enabled		
	Temperature			
P0-17	Acceleration Time 1	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	Up to specific
				model
P0-18	Deceleration Time 1	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	Up to specific
				model
P0-19	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: 1s	1	1
	Time Unit	1: 0.1s		
		2: 0.01s		
P0-20	Not Used	-	-	-
P0-21	Offset Frequency of	0.00Hz- maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Auxiliary Frequency at			
	Superposing			
P0-22	Frequency Command	2: 0.01Hz	1	2
	Decimal Point			
P0-23	Stop Memory Options of	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
	Digital Setting Frequency			
		l .	1	1

P0-24	Motor Options	0: Motor 1		
	The state of the s	1: Motor 2		
P0-25	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: Maximum frequency (P0-10)	1	0
10 20	Time Reference	1: Setting frequency		
	Frequency	2: 100Hz		
P0-26	Frequency Command	0: Running frequency		0
10-20		1: Setting frequency		O
		1. Setting frequency		
DO 27	during Operation	O 1 D. F. C	1	0000
P0-27	Command Source Binding	Ones place: Binding frequency source	1	0000
	Frequency Source	options of operation panel command		
		0: No binding		
		1: Digital setting frequency		
		2: AI1		
		3: AI2		
		4: AI3		
		5: PULSE setting (DI5)		
		6: Preset speed		
		7: Simple PLC		
		8: PID		
		9: Communication setting		
		Tens place: Binding frequency source		
		options of terminal command		
		Hundreds place: Binding frequency		
		source options of communication		
		command		
P0-28	Serial Port	0: Modbus protocol	1	0
	Communication Protocol	1: Profibus-DP or CANOPEN protocol		
	Options	1. Tronous Br of Critical Eric protocor		
	Options	P1 Group: Motor Parameters		
P1-00	Motor Type Options	0: Common induction motor	1	0
11-00	Wotor Type Options	1: Inverter induction motor	1	O
D1 01	M (D (ID		0.11.77	
P1-01	Motor Rated Power	0.1kW-1000.0kW	0.1kW	Up to specific
				model
P1-02	Motor Rated Voltage	0V-2000V	1V	Up to specific
				model
P1-03	Motor Rated Current	0.01A-655.35A (inverter power <	0.01A	Up to specific
		=55kW)		model
		0.1A-655.35A (inverter power>55kW)		
P1-04	Motor Rated Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	Up to specific
				model
P1-05	Motor Rated Rotation	0rpm-65535rpm	1rpm	Up to specific
	Speed			model
P1-06	Stator Resistance of	0.001-65.535(inverter power <= 55kW)	0.001	Up to specific
	Induction Motor	0.0001-6.5535(inverter power >		model
	111000110111110101	5.5551 6.5555 (inverter power >	L	1110001

		=55kW)		
P1-07	Rotor Resistance of Induction Motor	0.001-65.535(inverter power <= 55kW) 0.0001-6.5535(inverter power > = 55kW)	0.001	Up to specific model
P1-08	Leakage Inductance of Induction Motor	0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter power < =55kW) 0.01mH-65.535mH(inverter power > 55kW)	0.01mH	Up to specific model
P1-09	Mutual Inductance of Induction Motor	0.1mH-6553.5mH(inverter power < =55kW) 0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter power > 55kW)	0.01mH	Up to specific model
P1-10	Idling Current of	0.01A-P1-03 (inverter power<=55kW)	0.01	Up to specific
	Induction Motor	0.1A-P1-03(inverter power > 55kW)		model
P1-27	Encoder Line Number	1-65535	1	1024
P1-28	Encoder Type	ABZ Incremental encoder Rotary transformer		0
P1-30	ABZ Incremental Encoder Ab Phase Sequence	0: Forward 1: Reverse		0
P1-34	Rotary Transformer Pole-Pairs	1-65535		
P1-36	Speed Feedback PG Disconnection Detection Time	0.0s: Disabled 0.1s-10.0s		0.0s
P1-37	Autotuning Options	 No autotuning Stationary tuning of induction motor Full tuning of induction motor Stationary tuning 2 of induction motor 		0
	P2 (Group: Motor Vector Control Parameters		
P2-00	Speed Loop Proportional Gain 1	1-100	1	30
P2-01	Speed Loop Integral Time 1	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	0.50s
P2-02	Switching Frequency 1	0.00-P2-05	0.01Hz	5.00Hz
P2-03	Speed Loop Proportional Gain 2	1-100	1	20
P2-04	Speed Loop Integral Time 2	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	1.00s
P2-05	Switching Frequency 2	P2-02-Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	10.00Hz
P2-06	Slip Compensation Gain Factor	50%-200%	1%	100%

P2-07	Filter Time Constant of SVC Speed Feedback	0.000s-0.100s	0.001	0.015s
P2-09	Upper Limit Source of Speed Control (Drive) Torque	0: set through function code P2-10 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: AI3 4: PULSE setting 5: Communication setting 6: MIN (AI1, AI2) 7: MAX (AI1, AI2) Full ranges of options 1 to 7 correspond to P2-10	1	0
P2-10	Upper Limit Numeric Setting of Speed Control Torque	0.0%-200.0%	0.1%	150.0%
P2-11	Torque Upper Limit Command Options (Electricity Generation) under Speed Control Mode	0: Function code P2-12 setting (no difference between electrically driven and Electricity Generation) 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: AI3 4: PULSE setting 5: Communication setting 6: MIN (AI1, AI2) 7: MAX (AI1, AI2) 8: Function code P2-12 setting Full ranges of options 1 to 7 correspond to P2-12	1	0
P2-12	Torque Upper Limit under Speed Control Mode	0.0%-200%	0.1%	150.0%
P2-13	Excitation Adjustment Proportional Gain	0-60000	1	2000
P2-14	Excitation Adjustment Integral Gain	0-60000	1	1300
P2-15	Torque Adjustment Proportional Gain	0-60000	1	2000
P2-16	Torque Adjustment Integral Gain	0-60000	1	1300
P2-17	Speed Loop Integral Property	Ones place: Integral separation; 0: disabled; 1: enabled	1	0
P2-21	Maximum Torque Factor of Field Weakening Zone	50-200%		200%
P2-22	Electricity Generation Function Limit Enable	0: Disabled 1:Enabled		0

P2-23	Electricity Generation	0.0-200.0%		Up to specific
	Power Upper Limit			model
		P3 Group: V/F Control Parameters		
P3-00	V/F Curve Setting	0: Straight V/F curve	1	0
		1: Multi-point V/F curve		
		2: Square V/F curve		
		3: 1.2 th V/F curve		
		4: 1.4 th V/F curve		
		6: 1.6 th V/F curve		
		8: 1.8 th V/F curve		
		9: Not used		
		10: VF complete split mode		
		11: VF half-split mode		
P3-01	Torque Boost	0.0%: (no torque boost)	0.1%	Up to specific
		0.1%-30.0%		model
P3-02	Torque Boost End Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01	50Hz
P3-03	Multipoint VF Frequency	0.0Hz-P3-05	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Point 1			
P3-04	Multipoint VF Voltage	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	Point 1			
P3-05	Multipoint VF Frequency	P3-03-P3-07	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Point 2			
P3-06	Multipoint VF Voltage	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
D2 07	Point 2	P2 05 (D1 04)	0.0111	0.0011
P3-07	Multipoint VF Frequency Point 3	P3-05- motor rated frequency (P1-04)	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P3-08	Multipoint VF Voltage	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	Point 3			
P3-10	VF Overexcitation Gain	0-200	1	64
P3-11	Oscillation Suppression	0-100	1	Up to specific
	Gain			model
P3-13	VF Separation Voltage	0: Numeric setting (P3-14)		0
		1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)		
		5: Preset speed command		
		6: Simple PLC		
		7: PID		
		8: Communication setting		
		100.0% corresponds to motor rated		
D2 11	N	voltage		
P3-14	Numeric Setting of VF	0V- Motor rated voltage		

	Separation Voltage			
P3-15	Voltage Rise Time of VF	0.0s-1000.0s		
13 13	Separation Separation	Refers to the time from 0V to motor		
	Sopulation	rated voltage		
P3-16	Deceleration Time of VF	0.0s-1000.0s	0.0s	0
13 10	Separation Voltage	0.03 1000.03	0.03	
P3-17	Stop Mode Options of VF	0: Frequency/voltage reduces to 0		0
13-17	Separation	independently		
	Separation	1: Frequency reduces after the voltage		
		reduces to 0		
P3-18	Overcurrent Stall Action	50-200%		150%
13-10	Current	30-20070		13070
P3-19	Overcurrent Stall Enable	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		1 Enabled
P3-20	Overcurrent Stall	0-100		20
1 3-20	Suppression Gain	0-100		20
P3-21	Multiple Overcurrent Stall	50-200%		50%
F3-41	Action Current	30-20070 		30%
	Compensation Factor			
P3-22	•	650.0V-800.0V		760.0V
P3-22	Overvoltage Stall Action Voltage	650.0 V-800.0 V		/60.0V
P3-23	Overvoltage Stall Enable	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		1 Enabled
	-			30
P3-24	Overvoltage Stall	0-100		30
	Suppression Frequency Gain			
D2 25		0-100		30
P3-25	Overvoltage Stall Suppression Voltage Gain	0-100		30
P3-26	Overvoltage Stall	0-50Hz		5Hz
F 3-20	Maximum Rise Frequency	0-30FIZ		SHZ
	Limit Kise Frequency			
	Limit	P4 Group: Input Terminal		
P4-00	DI1 Terminal Function	0: No function	Ī	1
F4-00	Options Pulletion	1: Forward running		
P4-01	DI2 Terminal Function	2: Reverse running		2
P4-01	Options Function	3: 3-wire running control		2
D4 02	-	4: Forward JOG (FJOG)		0
P4-02	DI3 Terminal Function	5: Reverse JOG (RJOG)	1	9
D4 02	Options DI4 Terminal Function	6: Terminal UP	1	12
P4-03	DI4 Terminal Function	7: Terminal DOWN		12
D4 04	Options DIS Terminal Function	8: Coast-to-Stop		12
P4-04	DI5 Terminal Function	9: Fault reset (RESET)		13
D4 05	Options DIG Tarminal Function	10: Running pause		14
P4-05	DI6 Terminal Function	11: External fault NO input		14
D4 06	Options	12: Preset command terminal 1		
P4-06	DI7 Terminal Function	13: Preset command terminal 2		0
	Options	10.11050t Communa terminar 2		1

P4-07	DI8 Terminal Function	14: Preset command terminal 3	0
	Options	15: Preset command terminal 4	
P4-08	DI9 Terminal Function	16: Acceleration/deceleration options	0
	Options	terminal 1	
		17: Acceleration/deceleration options	
		terminal 1	
		18: Frequency source switching	
		19: UP/DOWN setting clear (terminal,	
		keypad)	
		20: Running command switching	
		terminal 1	
		21: Acceleration/deceleration	
		prohibited	
		22: PID pause	
		23: PLC status reset	
		24: Wobbulation parameter	
		25: Counter input	
		26: Counter reset	
		27: Length count input	
		28: Length reset	
		29: Torque control prohibited	
		30: PULSE (pulse) frequency input	
		(only works for DI5)	
		31: Not used	
		32: Immediate DC stop	
		33: External fault NC input	
		34: Frequency setting onset terminal	
		(when this terminal function hasn't	
		been set, the default is to enable)	
		If this terminal is set, terminal onset	
		frequency can be modified through this	
		terminal.	
		35: PID direction reverse terminal	
		When this terminal is enabled, PID is	
		opposite to the direction set by 10-03.	
		36: External stop terminal 1	
		Keypad control. This terminal can be	
		used to stop the elevator, which is equal	
		to the STOP key on the keypad	
		37: Control command switch terminal	
		2:	
		It is used to switch between terminal	
		control and communication control.	
		When this terminal is enabled, if P0-02	

P4-14	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P4-13	AI1 Minimum Input	0.00V-P4-15	0.01V	0.00V
	of Terminal UP/DOWN			
P4-12	Change Rate Per Second	0.001Hz-65.535Hz	0.001Hz	1.00Hz
		1: 2-wire 2 3: 3-wire 2		
P4-11	Terminal Command Mode	0: 2-wire 1 2: 3-wire 1	1	0
P4-10	DI Filter Time	0.000s-1.000s	0.001s	0.010s
		53-59: Not used		
		52: Reverse frequency prohibited		
		51: 2-wire/3-wire switching		
		50: Current running time clear		
		49: Deceleration DC brake		
		under any control mode.		
		elevator at the deceleration time 4		
		This terminal can be used to stop the		
		48: External stop terminal 2		
		47: Emergency stop		
		switching		
		46: Speed control/torque control		
		45: Not used		
		44: Not used		
		43: PID parameter switching terminal		
		42: Not used		
		41: Motor terminal options		
		preset frequency (P0-08).		
		frequency source B is replaced by		
		When this terminal is enabled,		
		source A and preset frequency		
		40: Switching terminal of frequency		
		preset frequency (P0-08).		
		frequency source A is replaced by		
		When this terminal is enabled,		
		source A and preset frequency.		
		39: Switching terminal of frequency		
		enabled.		
		differential adjustment of PID are still		
		the proportional adjustment and the		
		adjustment function of PID pauses, but		
		hen this terminal is enabled, the integral		
		38: PID integral pause terminal		
		it switches to terminal control.		
		P0-02 is set as communication control,		
		switches to communication control; if		
		is set as terminal control, then it		

	AI1 Minimum Input			
P4-15	AI1 Maximum Input	P4-13 -+10.00V	0.01V	10.00V
P4-16	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%
	AI1 Maximum Input			
P4-17	AI1 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s
P4-18	AI2 Minimum Input	0.00V-P4-20	0.01V	0.00V
P4-19	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	AI2 Minimum Input			
P4-20	AI2 Maximum Input	P4-18 -+ 10.00V	0.01V	10.00V
P4-21	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%
	AI2 Maximum Input			
P4-22	AI2 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s
P4-23	AI3 Minimum Input	-10.00V-P4-25	-10.00V	-10.00V
P4-24	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
	AI3 Minimum Input			
P4-25	AI3 Maximum Input	P4-23-+10.00V	-10.00V	-10.00V
P4-26	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
	AI3 Maximum Input			
P4-27	AI3 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.10s	0.10s
P4-28	PULSE Minimum Input	0.00kHz-P4-30	0.01kHz	0.00kHz
P4-29	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	PULSE Minimum Input			
P4-30	PULSE Maximum Input	P4-28 -100.00kHz	0.01kHz	50.00kHz
P4-31	PULSE Maximum Input	-100.0% - 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%
	Setting			
P4-32	PULSE Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s
P4-33	AI Setting Curve Options	Ones place: AI1 curve option		
		1: Curve 1 (2 points, see P4-13 -P4-16)	1	
		2: Curve 2 (2 points, see P4-18 -P4-21)		321
		3: Curve 3 (2 points, see P4-23 -P4-26)		
		4: Not used		
		5: Not used		
		Tens place: AI2 curve options, same as		
		above		
		Hundreds place:AI3 curve options,		
		same as above		
P4-34	AI Lower Than Minimum	Ones place: AI Lower Than Minimum	1	000
	Input Setting Options	Input Setting Options		
		0: Corresponding setting of minimum		
		input		
		1: 0.0%		
		Tens place: AI2 lower than minimum		
		input setting options, same as above		
		Hundreds place: AI3 lower than		

		minimum input setting options, same as		
		above		
P4-35	DI1 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P4-36	DI2 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s 0.1s	0.0s
	-			
P4-37	DI3 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P4-38	DI Input Terminal Active	0: High level	1	00000
	Status Setting 1	1: Low level		
		Ones place: DI1		
		Tens place: DI2		
		Hundreds place: DI3		
		Thousands place: DI4		
		Tens thousands place: DI5		
P4-39	DI Terminal Active Mode	0: High level	1	00000
	Options 2	1: Low level		
		Ones place: DI6		
		Tens place: DI7		
		Hundreds place: DI8		
		Thousands place: DI9		
		P5 Group: Output Terminal		
P5-00	FM Terminal Output	0: Pulse output (<i>FMP</i>)	1	0
	Options	1: Open collector switching quantity		
		output (FMR)		
P5-01	FMR Output Function	0: No output	1	0
	Options	1: Inverter running		
P5-02	Control Board Relay	2: Fault output (stop upon fault)	1	2
	Output Options	3: Frequency level detection FDT1		
	(T/A1-T/B1-T/C1)	output		
	RELAY 1	4: Frequency reach		
P5-03	Control Board Relay	5: Run at zero speed (stop, no output)	1	1
	Output Options 2	6: Motor overload pre-warning		
	(T/A1-T/B1-T/C1)	7: Inverter overload pre-warning		
	RELAY 2	8: Set count value reach		
P5-04	DO1 Output Options	9: Designated count value reach	1	1
P5-05	Expansion Card DO2	10: Length Reach	1	4
	Output Options	11: PLC Cycle Finished		
		12: Accumulated Running Time Reach		
		13: Frequency limit		
		14: Torque limit		
		15: Running ready		
		16: AI1>AI2		
		17: Upper limit frequency reach		
		18: Lower limit frequency reach		
		(related to running)		
		19: Undervoltage status output		
		19: Undervoltage status output		

		20. 6		
		20: Communication setting		
		21: Not used		
		22: Not used		
		23: Run 2 at zero speed (output at stop)		
		24: Accumulated power-on time reach		
		25: Frequency level detection FDT2		
		output		
		26: Frequency reach 1 output		
		27: Frequency reach 2 output		
		28: Current reach 1 output		
		29: Current reach 2 output		
		30: Timed reach output		
		31: AI1 input exceeds upper and lower		
		limit		
		32: Offload		
		33: Reverse running		
		34: Zero current detection		
		35: Module temperature reach		
		36: Software overcurrent output		
		37: Lower limit frequency reach		
		(irrespective to running)		
		38: Fault output (continue to run)		
		39: Motor overtemperature pre-warning		
		40: Current running time reach		
		41: Fault output (no output upon		
		undervoltage)		
P5-06	FMP Output Options	0: Running frequency	1	0
P5-07	AO1 Output Options	1: Setting frequency	1	0
P5-08	Expansion Card AO2	2: Output current	1	1
	Output Options	3: Output torque		
		4: Output power		
		5: Output voltage		
		6: PULSE input (100.0% corresponds		
		to 100.0kHz)		
		7: AI1		
		8: AI2		
		9: AI3		
		10: Length		
		11: Count value		
		12: Communication setting		
		13: Motor rotation speed		
		14: Output current (100.0%		
		corresponds to 1000.0A)		
		15: Output voltage (100.0%		

		corresponds to 1000.0V)		
		16: Output torque		
P5-09	FMP Output Maximum	0.01kHz-100.00kHz	0.01kHz	50.00kHz
F3-09	Frequency	0.01kHz-100.00kHz	U.UIKIIZ	30.00KHZ
P5-10	AO1 Zero Offset Factor	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P5-11	AO1 Gain	-10.00-10.00	0.01	1.00
P5-12	AO2 Zero Offset Factor	-100.0%-100.0%	0.01	1.00
P5-13	AO2 Gain	-10.00-10.00	0.1	0.0
P5-17	FMR Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-18	RELAY 1 Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-19	RELAY 2 Output Delay	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Time			
P5-20	DO1 Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-21	DO2 Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-22	DO Output Terminal	0- positive logic; 1- negative logic	11111	00000
	Active Status Options	Ones place: FMR		
		Tens place: RELAY 1		
		Hundreds place: RELAY 2		
		Thousands place: DO1		
		Tens thousands place: DO2		
		P6 Group: Start/Stop Control		_
P6-00	Start Mode	0: Direct start	1	0
		1: Speed tracking start		
		2: Pre-excitation start of induction		
		motor		
		3: SVC quick start		
P6-01	Rotation Speed Tracking	0: Start from stopping frequency		0
	Mode	1: Start from industrial frequency		
		2: Start from maximum frequency		
P6-02	Rotation Speed Tracking	1-100	1	20
	Fast/Slow			
P6-03	Start Frequency	0.00Hz-10.00Hz	0.00	0.00
P6-04	Start Frequency Holding	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Time			
P6-05	Start DC	0%-100%	1%	0%
	Brake/Pre-excitation			
	Current			
P6-06	Start DC	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Brake/Pre-excitation Time			
P6-07	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: Linear acceleration/deceleration	1	0
	Mode	1: Static S curve deceleration		
		2: Dynamic S curve deceleration		
P6-08	S Curve Start Section	0.0%- (100.0%-P6-09)	0.1%	30.0%
	I	<u> </u>	i .	1

	Time Donnersian			
DC 00	Time Proportion	0.00/ (100.00/ BC 00)	0.10/	20.00/
P6-09	S Curve End Section	0.0%- (100.0%-P6-08)	0.1%	30.0%
	Time Proportion			
P6-10	Stop Mode	0: Ramp-to-stop 1: Coast-to-stop	1	0
P6-11	DC Brake Start Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	at Stop			
P6-12	DC Brake Waiting Time	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	at Stop			
P6-13	DC Brake Current at Stop	0%-100%	1%	0%
P6-14	DC Brake Time at Stop	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P6-15	Brake Duty Ratio	0%-100%	1%	100%
P6-18	Rotation Speed Tracking	30%-200%	Up to	
	Current		specific	
			model	
P6-21	Demagnetizing Time	0.00-5.00s	1.00s	
		P7 Group: Keypad & Display		
P7-01	APP Key Function	0: APP disabled	1	0
	Options	1: Switching of operation panel		
	•	command and remote command		
		(terminal command or serial port		
		communication command)		
		2: Switching of forward and reverse		
		running		
		3: Forward JOG		
		4: Reverse JOG		
P7-02	STOP/RESET Key	0: This key can only be valid under	1	1
	Function	keypad control mode.		
		1: This key is valid under all control		
		modes		
P7-03	LED Running Display	0000-FFFF	1111	1F
1, 03	Parameter 1	Bit00: Running frequency (Hz)	****	
	1 diameter 1	Bit01: Setting frequency (Hz)		
		Bit02: Bus voltage (V)		
		Bit03: Output voltage (V)		
		Bit04: Output current (A)		
		Bit05: Output power (kW)		
		Bit06: Output torque (%)		
		Bit07: DI input status		
		Bit08: DO output status		
		Bit09: AI1 voltage (V)		
		Bit10: AI2 voltage (V)		
		Bit11: AI3 voltage (V)		
		Bit12: Count value		
		Bit13: Length		

		Bit14: Load speed display		
		Bit15: PID setting		
P7-04	LED Running Display	0000-FFFF	1111	0
	Parameter 2	Bit00: PID feedback		
		Bit01: PLC stage		
		Bit02: PULSE input pulse frequency,		
		unit: kHz		
		Bit03: Running frequency (Hz)		
		Bit04: Remaining running time		
		Bit05: AI1 Voltage before calibration		
		Bit06: AI2 Voltage before calibration		
		Bit07: AI3 Voltage before calibration		
		Bit08: Linear speed		
		Bit09: Current power-on time		
		Bit10: Current running time		
		Bit11: PULSE input pulse frequency,		
		unit: 1Hz		
		Bit12: Communication setting		
		Bit13: Encoder feedback speed (Hz)		
		Bit14: Main frequency A display		
		Bit15: Auxiliary frequency B display		
P7-05	LED Stop Display	0000-FFFF	1111	33
	Parameter	Bit00: Setting frequency (Hz)		
		Bit01: Bus voltage (V)		
		Bit02: DI input status		
		Bit03: DO output status		
		Bit04: AI1 voltage (V)		
		Bit05: AI2 voltage (V)		
		Bit06: AI3 voltage (V)		
		Bit07: Count value		
		Bit08: Length		
		Bit09: PLC stage		
		Bit10: Load speed display		
		Bit11: PID setting		
		Bit12: PULSE input pulse frequency,		
		unit <i>kHz</i>		
P7-06	Load Speed Display	0.0001-6.5000	0.0001	1.0000
	Factor			
P7-07	Inverter Module Radiator	0.0°C-100°C	0.1°C	-
	Temperature			
P7-08	Not Used			-
P7-09	Accumulated Running	0h-65535h	1h	-
	Time			
P7-10	Not Used	-		-

P7-11	Software Version	-		-
P7-12	Decimal Places of Load	Ones place: Number of decimal places	H.111	1
	Speed Displayed	of d0-14		
		0: 0		
		1: 1		
		2: 2		
		3: 3		
		Tens place: d0-19/d0-29 number of		
		decimal places		
		1: 1		
		2: 2		
P7-13	Accumulated Power-on	0h-65535h	1h	-
	Time			
P7-14	Accumulated Energy	0-65535°	1°	-
	Consumption			
		P8 Group: Auxiliary Function		
P8-00	JOG Running Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	2.00Hz
P8-01	JOG Acceleration Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	20.0s
P8-02	JOG Deceleration Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	20.0s
P8-03	Acceleration Time 2	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-04	Deceleration Time 2	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-05	Acceleration Time 3	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-06	Deceleration Time 3	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-07	Acceleration Time 4	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-08	Deceleration Time 4	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific
				model
P8-09	Hopping Frequency 1	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-10	Hopping Frequency 2	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-11	Hopping Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.01Hz
	Amplitude			
P8-12	Forward/Reverse	0.0s-3000.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Deadband Time			
P8-13	Reverse Control	0: Reverse permitted 1: Reverse	1	0
		prohibited		
P8-14	Control Mode of Set	0: Run at lower limit frequency	1	0
	Frequency Lower Than	1: Stop		
	Lower Limit Frequency	2: Run at zero speed		
P8-15	Sagging Control	0.00Hz-10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-16	Set Accumulated	0h-65000h	1h	0h

	Power-On Time Reach			
P8-17	Set Accumulated Run Time Reach	0h-65000h	1h	Oh
P8-18	Enable Protection Options	0: Disabled 1:Enabled		
P8-19	Frequency Detection	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Value (<i>FDT1</i>)			
P8-20	Frequency Detection	0.0%-100.0% (FDT1 level)	0.1%	5.0%
	Hysteresis Value (FDT1)	,		
P8-21	Frequency Reach	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Detection Bandwidth			
P8-22	Enable Hopping	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		0
	Frequency during			
	Acceleration/Deceleration			
	Process			
P8-25	Switching Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Point of Acceleration			
	Time 1/2			
P8-26	Switching Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Point of Deceleration			
	Time 1/2			
P8-27	Terminal Jog Priority	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		0
P8-28	Frequency Detection	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Value (FDT2)			
P8-29	Frequency Detection	0.0%-100.0% (FDT2 level)	0.1%	5.0%
	Hysteresis Value (FDT2)			
P8-30	Any Reach Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Detection Value 1			
P8-31	Any Reach Frequency	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Detection Amplitude 1			
P8-32	Any Reach Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Detection Value 2			
P8-33	Any Reach Frequency	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Detection Amplitude 2			
P8-34	Zero Current Detection	0.0%-300.0%	0.1%	5.0%
	Level	100.0% corresponds to motor rated		
		current		
P8-35	Zero Current Detection	0.01s-600.00s	0.01s	0.10s
	Delay Time			
P8-36	Software Overcurrent	0.0% (no detection)	0.1%	200.0%
D0 6-	Point	0.1%-300.0% (Motor rated current)	0.01	
P8-37	Software Overcurrent	0.00s-600.00s	0.01s	0.00s
D0.22	Detection Delay Time	0.00/.000.00/.	0.151	100.00
P8-38	Any Reach Current 1	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	100.0%
P8-39	Any Reach Current 1	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	0.0%

	Width			
P8-40	Any Reach Current 2	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	100.0%
P8-41	Any Reach Current 2 Width	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	0.0%
P8-42	Timed Function Options	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
P8-43	Timed Running Time	0: P8-44 setting	1	0
	Options	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		Analog input range corresponds to		
		P8-44		
P8-44	Timed Running Time	0.0Min-6500.0Min	0.1Min	0.0Min
P8-45	AI1 Input Voltage	0.00V-P8-46	0.01V	3.10V
	Protection Value Lower			
	Limit			
P8-46	AI1 Input Voltage	P8-45 - 10.00V	0.01V	6.80V
	Protection Value Upper			
	Limit			
P8-47	Module Temperature	0°C-100°C	1°C	75°C
	Reach			
P8-48	Radiation Fan Control	0: Motor running radiation fan	1	0
		running		
		1: Radiation fan runs all the time after		
		being powered on		
P8-49	Awakening Frequency	Sleep frequency (P8-51) - maximum	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
D0. 50	A 1 ' D 1 T'	frequency (P0-10)	0.1	0.0
P8-50	Awakening Delay Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P8-51	Sleep Frequency	0.00Hz-awakening frequency (P8-49)	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-52	Sleep Delay Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P8-53	Set Current Running Reach Time	0.0Min-6500.0Min	0.1Min	0.0Min
P8-54	Output Power Calibration	0.00%-200.0%		100.0%
P8-34	Factor	0.00%-200.0%		100.0%
	Tactor	P9 Group: Fault and Protection		
P9-00	Motor Overload	0: Prohibited 1: Permitted		1
1700	Protection Options	7. I clinited		•
P9-01	Motor Overload	0.20-10.00	0.01	1.00
-, 01	Protection Gain		0.01	1.00
P9-02	Motor Overload	50%-100%	1%	80%
=	Pre-warning Factor			
P9-03	Overvoltage Stall Gain	0-100		30
P9-04	Overvoltage Stall	650-800V		760V
			1	1 1 1 1 1

gi ci -			0.1
			01
Power-on			
	•		
	0: Disabled		
	1: Enabled		
Braking Unit Action Start	700-800V		780V
Voltage			
Automatic Reset Times of	0-20	1	0
Fault			
Fault DO Action Options	0: Disabled		0
during Fault Automatic	1: Enabled		
Reset Period			
Fault Automatic Reset	0.1s-100.0s		1.0s
Interval			
Input Phase	Ones place: Input phase loss protection		11
Loss/Contactor On	options		
Protection Options	Tens place: Contactor on protection		
	options		
	0: Disabled		
	1: Enabled		
Output Phase Loss	Ones place: Output phase loss		1
Protection Options	protection options		
	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
	Tens place: Output phase loss		
	protection options before running		
	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
First Fault Type	No fault	-	-
Second Fault Type	Not used	-	-
Third Fault(Latest) Type	Acceleration overcurrent (OCA)	-	-
	Deceleration overcurrent (OCD)		
	Constant speed overcurrent (OCN)		
	Acceleration overvoltage (OUA)		
	Deceleration overvoltage (OUD)		
	Constant speed overvoltage (OUN)		
	Buffer resistance overload (UU)		
	Undervoltage (LU)		
	Inverter overload (OL2)		
	Motor overload (OL1)		
	Motor overload (OLI)		
	Input phase loss (PF)		
	Automatic Reset Times of Fault Fault DO Action Options during Fault Automatic Reset Period Fault Automatic Reset Interval Input Phase Loss/Contactor On Protection Options Output Phase Loss Protection Options First Fault Type	Protection Options upon Power-on Po	Protection Options upon Power-on Power-on O: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Short circuit to ground protection options upon power-on before operation 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Short circuit to ground protection options upon power-on before operation 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Braking Unit Action Start Voltage Automatic Reset Times of Fault DO Action Options Grault Automatic Reset I: Enabled Fault Automatic Reset I: Enabled Input Phase Loss/Contactor On Protection Options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Output Phase Loss Protection Options O: Disabled 1: Enabled Output Phase Loss Protection Options O: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Tens place: Output phase loss protection options before running 0: Disabled 1: Enabled First Fault Type No fault Not used Acceleration overcurrent (OCA) Deceleration overcurrent (OCN) Acceleration overcurrent (OCN) Acceleration overcurrent (OCN) Buffer resistance overload (UU) Undervoltage (UU) Undervoltage (UU)

		Module overheating (OH1)		
		External fault (EF)		
		Communication error (CE)		
		Contactor abnormality (RL)		
		Current detection abnormality (CC)		
		Motor tuning abnormality (ER)		
		Encoder/PG card abnormality (PG)		
		Parameter read-write abnormality (EP)		
		Inverter hardware abnormality (EH)		
		Motor short circuited to the ground		
		(GF)		
		Not used		
		Not used		
		Running time reach (OT1)		
		Not used		
		Not used		
		Power-on time reach (OT2)		
		Offload (LL)		
		PID feedback loss during running (PD)		
		Rapid current limit overtime (LC)		
		Switching motor during running (TRE)		
		Large speed offset (DEV)		
		Motor overspeed (OS)		
		Motor overtemperature (OH2)		
		Initial position error (1NE)		
		Slave motor failure under master and		
		slave control (MS)		
P9-17	Third Fault(Latest)	-	-	-
	Frequency			
P9-18	Third Fault(Latest)	-	-	-
	Current			
P9-19	Third Fault(Latest) Bus		-	-
	Voltage			
P9-20	Third Fault(Latest) Input		-	-
	Terminal Status			
P9-21	Third Fault(Latest) Output	-	-	_
	Terminal Status			
P9-22	Third (Latest)Fault		-	-
	Inverter Status			
P9-23	Third (Latest) Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated From Current			
	Power-on Time)			
P9-24	Third (Latest) Fault Time	-	-	_
	(Calculated From			
	(Carcarated 140III			

Running P9-27 Second Fault Frequency -	
P9-28 Second Fault Current - - -	
P9-29 Second Fault Bus Voltage - - -	
P9-30 Second Fault Input - - -	
Terminal Status P9-31 Second Fault Output - - -	
P9-31 Second Fault Output - - - Terminal Status P9-32 Second Fault Inverter - - Status P9-33 Second Fault Time - - - (Calculated from Current Power-on) P9-34 Second Fault Time - - - (Calculated from Current Running) P9-37 First Fault Frequency - - - P9-38 First Fault Current - - P9-39 First Fault Bus Voltage - - P9-40 First Fault Input Terminal Status - - P9-41 First Fault Output - - Terminal Status - - P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status - - P9-43 First Fault Time - - (Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - - Calculated from Current - Calculated from Current - Calculated from Current - Calculated from Current -	
Terminal Status P9-32 Second Fault Inverter - - -	
P9-32 Second Fault Inverter Status - <	
Status	
P9-33 Second Fault Time - - -	
(Calculated from Current Power-on) P9-34 Second Fault Time (Calculated from Current Running) P9-37 First Fault Frequency	
Power-on Po-34 Second Fault Time Calculated from Current Running Po-37 First Fault Frequency - - - - - - - - -	
P9-34 Second Fault Time (Calculated from Current Running) -	
(Calculated from Current Running) P9-37 First Fault Frequency	
Running) P9-37 First Fault Frequency P9-38 First Fault Current P9-39 First Fault Bus Voltage P9-40 First Fault Input Terminal Status P9-41 First Fault Output Terminal Status P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status P9-43 First Fault Time (Calculated from Current	
P9-37 First Fault Frequency	
P9-38 First Fault Current	
P9-39 First Fault Bus Voltage	
P9-40 First Fault Input Terminal Status P9-41 First Fault Output Terminal Status P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status	
Status P9-41 First Fault Output Terminal Status P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status P9-43 First Fault Time (Calculated from Current	
P9-41 First Fault Output Terminal Status P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status	
P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status P9-43 First Fault Time (Calculated from Current	
P9-42 First Fault Inverter Status P9-43 First Fault Time (Calculated from Current	
P9-43 First Fault Time (Calculated from Current	
(Calculated from Current	
Power-on)	
P9-44 First Fault Time	
(Calculated from Current	
Running)	
P9-47 Fault Protection Action Ones place: Motor overload (OL1) 11111 00000	
Options 1 0: Coast-to-stop	
1: Stop according to the stopping mode	
2: Continue to run	
Tens place: Not used	
Hundreds place: Not used	
Thousands place: External fault (EF)	
Ten thousands place: Communication	
error (CE)	
P9-48 Fault Protection Action Ones place: Encoder/PG card 11111 00000	
Options 2 abnormality (PG)	
0: Coast-to-stop	
Tens place: Function code read & write	
abnormality (EP)	

	1	<u> </u>	1	1
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		Hundreds place: Inverter overload fault		
		action options (OL2)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Derating		
		Thousands places: Motor overheat		
		(OH2)		
		Ten thousands place: Running time		
		reach (OT)		
P9-49	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Not used	11111	00000
	Options 3	0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Tens place: Not used		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Hundreds place: Power-on time reach		
		(UT)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Ten thousands place: Offload (LL)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Reduce to 7% of motor rated		
		frequency and then continue to run.		
		When there is no offload, automatically		
		restore to setting frequency for running		
		Ten thousands place: PID feedback loos		
		during running (PD)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
P9-50	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Large speed offset (DEV)	11111	00000
	Options 4	0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Tens place: Motor overspeed (OS)		
		Hundreds place: Initial position error		
P9-54	Continuous Running	0: Run at current running frequency	1	0
	Frequency Options at	1: Run at the set frequency		
	Fault	2: Run at the upper limit frequency		

		2. D		
		3: Run at the lower limit frequency		
		4: Run at the spare frequency under		
D0 77		abnormality	0.404	100.004
P9-55	Spare Frequency Setting	60.0%-100.0% (current targeted	0.1%	100.0%
	under Abnormality	frequency)		
P9-56	Motor Temperature	0: No temperature sensor	0	0
	Sensor Type	1: PT100		
		2: PT1000		
P9-57	Motor Overheating	0°C-200°C	1°C	110°C
	Protection Threshold			
P9-58	Motor Overheating	0°C-200°C	1°C	90°C
	Pre-warning Threshold			
P9-59	Instantaneous Stop	0: Disabled		0
	Non-stop Enable	1: Constant control of bus voltage		
		2: Ramp-to-stop		
P9-60	Instantaneous Stop	60%-100%		85%
	Non-stop Reset Voltage			
P9-61	Voltage Judgment Time	0.0-100.0s		0.5s
	under Non-stop Action			
	upon Instantaneous Power			
	Failure			
P9-62	Bus Voltage of Non-stop	60%-100%		80%
	Action upon			
	Instantaneous Power			
	Failure			
P9-63	Offload Protection	0: Disabled	1	0
	Options	1: Enabled		
P9-64	Offload Detection Level	0.0-100.0%	0.1%	10.0%
P9-65	Offload Detection Time	0.0-60.0s	0.1s	1.0s
P9-67	Overspeed Detection	0.0%-50.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	20.0%
	Value	1		
P9-68	Overspeed Detection	0.0s: No detection; 0.1-60.0s	0.1s	0.1s
	Time	,		
P9-69	Larger Speed Offset	0.0%-50.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	20.0%
	Detection Value	Total Communication of the Com		
P9-70	Larger Speed Offset	0.0s: No detection; 0.1-60.0s	0.1s	5.0s
	Detection Time	5.55.110 detection, 0.1 00.05	0.15	2.00
P9-71	Gain KP for Non-stop	0-100		40
1,7,11	upon Instantaneous Power			
	Failure			
P9-72	Instantaneous Non-stop	0-100		30
19-14	Integral Factor ki for	0-100		30
	Non-stop upon			
	Instantaneous Power			

	Failure						
P9-73	Non-stop Action	0-300.0s		20.0s			
	Deceleration Time upon						
	Instantaneous Power						
	Failure						
	Group 10: PID Function						
10-00	PID Setting Source	0: Function code 10-01 setting	1	0			
		1: AI1					
		2: AI2					
		3: AI3					
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)					
		5: Communication setting					
		6: Preset commands setting					
10-01	PID Value Setting	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	50.0%			
10-02	PID Feedback Source	0: AI1	1	0			
		1: AI2					
		2: AI3					
		3: AI1-AI2					
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)					
		5: Communication setting					
		6: AI1+AI2					
		7: MAX (AI1 , AI2)					
		8: MIN (AI1 , AI2)					
10-03	PID Action Direction	0: Positive		0			
		1: Negative					
10-04	PID Setting Feedback	0-65535	1	1000			
40.05	Range		0.4	20.0			
10-05	Proportional Gain P1	0.0-100.0	0.1	20.0			
10-06	Integral Time I1	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	2.00s			
10-07	Differential Time D1	0.000s-10.000s	0.001s	0.000s			
10-08	PID Reverse End	0.00-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	2.00Hz			
10.00	Frequency	0.004, 100.004	0.10/	0.004			
10-09	PID Offset Limit	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
10-10	PID Differential Limit	0.0%-100.0%	0.01%	0.10%			
10-11	PID Setting Change Time	0.00-650.00s	0.01s	0.00s			
10-12	PID Feedback Filter Time	0.00-60.00s	0.01s	0.00s			
10-13	PID Output Filter Time	0.00-60.00s	0.01s	0.00s			
10-15	Proportional Gain P2	0.0-100.0	0.1	20.0			
10-16	Integral Time I2	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	2.00s			
10-17	Differential Time D2	0.000s-10.000s	0.001s	0.000s			
10-18	PID Parameter Switching	0: No switching		0			
	Condition	1: DI terminal					
		2: Automatic switching by offset					
		3: Automatic switching by running					

		frequency		
10-19	PID Parameter Switching	0.0%-10-20	0.1%	20.0%
	Offset 1			
10-20	PID Parameter Switching	10-19-100.0%	0.1%	80.0%
	Offset 2			
10-21	PID Initial Value	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
10-22	PID Initial Value Holding	0.00-650.00s	0.01s	0.00s
	Time			
10-23	Forward Maximum Value	0.00%-100.00%	0.01%	1.00%
	of Twice Output Offset			
10-24	Reverse Maximum Value	0.00%-100.00%	0.01%	1.00%
	of Twice Output			
10-25	PID Integral Property	Ones place: Integral separation	11	00
		0-disabled; 1- enabled		
		Tens place: Whether to stop integral		
		when output reaches to limit		
		0-continue the integral; 1- stop integral		
10-26	PID Feedback Loss	0.0s-20.0s	0.1s	1.0s
	Detection Time			
10-27	PID Feedback Loss	0.0%: No judgement of feedback loss	0.1	20.0%
	Detection Value PID	0.1%-100.0%		
10-28	Arithmetic at Stop	0: Disabled	1%	0
		1: Enabled		
	11 Group	: Wobbulation, Fixed Length and Co	unt	
11-00	Wobbulation Setting	0: With respective to center frequency	1	0
	Mode	1: With respective to the maximum		
		frequency		
11-01	Wobbulation Amplitude	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
11-02	Hopping Frequency	0.0%-50.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	Amplitude			
11-03	Wobbulation Cycle	0.1s-3000.0s	0.1s	10.0s
11-04	Wobbulation Triangular	0.1%-100.0%	0.1%	50.0%
	Wave Rise Time			
11-05	Set Length	0m-65535m	0m	1000m
11-06	Actual Length	0m-65535m	0m	0m
11-07	Pulse Count Per Meter	0.1-6553.5	0.1	100.0
11-08	Set Count Value	1-65535	1	1000
11-09	Designated Count Value	1-65535	1	1000
		up: Preset Command and Simple PLO	I	
12-00	Preset Command 0	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
		(100.0% corresponds to the maximum		
		frequency P0-10)		
12-01	Preset Command 1	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%

		T		
12-02	Preset Command 2	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-03	Preset Command 3	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-04	Preset Command 4	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-05	Preset Command 5	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-06	Preset Command 6	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-07	Preset Command 7	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-08	Preset Command 8	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-09	Preset Command 9	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-10	Preset Command 10	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-11	Preset Command 11	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-12	Preset Command 12	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-13	Preset Command 13	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-14	Preset Command 14	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-15	Preset Command 15	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-16	Simple PLC Running	0: Stop after single running	1	0
	Mode	1: Holding last value at stop after single		
		running		
		2: Continuous cycle		
12-17	Simple PLC Power	Ones place: Power failure memory	11	00
	Failure Memory Options	0: Disabled		
		1: Enabled		
		Tens place: Stop memory		
		0: Disabled		
		1: Enabled		
12-18	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s (h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 0			
12-19	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 0			
12-20	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 1			
12-21	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 1			
12-22	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 2			
12-23	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 2			
12-24	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 3			
12-25	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
-				

	Preset Command 3			
12-26	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 4	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-27	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 4	0-3	1	0
12-28	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 5	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-29	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 5	0-3	1	0
12-30	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 6	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-31	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 6	0-3	1	0
12-32	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 7	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-33	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 7	0-3	1	0
12-34	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 8	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-35	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 8	0-3	1	0
12-36	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 9	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-37	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 9	0-3	1	0
12-38	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 10	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-39	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 10	0-3	1	0
12-40	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 11	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-41	Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options of PLC Preset Command 11	0-3	1	0
12-42	Running Time of PLC Preset Command 12	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-43	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0

	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 12			
12-44	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 13			0.05(11)
12-45	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 13			
12-46	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 14			. ,
12-47	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 14			
12-48	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 15			. ,
12-49	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 15			
12-50	Unit of PLC Running	0:s (second)	1	0
	Time	1: h (hour)		
12-51	Preset Command 0	0: Function code 12-00 setting	1	0
	Setting Mode	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE		
		5: PID		
		6: Preset frequency (P0-08) setting,		
		modified by UP/DOWN		
	13 (Group: Communication Parameter		
13-00	Communication Baud	Ones place: MODBUS		
	Rate	0: 300BPS		
		1: 600BPS		
		2: 1200BPS		
		3: 2400BPS		
		4: 4800BPS		
		5: 9600BPS		
		6: 19200BPS		
		7: 38400BPS		
		8: 57600BPS	1	50005
		9: 115200BPS		
		Tens place: Profibus-DP		
		0: 115200BPs		
		1: 208300BPs		
		2: 256000BPs		
		3: 512000BPs		

		Handards also N. (
		Hundreds place: Not used		
		Thousands place: CANLink baud rate		
		0: 20		
		1: 50		
		2: 100		
		3: 125		
		4: 250		
		5: 500		
		6: 1M		
13-01	Data Format	0: No parity (8-N-2)	1	0
		1: Even parity (8-E-1)		
		2: Odd parity (8-0-1)		
		3: Disabled (8-N-1)(MODBUS valid)		
13-02	Local Inverter Address	0: Broadcasting address	1	1
		1-247 (MODBUS, Profibus-DP,		
		CANLink valid)		
13-03	MODBUS Response	0-20ms		20ms
	Delay	(MODBUS valid)		
13-04	Communication Overtime	0.0: Disabled		0.0
		0.1-60.0s		
		(MODBUS, Profibus-DP and CANLink		
		valid)		
13-05	(MODBUS, Profibus-DP	Ones place: MODBUS		30
	Communication s Data	0: Non-standard MODBUS protocol		
	Format	1: Standard MODBUS protocol		
		Tens place: Profibus-DP		
		0: PP01		
		1: PP02		
		2: PP03		
		3: PP05		
13-06	Communication Read	0: 0.01A		0
	Current Resolution	1: 0.1A		
13-08	Expansion Card	0.0 disabled		0
	(PROFIBUS CANOPEN)	0.1s-60.0		
	Disconnection Detection			
	Time			
		16 Group: User Password		
16-00	User Password	0-65535	1	0
16-01	Parameter Initialization	0: No operation	1	0
		01: Reset the default, excluding motor		
		parameter		
		02: Clear record information		
	b0	Group: Torque Control Parameter		
b0-00	Speed/Torque Control	0: Speed control	1	0
L	1 * *	<u> </u>	l	I

	Mode Options	1: Torque control		
b0-01	Torque Setting Source Options under Torque Control Mode	0: Numeric setting 1(b0-03) 1: AI1 2: AI2	1	0
	Control Mode	3: AI3		
		4: PULSE		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
		(full range of options 1 to 7 correspond		
		to the numeric setting of b0-03)		
b0-03	Torque Numeric Setting	-200.0%-200.0%	0.1%	150.0%
	under Torque Control			
	Mode			
b0-05	Torque Control Forward Maximum Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
b0-06	Torque Control Reverse	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
00-00	Maximum Frequency	0.0011z-maximum nequency	0.01112	30.00112
b0-07	Torque Control	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	0.00s
	Acceleration Time			
b0-08	Torque Control	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	0.00s
	Deceleration Time			
		B2 Group: Control of Motor 2		
b2-00	Motor Type Options	0: Common induction motor		0
		1: Inverter induction motor		
b2-01	Motor Rated Power	0.1kW-1000.0kW		Up to specific model
b2-02	Motor Rated Voltage	1V-2000V		Up to specific model
b2-03	Motor Rated Current	0.01A-655.35A (inverter power≤55kW)		Up to specific
		0.1A-655.35A (inverter power>55kW)		model
b2-04	Motor Rated Frequency	0.01Hz-maximum frequency		Up to specific model
b2-05	Motor Rated Rotation Speed	1rpm-65535rpm		Up to specific model
b2-06	Stator Resistance of	0.001Ω -65.535 Ω (inverter		Up to specific
	Induction Motor	power≤55kW)		model
b2-07	Rotor Resistance of	0.001Ω -65.535 Ω (inverter		Up to specific
	Induction Motor	power≤55kW)		model
		0.0001Ω -6.5535 Ω (inverter power>		
		55kW)		
b2-08	Leakage Inductance of	0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter		Up to specific
	Induction Motor	power≤55kW)		model
		0.001mH-65.535mH (inverter power>		

		55kW)	
b2-09	Mutual Inductance of Induction Motor	0.1mH-6553.5mH(inverter power≤55kW) 0.01mH-655.35mH (inverter power > 55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-10	Idling Current of	0.01A-A2-03(inverter power≤55kW)	Up to specific
	Induction Motor	0.1A-A2-03(inverter power>55kW)	model
b2-27	Encoder Line Number	1-65535	1024
b2-28	Encoder Type	0: ABZ Incremental encoder	0
		2: Rotary transformer	
b2-29	Speed Feedback PG	0: Local PG	0
	Options	1: Expansion PG	
		2: Pulse input (DI5)	
b2-30	ABZ Incremental Encoder	0: Forward	0
	AB Phase Sequence	1: Reverse	
b2-31	Installation Angle of Encoder	0.0-359.9°	0.0°
b2-34	Rotary Transformer Pole-Pairs	1-65535	1
b2-36	Speed Feedback PG	0.0: No action	0.0
	Disconnection Detection	0.1s-10.0s	
	Time		
b2-37	Tuning Options	0: No tuning	0
		1: Tuning of stationary parameters of	
		induction motor	
		2: Dynamic full tuning of induction	
		motor	
		3: Stationary full tuning of induction	
		motor	
b2-38	Speed Loop Proportional Gain 1	1-100	30
b2-39	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	0.50s
02-37	1	0.015-10.005	0.508
b2-40	Switching Frequency 1	0.00-b2-43	5.00Hz
b2-40	Speed Loop Proportional	1-100	20
	Gain 2		
b2-42	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	1.00s
· -	2		
b2-43	Switching Frequency 2	b2-40- maximum frequency	10.00Hz
b2-44	Vector Control Slip Gain	50%-200%	100%
b2-45	SVC Torque Filter	0.000s-0.100s	0.000s
	Constant		
b2-47	Upper Limit Source of	0: b2-48	0
	Speed Control Torque	1: AI1	

	Ī			
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
		(full range of options 1 to 7 correspond		
		to the numeric setting of b2-48)		
b2-48	Numeric Setting of	0.0%-200.0%		150.0%
	Torque Upper Limit under			
	Speed Control Mode			
b2-49	Torque Upper Limit	0: Function code P2-10 setting		
	Command Options under	1: AI1		
	Speed Control (Electricity	2: AI2		
	Generation)	3: AI3		
	,	4: PULSE setting		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
		8: Set by function code P2-12		
		(full range of options 1 to 7 correspond		
		to the numeric setting of P2-12)		
b2-50	Numeric Setting of	0.0%-200.0%	150.0%	
02-30		0.0%-200.0%	130.0%	
	Torque Upper Limit under Speed Control Mode			
	_			
b2-51	(Electricity Generation) Excitation Adjustment	0.20000		2000
02-51	,	0-20000		2000
12.52	Proportional Gain	0.20000		1200
b2-52	Excitation Adjustment	0-20000		1300
10.70	Integral Gain	2.2222		•
b2-53	Torque Adjustment	0-20000		2000
	Proportional Gain			
b2-54	Torque Adjustment	0-20000		1300
	Integral Gain			
b2-55	Speed Loop Integral	Ones place: Integral separation		0
	Property	0: Disabled		
b2-59	Maximum Torque Factor	50%-200%	100%	
	of Field Weakening			
	Region			
b2-60	Enable Electricity	0: Disabled		
	Generation Power Limit	1: Enabled		
b2-61	Electricity Generation	0.00-200%		
1	Dayyan I Imman I imit			
	Power Upper Limit			
b2-62	Control Mode of Motor 2	0: Sensorless vector control (SVC)		0

		1: Feedback vector control (FVC)	
		2: V/F control	
12.62	A 1 /D 1	2, 1,1 2,333,33	0
b2-63	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: Same with motor 1	0
	Time Options of Motor 2	2: Acceleration/deceleration time 2	
		3: Acceleration/deceleration time 3	
		4: Acceleration/deceleration time 4	
b2-64	Torque Boost of Motor 2	0.0%: Automatic torque boost	Up to specific
		0.1%-30.0%	model
b2-66	Oscillation Suppression	0-100	40
	Gain of Motor 2		
	b5	Group: Optimized Parameter for Control	
b5-00	DPWM Switching Upper	5.00Hz-maximum frequency	8.00Hz
	Limit Frequency		
b5-01	PWM Modulation Mode	0: Asynchronous modulation	0
		1: Synchronous modulation	
b5-02	Deadband Compensation	0: No compensation	1
	Mode Options	1: Compensation mode 1	
b5-03	Random PWM Depth	0: Random PWM disabled	0
03-03	Kandom i wwi Depui	1-10: PWM carrier frequency random	O .
b5-04	Enable Rapid Current	depth 0: Disabled	1
03-04	•		1
15.05	Limit	1: Enabled	1050/
b5-05	Maximum Output Voltage	100-110%	105%
	Factor		
b5-06	Undervoltage Point	210-420V	350V
	Setting		
b5-08	Deadband Time	100%-200%	150%
	Adjustment		
b5-09	Overvoltage Point Setting	200.0V-2500.0V	Up to specific
			model
	b8	Group: Point-to-Point Communication	
b8-00	Point-to-Point	0: Disabled	0
	Communication Function	1: Enabled	
	Options		
b8-01	Master-Slave Options	0: Master	0
		1: Slave	
b8-02	Slave Command	Ones place: Slave command following	011
	Following Master-Slave	0: Slave doesn't follow the master	
	Information Interaction	running command	
		1: Slave follows the master	
		running command	
		Tens place: Slave fault information	
		transmission	
		0: No transmission of slave fault	
		0. No transmission of stave fault	

		information	
		1: Transmission of slave fault	
		information	
		Hundreds place: Master displays slave	
		offline	
		0: Master doesn't report fault at	
		slave offline	
		1: Master reports fault at slave	
		offline	
b8-03	Slave Receiving Data	0: Torque setting	0
	Action Options	1: Frequency setting	
b8-04	Received Data Zero	-100.00%-100.00%	0.00%
	Offset (Torque)		
b8-05	Received Data Gain	-10.00%-100.00%	1.00
	(Torque)		
b8-06	Point-to-Point	0.0-10.0s	1.0s
	Communication		
	Disconnection Detection		
	Time		
b8-07	Point-to-Point	0.001-10.000s	0.001s
	Communication Master		
	Data Sending Period		
b8-08	Received Data Zero	-100.00%-100.00%	0.00%
	Offset (Frequency)		
b8-09	Received Data Gain	-10.00-100.00	1.0%
	(Frequency)		
b8-10	Anti-slip Factor	0.00%-100.00%	10.00%

U Group: Summary Table of Monitoring Parameters						
Function Code	Name	Minimum Unit	Communication Address			
	D0 Group: Basic Monitoring Parameters					
D0-00	Running Frequency (Hz)	0.01Hz	7000Н			
D0-01	Setting Frequency (Hz)	0.01Hz	7001H			
D0-02	Bus Voltage (V)	0.1V	7002H			
D0-03	Output Voltage (V)	1V	7003H			
D0-04	Output Current (A)	0.01A	7004Н			
D0-05	Output Power (kW)	0.1kW	7005H			
D0-06	Output Torque (%)	0.1%	7006Н			
D0-07	DI Input Status	1	7007H			
D0-08	DO Output Status	1	7008H			
D0-09	AI1 Voltage (V)	0.01V	7009Н			
D0-10	AI2 Voltage (V)/Current (mA)	0.01V/0.01mA	700AH			
D0-11	AI3 Voltage (V)	0.01V	700BH			

D0-12	Count Value	1	700CH
D0-13	Length	1	700DH
D0-14	Load Speed Display	1	700EH
D0-15	PID Setting	1	700FH
D0-16	PID Feedback	1	7010H
D0-17	PLC Stage	1	7011H
D0-18	PULSE Input Pulse Frequency	0.01kHz	7012H
	(Hz)		
D0-19	Feedback Speed (Hz)	0.01Hz	7013H
D0-20	Remaining Running Time	0.1Min	7014H
D0-21	AI1 Voltage Before Calibration	0.001V	7015H
D0-22	AI2 Voltage/Current (mA)	0.001V/0.01mA	7016H
	Before Calibration		
D0-23	AI3 Voltage Before Calibration	0.001V	7017H
D0-24	Linear Speed	1m/Min	7018H
D0-25	Current Power-on Time	1Min	7019H
D0-26	Current Running Time	0.1Min	701AH
D0-27	PULSE Input Pulse Frequency	1Hz	701BH
D0-28	Communication Setting	0.01%	701CH
D0-29	Encoder Feedback Speed	0.01Hz	701DH
D0-30	Main Frequency X Display	0.01Hz	701EH
D0-31	Auxiliary Frequency Y Display	0.01Hz	701FH
D0-32	View Any Memory Address	1	7020H
D0-34	Motor Temperature	1℃	7022H
D0-35	Target Torque (%)	0.1%	7023Н
D0-36	Rotary Transformer Position	1	7024H
D0-37	Power Factor Angle	0.1°	7025H
D0-38	ABZ Position	1	7026Н
D0-39	VF Separation Target Voltage	1V	7027H
D0-40	VF Separation Output Voltage	1V	7028H
D0-41	DI Input Status Visual Display	1	7029Н
D0-42	DO Input Status Visual Display	1	702AH
D0-43	DI Function Status Visual	1	702BH
	Display 1(Function 01-Function		
	40)		
D0-44	DI Function Status Visual	1	702CH
	Display 2(Function 41-Function		
	80)		
D0-45	Fault Information	1	702DH
D0-58	Z Signal Counter	1	703AH
D0-59	Setting Frequency (%)	0.01%	703BH
D0-60	Running Frequency (%)	0.01%	703CH
D0-61	Inverter Status	1	703DH

D0-62	Current Fault Code	1	703EH
D0-63	Sending Data for Point-to-Point	0.01%	703FH
	Master Communication		
D0-64	Number of Slave	0.01%	7040H
D0-65	Torque Upper Limit	0.1%	7041H
D0-66	Model of Communication	100: CANopen	7042H
	Expansion Card	200: Profibus-DP	
		300: CANLink	
D0-67	Communication Expansion	Display range	-
	Card Version		
D0-68	Dp Card Inverter Status	bit0-running status	7043H
		bit1-running direction	
		bit2-inveter fault or not	
		bit3-target frequency	
		reach	
		bit4- bit7- Not used	
		bit8-bit15- fault code	
D0-69	DP Card Transmission Speed /	0.00- maximum	7044H
	0.01Hz	frequency	
D0-70	Rotation Speed for DP Card	0-motor rated rotation	7045H
	Transmission/RMP	speed	
D0-71	Special Current Display for	Display range	-
	Communication Card		
D0-72	Communication Card Error	Display range	-
	Status		
D0-73	Motor Serial Number	0: Motor 1	7046H
		1: Motor 2	
D0-74	Motor Actual Output Torque	-100-100%	7047H

Chapter 6 Description of Function Parameters

P0 Group: Basic Function				
Function Code	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Unit	Default
P0-00	Model Display	1: Constant torque load	1	1
P0-01	Control Mode	0: Sensorless vector control (SVC)	1	0
	Options	1: Feedback Vector control (FVC)		
		2: V/F control		

0: Sensorless vector control (SVC

One inverter could only drive one motor. Inverters under the sensorless vector control are

usually applied to high-performance control occasions and can calculate the motor rotation speed and complete compensation slip through motor model and thus realize large torque at low frequency and high dynamic response. It can realize direct control on output torque, such as machine tool, wire-drawing machine, unwinding and rewinding and others.

1: Feedback vector control

It refers to closed-loop vector control. In addition to installing an encoder for motor, EM600 inverter under FVC control mode must select a PG card matched with the encoder. It is suitable for high-accuracy speed control or torque control. An inverter can drive one motor only, for example high-speed paper making machine, hoisting machine, elevator and other loads.

2: V/F control

The inverter can be applied to occasions without higher requirements on dynamic response, such as the belt machine, textile machinery and translation equipment with rapid start/stop. It can serve constant torque or variable torque load. Single inverter is able to serve multiple motors, high-speed motor and other special motors.

P0-02	Start/Stop	Command	0: Operation panel command channel (LED off)	1	0
	Options		1: Terminal command channel (LED on)		
			2: Serial port communication command channel		
			(LED flashing)		

Select the running command source of the inverter:

Inverter running commands include: Start, stop, forward, reverse, JOG and fault reset commands.

0: Keypad command channel:

Start, stop, fault reset and other commands of the inverter can be realized through *RUN*, *STOP/RESET* key on the keypad.

1: Terminal command channel:

Multi-function input terminals control the forward, reverse, forward JOG, reverse JOG and other commands.

2: Communication command channel:

Running commands are set through the PC by means of communication.

P0-03	Main Frequency	0: Numeric setting (Presetting 1 10
	Command Source A	frequency P0-08, modified through
		UP/DOWN, power failure memory
		disabled)
		1: Numeric setting(Presetting frequency
		P0-08, modified through UP/DOWN,
		power failure memory)
		2: AI1
		3: AI2
		4: AI3
		5: PULSE setting (DI5)
		6: Preset command

ON	MA	A1000 Series

		7:Simple PLC		
		8: PID		
		9: Communication setting 10:		
		Potentiometer		
P0-04	Auxiliary Frequency	Same with P0-03 (main frequency	1	0
	Command Source B	command source A)		

Respectively select the source of A and B group of frequency command:

0: Set by function code P0-08:

User can directly set the target frequency by setting function code P0-08. Fine adjustment of frequency command can be realized through *UP/DOWN* action. Power failure memory is disabled.

1: Set by function code P0-08:

User can directly set the target frequency by setting function code P0-08. Fine adjustment of frequency command can be realized through *UP/DOWN* action. Power failure memory is disabled.

2: AI1 setting, 3: AI2 setting 4: AI3 setting:

Setting the frequency command through analogy. AI1 and AI3 support voltage input; AI2 supports voltage or current input; the relation between AI2 input voltage (current) and setting frequency can be set flexibly. Refer to function code P4-13 -P4-22.

5: PULSE-IN Pulse setting:

Set the target frequency through DI5 terminal input pulse frequency. Support 0.00kHz-100.00kHz pulse input. Refer to function codes P4-28-P4-31 for details.

6: Preset speed command:

Through four numeric DI inputs (P4-00-P4-04), any one of 16 frequency commands can be selected as the target frequency. Refer to function code group 12.

7: Simple PLC setting:

Through simple PLC, the target frequency can be switched between 1 to 16 any frequency. Respective running time and acceleration/deceleration time of 1 to 16 frequency commands can be set separately. Refer to function code group 12.

8: PID control setting:

Select the process PID control as frequency source. It is generally applied to process closed-loop control, such as closed-loop of pressure and temperature. Refer to function code group 10.

9: Communication setting:

Frequency command is directly set by PC through communication setting. Refer to function code group 13 for details.

10: Keypad potentiometer setting:

User can change the setting frequency through the potentiometer knob on the rotary panel, thus realizing the adjustment from 0.00Hz to the maximum output frequency P0-10.



Warning

· A and B channel can't choose the same frequency command source.

P0-05	Superposing Auxiliary Frequency Command Source B Range Options	With respect to maximum frequency With respect to main frequency command source A	1	0
P0-06	Superposing Auxiliary Frequency Command Source B Range	0%-150%	1%	100%
P0-07	Frequency Source Superposing Options	Ones place: Frequency source options 0: Main frequency source A 1: Main and auxiliary arithmetic results (arithmetic relation is determined by tens place) 2: Switching between main frequency source A and auxiliary frequency source B 3: Switching between main frequency source A and main & auxiliary arithmetic results 4: Switching between auxiliary frequency source B and main & auxiliary arithmetic results Tens place: main & auxiliary arithmetic relation of frequency source 0: Main frequency source A + auxiliary frequency source B 1: Main frequency source A - auxiliary frequency source B 2: The bigger of main frequency source B 3: The smaller of main frequency source B 3: The smaller of main frequency source B	11	00
P0-08	Main Frequency Setting of Digital Manipulator	0.00Hz- maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
P0-09	Running Direction	0: Same 1: Reverse	1	0
P0-10	Maximum Frequency	50.00Hz-500.0Hz	0.01Hz	50.00Hz

The maximum frequency is taken as a reference for relative quantity of all frequency, such as pulse input, analog terminal and preset speed. Their percentages respectively correspond to the maximum output frequency. For example, the analog input 10V is converted into 100% and correspond to (100%×P0-10)Hz.

When P0-22 is selected as 2, the frequency resolution is 0.01Hz. At this time, the setting range of P0-10 is 50.00Hz-500.00Hz;

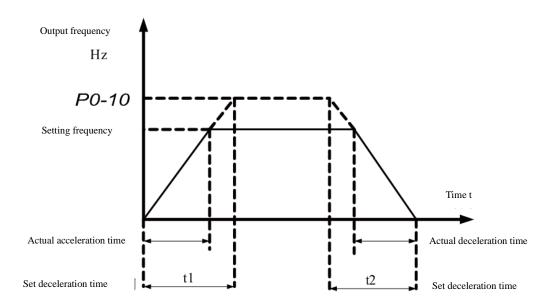
Notes: The output frequency of all operations won't exceed the maximum output frequency.

P0-11	Upper Limit Frequency	0: P0-12 setting	1	0
	Source Options	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting		
		5: Communication setting		
P0-12	Upper Limit Frequency	Lower limit frequency P0-14 - maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
P0-13	Upper Limit Frequency Offset	0.00Hz- maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P0-14	Lower Limit Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency P0-12	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P0-15	Carrier Frequency	0.5kHz-16.0kHz	0.01kHz	Up to specific model
P0-16	Carrier Frequency	0: Disabled	1	1
	Adjustment Along with	1: Enabled		
	Temperature			
P0-17	Acceleration Time 1	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	Up to specific model
P0-18	Deceleration Time 1	0.00s-65000s	0.01s	Up to specific model

Acceleration/deceleration time refers to the time required for the frequency going from 0.00Hz to the maximum frequency, which is used to set the slope for frequency change. A1000 provides 4 groups of acceleration/deceleration times that are selected through the numeric input terminal(see P4 group of parameters):

Selected Terminal 2	Selected Terminal 1	Selected Acceleration/Deceleration Time Group
Disabled	Disabled	Acceleration/deceleration time 1
Disabled	Enabled	Acceleration/deceleration time 2
Enabled	Disabled	Acceleration/deceleration time 3
Enabled	Enabled	Acceleration/deceleration time 4

If no acceleration/deceleration time option function is enabled, the terminal is invalid. Acceleration/deceleration time corresponds to the first group.



Acceleration/Deceleration Time Schematic Diagram

			l	
P0-19	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: 1s	1	1
	Time Unit	1: 0.1s		
		2: 0.01s		
P0-20	Not Used	-	-	-
P0-21	Auxiliary Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency P0-10	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	Source Offset Frequency			
	at Superposition			
P0-22	Decimal Point of	2: 0.01Hz	1	2
	Frequency Command	When changing the decimal points, pay		
		attention to changing the maximum		
		frequency, upper limit frequency and		
		others.		
P0-23	Stop Memory Options of	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
	Numeric Setting			
	Frequency			
P0-24	Motor Options	0: Motor 1		
		1: Motor 2		
P0-25	Reference Frequency of	0: Maximum frequency (P0-10)	1	0
	Acceleration/Deceleration	1: Setting frequency		
	Time	2: 100H		
P0-26	UP/DOWN Reference of	0: Running frequency 1: Setting		
	Frequency Command	frequency		
	during Running			
P0-27	Binding Frequency	Ones place: Binding frequency source	1	000
	Source to Command	options of operation panel command		
	Source	0: Disabled		
		1: Numeric setting frequency source		

		0.174		
		2: AI1		
		3: AI2		
		4: AI3		
		5: PULSE pulse setting (DI5)		
		6: Preset command		
		7: Simple PLC		
		8: PID		
		9: Communication setting		
		Tens place: Binding frequency source		
		options of terminal commands (0-9,		
		same to ones place)		
		Hundreds place: Binding frequency		
		source options of communication		
		commands (0-9, same to ones place)		
P0-28	Serial Port	0: Modbus	1	0
	Communication Protocol	1: Profibus-DP bridge or CANopen		
	Options	protocol		

These function codes define the binding combination of three kinds of running command channels and nine kinds of frequency setting channels, making it convenient to realize synchronous switching.

The definition of above frequency setting channel is same to P0-03 "main frequency source A options". Please refer to the description of function code P0-03.

Different running command channels can be bound to same frequency setting channel.

When the command source has been bound to the frequency source and during the active period of such command source, the set frequency source of P0-03 to P0-07 don't work.

	P1 Motor Parameter					
		P0 Group: Basic Parameter				
P1-00	Motor Type Options	0: Common induction motor	1	0		
		1: Inverter induction motor				
P1-01	Motor Rated Power	0.1kW-1000.0kW	0.1kW	Up to specific		
				model		
P1-02	Motor Rated Voltage	0V-2000V	1V	Up to specific		
				model		
P1-03	Motor Rated Current	0.01A-655.35A (inverter power <	0.01A	Up to specific		
		=55kW)		model		
		0.1A-6553.5A (inverter power>55kW)				
P1-04	Motor Rated Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	Up to specific		
				model		
P1-05	Motor Rated Rotation	0rpm-65535rpm	1rpm	Up to specific		
	Speed			model		

Function codes mentioned above are nameplate parameters of motor. It is required to set the parameters above as per motor nameplate, regardless of the control mode, VF control mode or

vector control mode.

To acquire better VF or vector control performance, it is required to carry out motor parameter tuning and the correctness of tuning result is closely related to correct setting of motor nameplate parameters.

P1-06	Stator	Resistance	of	0.001-65.535(inverter power <= 55kW)	0.001	Up to	specific
	Induction	n Motor		0.0001-6.5535(inverter power >		model	
				=55kW)			
P1-07	Rotor	Resistance	of	0.001-65.535(inverter power <= 55kW)	0.001	Up to	specific
	Induction	n Motor		0.0001-6.5535(inverter power >		model	
				=55kW)			
P1-08	Leakage	Inductance	of	0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter power <	0.01mH	Up to	specific
	Induction	n Motor		=55kW)		model	
				0.01mH-65.535mH(inverter power >			
				55kW)			
P1-09	Mutual	Inductance	of	0.1mH-6553.5mH(inverter power <	0.1mH	Up to	specific
	Induction	n Motor		=55kW)		model	
				0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter power >			
				55kW)			
P1-10	Idling	Current	of	0.01A-P1-03 (inverter power <= 55kW)	0.01	Up to	specific
	Induction	n Motor		0.1A-P1-03(inverter power>55kW)		model	

P1-06 - P1-10 are parameters of induction motor. However, user could not get these parameters through the motor nameplate generally. Please autotune motor parameters through the inverter. "Stationary tuning of induction motor" can only acquire three parameters P1-06 to P1-08 while "full tuning of induction motor" can get encoder phase sequence, current loop PI and otehr parameters in addition to above five parameters.

After motor rated power (P1-01) or motor rated voltage (P1-02) is modified, the inverter will modify the parameters of P1-06 to P1-10 automatically and restore such five parameters to the command standard Y-series motor parameters.

P1-16 to F1-20 are parameters of synchronous motor. Some synchronous motor nameplates may provide partial parameters but most nameplates won't provide above parameters, which shall be acquired by inverter autotuning. Moreover, idling tuning of synchronous motor must be selected because P1-16, F1-17, F1-18 and F1-20 can be acquired through such tuning while "on-load tuning of synchronous motor" can only get the encoder phase sequence of synchronous motor, installation angle, etc.

When motor rated power (P1-01) or motor rated voltage (P1-02) is modified, the inverter will automatically modify P1-16 to P1-12. Please pay attention.

With regards to above parameters of synchronous motor, users can directly set corresponding function codes according to the data provided by the manufacturer.

P1-27	Encoder Line Number	1-65535		1024
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P1-28	Encoder Type	0: ABZ Incremental encoder	
		1: Rotary transformer	

A1000 inverter supports multiple types of encoders. Different encoders should be equipped with different PG cards, so please select a correct PG card. However, induction motor generally selects ABZ incremental encoder and rotary transformer.

After installation of PG card, set P1-28 correctly according to specific conditions, otherwise the inverter may run abnormally.

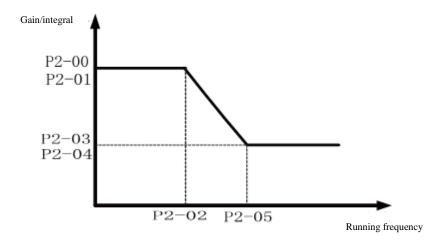
P1-30	ABZ Incremental Encoder	0: Forward	0
	Ab Phase Sequence	1: Reverse	

This function code only works for ABZ incremental encoder, that is to say it is only enabled when P1-28=0. It is used to set AB signal phase sequence of ABZ incremental encoder.

P1-34	Rotary Transformer	1-65535	1
	Pole-Pairs		
P1-36	Speed Feedback	0.0s: Disabled	0.0s
	Disconnection Detection	0.1s-10.0s	
	Time		
P1-37	Autotuning Options	0: No autotuning	0
		1: Stationary tuning of induction motor	
		2: Full tuning of induction motor	
		3: Stationary tuning 2 of induction	
		motor	

	P2 Group: Motor Vector Control Parameters				
P2-00	Speed Loop Proportional	1-100	1	30	
	Gain 1				
P2-01	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	0.50s	
	1				
P2-02	Switching Frequency 1	0.00-P2-05	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	
P2-03	Speed Loop Proportional	1-100	1	20	
	Gain 2				
P2-04	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	
	2				
P2-05	Switching Frequency 2	P2-02-Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	10.00Hz	

The above parameters are used to set vector control speed loop PI parameters. Two groups of parameters can be set, which are respectively applied to low-frequency and high-frequency running. Two groups of parameters can be switched smoothly according to switching frequency 1 and switching frequency 2, as shown below:



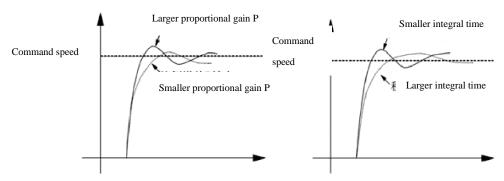
Speed Loop Parameter Switching Schematic Diagram

Speed loop proportional gain (P2-00, P2-03):

Please adjust this parameter according to the load inertia of motor. When there is larger load inertia, increase the proportional gain; while for lower load inertia, reduce the proportional gain appropriately. Although larger speed loop proportional gain can quicken the response speed, excessive value may result in oscillation of motor rotation speed and over regulation; on the contrary, insufficient proportional gain may result in slow control response and long time to adjust the speed to a stable value, as shown in the figure below.

Speed loop integral time (P2-01, P2-04):

Like the proportional gain, shorter speed loop integral time may quicken the response speed but may result in oscillation and unsteadiness. When the integral time is excessive, the system has a slow response characteristics and it requires a long time to eliminate the speed Offset. Therefore, it is required to adjust this parameter according to the load condition. See the figure below:



Schematic Diagram of Speed Loop PI Parameter

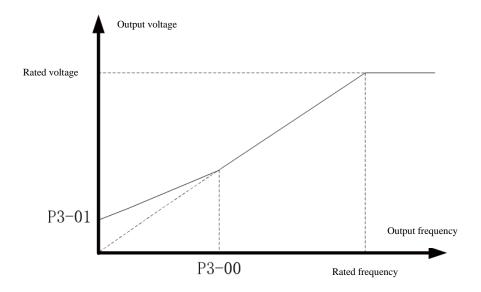
P2-06	Filter Time Constant of	0.000s-0.100s	0.001	0.000s
	Speed Loop			
P2-07	Vector Control Slip	50%-200%	1%	100%
	Compensation			
P2-08	Over-excitation Gain of	0-200	1	64
	Vector Control			

			ı	
P2-09	Upper Limit of Speed	0: Function code P2-10 setting	1	0
	Control (Drive) Torque	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
		Full ranges of options 1 to 7 correspond		
		to P2-10		
P2-10	Upper Limit Numeric	0.0%-200.0%	0.1%	150.0%
	Setting of Speed Control			
	Torque			
P2-11	Torque Upper Limit	0: Set by function code P2-12 (no	1	0
	Command Options	difference between electrically driven		
	(Electricity Generation)	and Electricity Generation)		
	under Speed Control	1: AI1		
	Mode	2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
		8: Function code P2-12 setting		
		Full ranges of options 1 to 7 correspond		
		to P2-10		
P2-12	Numeric Setting	0.0%-200%	0.1%	150.0%
	(Electricity Generation) of			
	Torque Upper Limit under			
	Speed Control Mode			
P2-13	Excitation Adjustment	0-60000	1	2000
	Proportional Gain			
P2-14	Excitation Adjustment	0-60000	1	1300
	Integral Gain			
P2-15	Torque Adjustment	0-60000	1	2000
	Proportional Gain			
P2-16	Torque Adjustment	0-60000	1	1300
	Integral Gain			
P2-17	Speed Loop Integral	Ones place: Integral separation; 0:	1	0
	Property	disabled; 1: enabled		
P2-21	Maximum Torque Factor	50-200%		100%
	of Field Weakening Zone			
P2-22	Electricity Generation	0: Disabled		0
	Function Limit Enable	1: Enabled		
·	•			•

P2-23	Electricity Generation	0.0-200.0%	Up to specific
	Power Upper Limit		model

	P3 Group: V/F Control Parameters						
P3-00	V/F Curve Setting	0: Straight V/F curve	1	0			
		1: Multi-point V/F curve					
		2: Square V/F curve					
		3: 1.2 th V/F curve					
		4: 1.4 th V/F curve					
		6: 1.6 th V/F curve					
		8: 1.8 th V/F curve					
		9: Not used					
		10: VF Complete split mode					
		11: VF half-split mode					
P3-01	Torque Boost	0.0%: (automatic torque boost)	0.1%	Up to specific			
		0.1%-30.0%		model			

When the inverter runs under V/F control mode, to make up the voltage loss of motor stator resistance, it is required to compensate a certain voltage value manually by setting the function code P3-01, as shown in the figure below. Compensation value 100.0% is equivalent to the motor rated voltage, which shall not exceed 10.0%. The larger the load is, the larger required boost value is. However, excessive value may result in overcurrent, thus burning the motor.



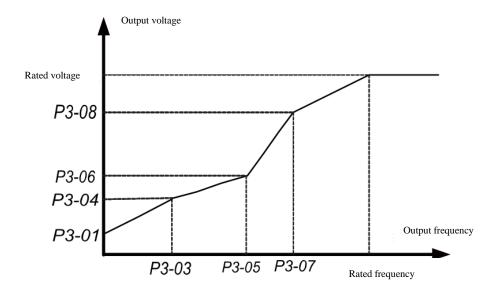
Torque Boost Schematic Diagram

P3-02	Torque Boost End Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01	50Hz
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When this parameter is set as 1, the frequency and voltage of each section are set by above function codes. See the following figure for details.

The first point is 0.00Hz and the output voltage corresponds to the manual torque boost

(P3-01) voltage. The five point is the rated frequency and output voltage is the rated voltage. Other voltage is formed by 5-point linear interpolation. Multiple-section V/F is applied to occasion that users have special requirements on the output voltage and to solving resonant oscillation appeared on some frequency points.



Multipoint V/F Schematic Diagram

P3-03	Multipoint VF frequency point 1	0.00Hz-P3-05	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P3-04	Multipoint VF voltage point 1	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P3-05	Multipoint VF frequency point 2	P3-03-P3-07	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P3-06	Multipoint VF voltage point 2	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P3-07	Multipoint VF frequency point 3	P3-03 -motor rated	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
		frequency (P1-04)		
P3-08	Multipoint VF voltage point 3	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P3-10	VF Overexcitation gain	0-200	1	64

During deceleration of inverter, overexcitation control can suppress the rise of bus voltage to avoid overvoltage fault. The bigger the overexcitation gain is, the better the inhibitory effect is.

For occasions where overvoltage alarm is easy to produce during inverter deceleration, it is required to improve the overexcitation gain. But excessive overexcitation may result in large output current. Please note this during application.

For occasions with smaller inertia, there would be no voltage rise during deceleration, so it is recommended to set the overexcitation gain as 0; this is also applied to occasions with braking resistance.

P3-11	Oscillation Suppression Gain	0-100	1	Up to specific model
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Set this value as smaller as possible on the condition that oscillation can be suppressed effectively to avoid causing adverse effects on VF running. Please set this gain as 0 if there is no motor oscillation. It is required to increase this gain appropriately only when there exists obvious motor oscillation. The higher the gain is, the better the oscillation suppression effect will be.

When oscillation suppression function is enabled, it is required to set motor rated current and idling current correctly. Otherwise, VF oscillation suppression effect will be poor.

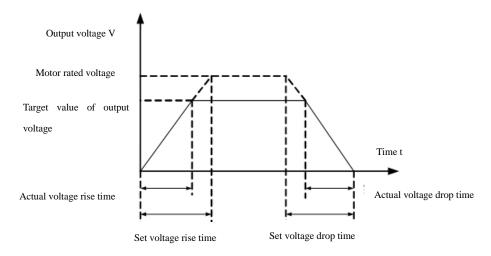
		0: Numeric setting (P3-14)		
		1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)		
		5: Preset speed command		
P3-13	VF Separation Voltage	6: Simple PLC	1	0
		7: PID		
		8: Communication setting		
		100.0% corresponds to motor rated		
		voltage (P1-02)		
P3-14	Numeric Setting of VF	0V- Motor rated voltage		0
	Separation Voltage			

VF separation mode is generally used for occasions such as induction heating, inversion power supply and torque motor control.

After having selected the VF separation control, the output voltage can be set by either P3-14, or analog quantity, preset command, PLC, PID or communication setting. When they are used for nonnumeric setting, 100% corresponds to motor rated voltage; when the percentages of the set values of the analog quantity is a negative number, then the absolute value of the set value will be recognized as a valid value effectively.

P3-15 Voltage Rise Time of VF Separation 0.0s-1000.0s 0	P3-15	Voltage Rise Time of VF Separation	0.0s-1000.0s		0
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The voltage rise time of VF separation is the time that the voltage increases from 0 to motor rated voltage, as shown in the figure below:



P3-16	Deceleration Time of VF	0.0s-1000.0s	0.0s	0
	Separation Voltage			

D2 17	G. 14 1 G : 2	0.7	
P3-17	Stop Mode Options of VF	0: Frequency/voltage reduces to 0	0
	Separation	independently	
		1: Frequency reduces after the voltage	
		reduces to 0	
P3-18	Overcurrent Stall Action	50-200%	150%
	Current		
P3-19	Overcurrent Stall Enable	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1 Enabled
P3-20	Overcurrent Stall	0-100	20
	Suppression Gain		
P3-21	Multiple Overcurrent Stall	50-200%	50%
	Action Current		
	Compensation Factor		
P3-22	Overvoltage Stall Action	650.0V-800.0V	760.0V
	Voltage		
P3-23	Overvoltage Stall Enable	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1 Enabled
P3-24	Overvoltage Stall	0-100	30
	Suppression Frequency		
	Gain		
P3-25	Overvoltage Stall	0-100	30
	Suppression Voltage Gain		
P3-26	Overvoltage Stall	0-50Hz	5Hz
	Maximum Rise Frequency		
	Limit		
P3-27	Slip Compensation Time	0.1-10.0s	0.5s
	Constant		

	P4 Group: Input Terminal				
P4-00	DI1 Terminal Function	0: No function		1	
	Options	1: Forward running (FWD)			
P4-01	DI2 Terminal Function	2: Reverse running (REV)		2	
	Options	3: 3-wire running control			
P4-02	DI3 Terminal Function	4: Forward JOG (FJOG)		9	
	Options	5: Reverse JOG (RJOG)	1		
P4-03	DI4 Terminal Function	6: Terminal UP		12	
	Options	7: Terminal DOWN			
P4-04	DI5 Terminal Function	8: Coast-to-Stop		13	
	Options	9: Fault reset (RESET)			
P4-05	DI6 Terminal Function	10: Running pause		14	
	Options	11: External fault NO input			
P4-06	DI7 Terminal Function	12: Preset command terminal 1		0	
	Options	13: Preset command terminal 2			
P4-07	DI8 Terminal Function	14: Preset command terminal 3		0	
	Options	15: Preset command terminal 4			

P4-08	DI9 Terminal Function	16: Acceleration/deceleration options	0
	Options	terminal 1	
	*	17: Acceleration/deceleration options	
		terminal 2	
		18: Frequency source switching	
		19: UP/DOWN setting clear (terminal,	
		keypad)	
		20: Running command switching	
		terminal 1	
		21:Acceleration/deceleration prohibited	
		22: PID pause	
		23: PLC status reset	
		24: Wobbulation pause	
		25: Counter input	
		26: Counter reset	
		27: Length count input	
		28: Length reset	
		29: Torque control prohibited	
		30: PULSE frequency input (only	
		works for DI5)	
		31: Not used	
		32: Immediate DC stop	
		33: External fault NC input	
		34: Frequency setting onset terminal	
		(when this terminal function hasn't	
		been set, the default is to be enabled)	
		If this terminal is set, terminal onset	
		frequency can be modified through this	
		terminal.	
		35: PID direction reverse terminal	
		When this terminal is enabled, PID is	
		opposite to the direction set by 10-03.	
		36: External stop terminal 1	
		Keypad control. This terminal can be	
		used to stop the elevator, which is equal	
		to the STOP key on the keypad	
		37: Control command switch terminal	
		2:	
		It is used to switch between terminal	
		control and communication control.	
		When this terminal is enabled, if P0-02	
		is set as terminal control, then it	
		switches to communication control; if	
		P0-02 is set as communication control,	

it switches to terminal control. 38: PID integral pause terminal hen this terminal is enabled, the integral adjustment function of PID pauses, but the proportional adjustment and the differential adjustment of PID are still enabled. 39: Switching terminal between frequency source A and preset frequency. When this terminal is enabled, frequency source A is replaced by preset frequency (P0-08). 40: Switching between terminal frequency source A and preset frequency When this terminal is enabled, frequency source B is replaced by preset frequency (P0-08). 41: Not used 42: Not used 43: PID parameter switching terminal 44: Motor terminal options 45: Not used 46:Speed control/torque control switching 47: Emergency stop 48: External stop terminal 2 This terminal can be used to stop the elevator at the deceleration time 4 under any control mode. 49: Deceleration DC brake 50: Current running time clear 51: 2-wire/3-wire switching 52: Reverse frequency prohibited 53-59: Not used

Function Description of Preset Speed Command

K ₄	K ₃	K_2	K ₁	Command setting	Corresponding
					parameter
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Preset speed 0	12-00
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Preset speed 1	12-01
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Preset speed 2	12-02
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Preset speed 3	12-03

OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Preset speed 4	12-04
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Preset speed 5	12-05
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Preset speed 6	12-06
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Preset speed 7	12-07
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Preset speed 8	12-08
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Preset speed 9	12-09
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Preset speed 10	12-10
ON	OFF	ON	ON	Preset speed 11	12-11
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Preset speed 12	12-12
ON	ON	OFF	ON	Preset speed 13	12-13
ON	ON	ON	OFF	Preset speed 14	12-14
ON	ON	ON	ON	Preset speed 15	12-15

4 preset command terminals can combine 16 statues that respectively correspond to 16 command setting values, as indicated in the table above. Preset speed commands can not only be used for preset speed function but also can be used as PID setting source to meet the requirement to switch between different setting values.

When the frequency source is selected as preset speed, 100.00% of function code 12-00-12-15 corresponds to the maximum output frequency P0-10.

When the preset command source is set as PID setting source, 100.0% of 12-00-12-15 corresponds to 100% of PID feedback range, i.e., the full range of feedback instrument.

Function Description of Acceleration/Deceleration Time Options Terminal

Terminal 2	Terminal 1	Acceleration/deceleration	Corresponding parameter
		time options	
OFF	OFF	Acceleration/deceleration	P0-17, P0-18
		time 1	
OFF	ON	Acceleration/deceleration	P8-03, P8-04
		time 2	
ON	OFF	Acceleration/deceleration	P8-05, P8-06
		time 3	
ON	ON	Acceleration/deceleration	P8-07, P8-08
		time 3	

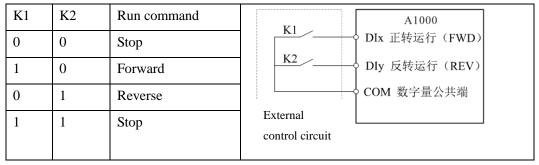
P4-10	DI Filter Time	0.000s-1.000s	0.001s	0.010s
P4-11	Terminal Command Mode	0: 2-wire 1	1	0
		1: 2-wire 2		
		2: 3-wire 1		
		3: 3-wire 2		

This parameter defines four terminal control modes.

0: 2-wire mode 1: This mode is most frequently used. Forward and reverse running of motor are determined by DIx and DIy. Terminal functions are set as follows:

Terminal	Setting value	Description
DIx	1	Forward (FWD)
DIy	2	Reverse (REV)

DIx and DIy are multi-function digital quantity input terminal of DI1-DI5 and HDI1 and on at the level.



2-wire Mode 1

1: 2-wire mode 2: When this mode is used, DIx terminal is the running enabled terminal while DIy terminal is used to determine the running direction. Terminal functions are set as follows:

Terminal	Setting value	Description
DIx	1	Running
DIy	2	Forward/Reverse mode (FWD/REV)

DIx and DIy are multi-function digital quantity input terminal of DI1-DI5 and HDI1 and on at the level.

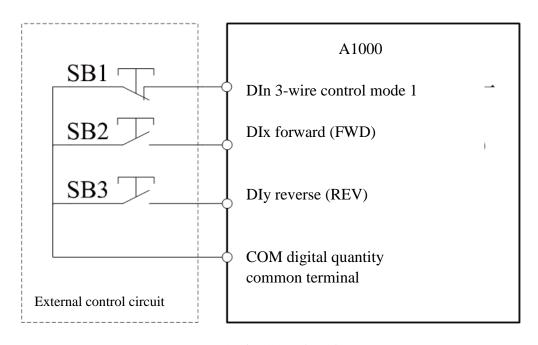
K1	K2	Run command	A1000
0	0	Stop	DIx forward (FWD)
1	0	Forward	DIy reverse (REV)
0	1	Stop	COM digital quantity
1	1	Reverse	External control circuit

2-wire Mode 2

2: 3-wire control mode 1: Under this mode, DIn refers to the enable terminal and the running directions are respectively controlled by DIx and DIy. Terminal functions are as follows:

Terminal	Setting value	Description
DIx	1	Forward (FWD)
DIy	2	Reverse (REV)
DIn	3	3-wire running control 1

- For running, firstly close DIn terminal to realize motor forward or reverse control through DIx or DIy pulse signal;
- ^o For stopping the inverter, it is required to cut off DIn terminal signal;
- •DIx, DIy and DIn are multi-function digital quantity input terminal of DI1-DI5; DIx, DIy, DIn are to enable pulse.

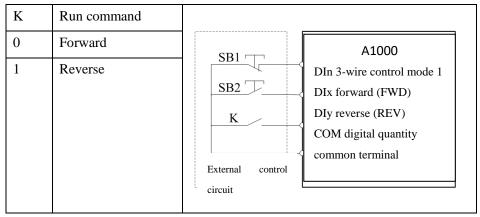


3-wire Control Mode 1

- Including: SB1: Stop button SB2: Forward button SB3: Reverse button
- 3: 3-wire control mode 2: The enable terminal of this mode is DIn; running command is given by DIx and the direction is determined by DIy status. The terminal function setting is as follows:

Terminal	Setting value	Description
DIx	1	Run
DIy	2	Forward/Reverse (FWD/REV)
DIn 3		3-wire running control 2

- For running, firstly close DIn terminal; motor running signal is produced through the pulse rising edge of DIx while DIy status will produce the motor direction signal.
 - o For stopping the inverter, it is required to cut off DIn terminal signal;
- ⋄DIx, DIy and DIn are multi-function digital quantity input terminal of DI1-DI5 and HDI1; DIx is to enable pulse. DIy and DIn are on at the level.



3-wire Control Mode 2

Including: SB1: Stop button SB2: Running button K: Forward/Reverse switch

P4-12	Change Rate Per Second	0.001Hz-65.535Hz	0.01Hz	1.00Hz
	of Terminal UP/DOWN			

This parameter defines the frequency change rate when using UP/DOWN key to adjust the setting frequency, i.e., the frequency change rate per second.

P4-13	AI1 Minimum Input	0.00V-P4-15	0.01V	0.00V
P4-14	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	AI1 Minimum Input			
P4-15	AI1 Maximum Input	P4-13 -+10.00V	0.01V	10.00V
P4-16	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	00.1%	100.0%
	AI1 Maximum Input			
P4-17	AI1 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s

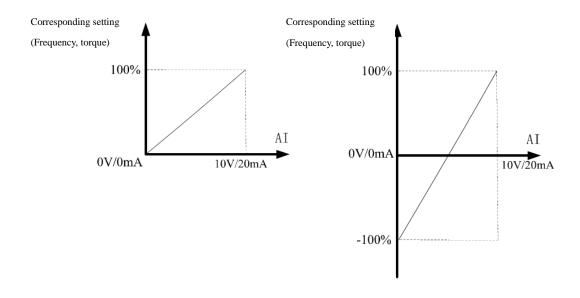
These function codes define the relationship of analogy input voltage and its represented setting value.

When the analog input voltage is greater than or lower than the set upper limit (P4-15) or lower limit (P4-13), calculate according to the upper limit (P4-15) or lower limit (P4-13).

AII input filter time is used to set the software filter time of AII. If the field analog is easy to be interfered, increase the filter time to make the detected analogy become more stable. However, excessive filter time may result in slow response to analogy detection. So it is required to set this parameter according to actual condition.

Definitions of nominal value corresponding to 100.0% of analogy are different from application to application. For details, refer to description of all application parts.

The following figures are two typical setting:



P4-18	AI2 Minimum Input	0.00V-P4-20	0.01V	0.00V
P4-19	Corresponding Setting of AI2	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
14-19	Minimum Input	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.170	0.0%
D4 20	•	P4 10 10 00V	0.0177	10.0077
P4-20	AI2 Maximum Input	P4-18 -+ 10.00V	0.01V	10.00V
P4-21	Corresponding Setting of AI2	-100.0% -+ 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%
	Maximum Input			
P4-22	AI2 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s
P4-23	AI3 Minimum Input	0.00sP4-25		0.00V
P4-24	Corresponding Setting of AI3	-100.00% -+ 100.0%		0.0%
	Minimum Input			
P4-25	AI3 Maximum Input	P4-23-+10.00V		10.00V
P4-26	Corresponding Setting of AI3	-100.0% - 100.0%		100.0%
	Maximum Input			
P4-27	AI3 Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s		0.10s
P4-28	PULSE Minimum Input	0.00kHz-P4-30	0.01kHz	0.00kHz
P4-29	Corresponding Setting of	-100.0% - 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	PULSE Minimum Input			
P4-30	PULSE Maximum Input	P4-28 -100.00kHz	0.01kHz	50.00kHz
P4-31	PULSE Maximum Input	-100.0% - 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%
1.01	Setting	1001070 1001070	0.170	100.070
P4-32	PULSE Filter Time	0.00s-10.00s	0.01s	0.10s
P4-33	AI Setting Curve Options	Ones place: AI1 curve option	0.015	321
14-33	711 Setting Curve Options	1: Curve 1 (2 points, see P4-13	1	321
		-P4-16)	1	
		2: Curve 2 (2 points, see P4-18 -P4-21)		
		,		
		3: Curve 3 (2 points, see P4-23		
		-P4-26)		
		4: Not used		
		5: Not used		
		Tens place: AI2 curve options, same		
		as above		
		Hundreds place:AI3 curve options,		
		same as above		
P4-34	AI Lower Than Minimum	Ones place: AI1 lower than	1	000
	Input Setting Options	minimum input setting options		
		0: Corresponding setting of		
		minimum input		
		1: 0.0%		
		Tens place: AI2 lower than		
		minimum input setting options,		
		same as above		
		Hundreds place: Not used		
P4-35	DI1 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s

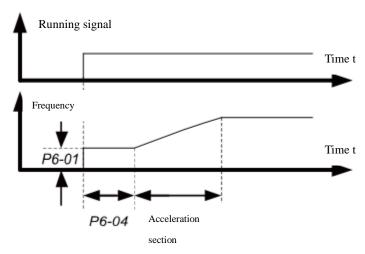
P4-36	DI2 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P4-37	DI3 Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s		
P4-38	DI Input Terminal Active		1	00000
	Status Setting 1	1: Low level		
	8	Ones place: DI1		
		Tens place: DI2		
		Hundreds place: DI3		
		Thousands place: DI4		
		Tens thousands place: DI5		
P4-39	DI Terminal Active Mod	_	1	00000
	Options 2	status setting		
		0: Active on high level		
		1: Active on low level		
		Tens place: DI7 terminal enable		
		status setting (0-1, same as above)		
		Hundreds place: DI8 terminal		
		enable status setting (0-1, same as		
		above)		
		Thousands place: DI9 terminal		
		enable status setting (0-1, same as		
		above)		
		Ten thousands place: DI10		
		terminal enable status setting (0-1,		
		same as above)		
		P5 Group Output Terminal	T	
P5-00	FM Terminal Output	0: Pulse output (<i>FMP</i>)	1	0
	Options	1: Open collector switching quantity		
		output (FMR)		
P5-01	FMR Output Function	0: No output	1	0
	Options	1: Inverter running		
P5-02	Control Board Relay	2: Fault output (stop upon fault)	1	2
	Output Options	3: Frequency level detection FDT1		
	(T/A1-T/B1-T/C1) RELAY	output		
	1	4: Frequency reach		
P5-03	Control Board Relay	5: Run at zero speed (stop, no output)	1	1
	Output Options 2	6: Motor overload pre-warning		
	(T/A1-T/B1-T/C1) RELAY	7: Inverter overload pre-warning		
	2	8: Set count value reach		
P5-04	DO1 Output Options	9: Designated count value reach	1	1
P5-05	Expansion Card DO2	10: Length reach	1	4
	Output Options	11: PLC cycle finished		
	l l			
		12: Accumulated running time reach		
		12: Accumulated running time reach13: Frequency limit14: Torque limit		

		15 D : 1		
		15: Running ready		
		16: AI1>AI2		
		17: Upper limit frequency reach		
		18: Lower limit frequency reach		
		(related to running)		
		19: Undervoltage status output		
		20: Communication setting		
		21: (Not used)		
		22: (Not used)		
		23: Run 2 at zero speed (output at		
		stop)		
		24: Accumulated power-on time reach		
		25: Frequency level detection FDT2		
		output		
		26: Frequency reach 1 output		
		27: Frequency reach 2 output		
		28: Current reach 1 output		
		29: Current reach 2 output		
		30: Timed reach output		
		31: AI1 input exceeds upper and lower		
		limit		
		32: Offload		
		33: Reverse running		
		34: Zero current detection		
		35: Module temperature reach		
		36: Software overcurrent output		
		37: Lower limit frequency reach		
		(irrespective to running)		
		38: Fault output (continue to run)		
		39: Motor overtemperature		
		pre-warning		
		40: Current running time reach		
		41: Fault output (no output upon		
		undervoltage)		
P5-06	FMP Output Options	0: Running frequency	1	0
P5-07	AO1 Output Options	1: Setting frequency	1	0
P5-08	Expansion Card AO2	2: Output current	1	1
	Output Options	3: Output torque	1	_
	Surput Options	4: Output power		
		5: Output voltage		
		6: PULSE input (100.0% corresponds		
		to 100.0kHz)		
		7: AI1		
		8: AI2		
		6. AIZ		

		0.37		
		9: Not used		
		10: Length		
		11: Count		
		12: Communication setting		
		13: Motor rotation speed		
		14: Output current (100.0%		
		corresponds to 1000.0A)		
		15: Output voltage (100.0%		
		corresponds to 1000.0V)		
		16: Output torque		
P5-09	FMP Output Maximum	0.01kHz-100.00kHz	0.01kHz	50.00kHz
	Frequency			
P5-10	AO1 Zero Offset Factor	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
P5-11	AO1 Gain	-10.00-10.00	0.01	1.00
P5-12	Zero Offset Factor of AO2	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	Expansion Card			
P5-13	Expansion Card AO2 Gain	-10.00-10.00	0.01	1.00
P5-17	FM Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-18	RELAY 1 Output Delay	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Time			
P5-19	RELAY 2 Output Delay	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Time			
P5-20	DO1 Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-21	DO2 Output Delay Time	0.0s-3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P5-22	DO Output Terminal	0- positive logic; 1- negative logic	11111	00000
	Active Status Options	Ones place: FMR		
		Tens place: RELAY 1		
		Hundreds place: RELAY 2		
		Thousands place: DO1		
		Tens thousands place: DO2		
P5-23	Ao Output Signal Options	0: Voltage signal 1: Current signal		0
		P6 Group: Start/Stop Control		
P6-00	Start Mode	0: Direct start	1	0
		1: Speed tracking start		
		2: Pre-excitation start of induction		
		motor		
P6-01	Rotation Speed Tracking	0: Start from stopping frequency	1	0
	Mode	1: Start from industrial frequency		
		2: Start from maximum frequency		
P6-02	Rotation Speed Tracking	1-100	1	20
	Fast/Slow			
P6-03	Start Frequency	0.00Hz-10.00Hz	0.01	0.00
P6-04	Start Frequency Holding	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Time			
			•	•

Start frequency refers to the initial frequency when the inverter starts, as shown in the figure. Start frequency holding time refers to the running time under the start frequency. Start frequency is generally set about 1Hz-2Hz and shall be set larger for small power condition.

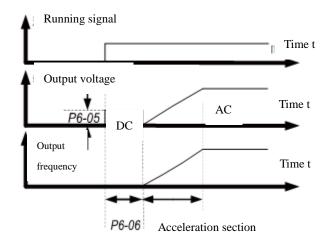
For occasions with small power, setting start frequency can establish slip quickly, which is helpful for starting the motor quickly; for occasions with large power or heavy load, extend the start frequency holding time appropriately can realize motor pre-excitation, reduce the start current and improve the start torque. If the motor still runs when started, the inverter can decelerate the motor first and then re-accelerate it.



Start Frequency Schematic Diagram

P6-05	Start DC Brake/Pre-excitation	0%-100%	1%	0%
	Current			
P6-06	Start DC Brake/Pre-excitation Time	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s

DC brake before startup is a period of DC current output before motor rotation; P6-05 sets the injection DC current and 100.0% is respective to the inverter rated current. P6-06 defines the DC current injection time. Injection of DC current realizes electromagnetic brake and pre-excitation effect of motor. For occasions with large power and heavy load, pre-excitation can increase the start torque and lower down impact current.



Schematic Diagram of DC Brake before Start

P6-07	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: Linear acceleration/deceleration	1	0
	Mode	1: S curve acceleration/deceleration A		

This parameter is used to select the frequency change mode of servo driver under start/stop process.

0: Linear acceleration/deceleration

The output frequency increases or decreases in a straight line progressively. A1000 provides four kinds of acceleration/deceleration time that can be selected through multi-function numeric input terminal (P4-00 -P4-05).

1: S curve acceleration/deceleration A

The output frequency increases or decreases like a S curve. S curve is generally applied to occasions of smooth start and stop, for example elevator and conveyor.

Function code P6-08 and P6-09 respectively define the time proportion of S curve during the acceleration/deceleration start section and end section.

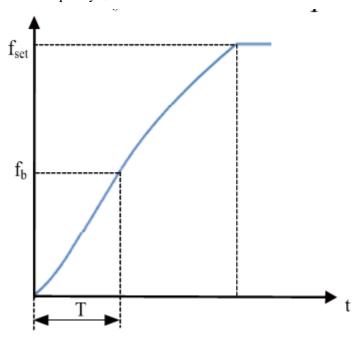
2: S curve acceleration/deceleration B

During acceleration/deceleration B of S curve, motor rated frequency f_b is always the inflexion of S curve, as shown in the figure below. It is generally applied to high-speed zone where frequency is above the rated frequency and rapid acceleration/deceleration is required.

When the setting frequency is greater than the rated frequency, the acceleration/deceleration time is:

$$t = \left(\frac{4}{9} \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{\rm E}}\right)^2 + \frac{5}{9}\right) \times T$$

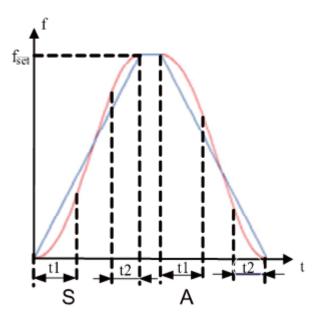
Of which, f is the setting frequency, f_b is motor rated frequency and T is time requiring from frequency 0 to rated frequency f_b .



P6-08	S Curve Start Section	n 0.0%- (100.0%-P6-09)	0.1%	30.0%
	Time Proportion			
P6-09	S Curve End Section	n 0.0%- (100.0%-P6-08)	0.1%	30.0%
	Time Proportion			

P6-08 and P6-09 respectively define the time proportion of S curve at the acceleration/deceleration A start section and end section. Two function codes shall meet the requirement: $P6-08+P6-09 \le 100.0\%$.

In the figure below, t1 is defined by P6-08. during this period, the change gradient of output frequency increases gradually. t2 is the time defined by P6-09. During this period, the change gradient of output frequency gradually changes to 0. Within the time between t1 and t2, the output frequency change gradient is fixed. During this section, the inverter adopts linear acceleration/deceleration.

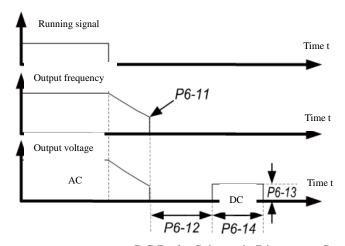


Curve Acceleration/Deceleration Schematic Diagram

P6-10	Stop Mode	0: Ramp-to-stop 1: Coast-to-stop	1	0
P6-11	DC Brake Start Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	at Stop			
P6-12	DC Brake Waiting Time	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	at Stop			
P6-13	DC Brake Current at Stop	0%-100%	1%	0%
P6-14	DC Brake Time at Stop	0.0s-100.0s	0.1s	0.0s

During deceleration process, when the frequency decelerates to P6-11, after the time set by P6-12, the inverter starts to inject DC current into the motor to quicken braking process. The injection current is set by P6-13 and 100.0% corresponds to rated inverter current. DC current injection time is set by P6-14. If the braking time is 0, this process doesn't exist. As shown in the

figure below:



DC Brake Schematic Diagram at Stop

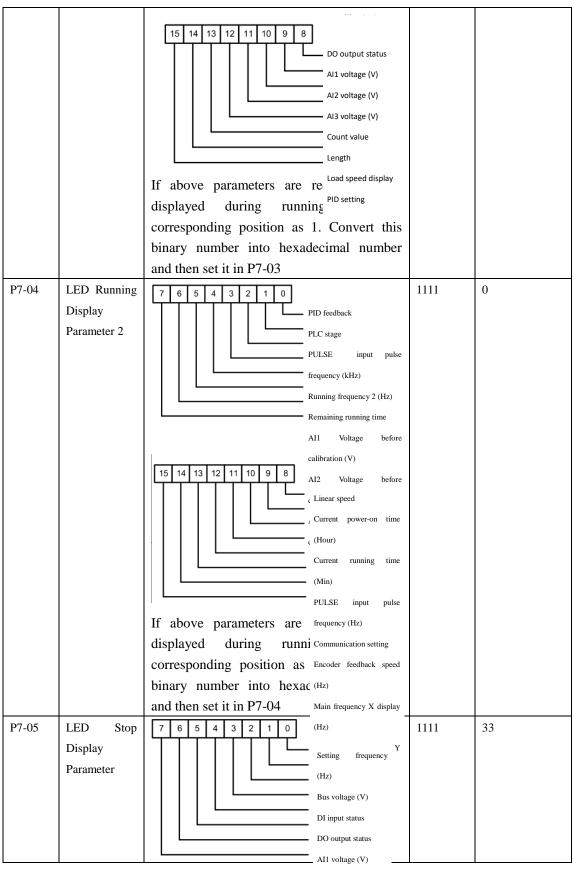
During DC brake stage, the motor rotor maintains a certain retention force to prevent rotor steadiness or creeping motion after stop.

P6-15	Brake Duty Ratio	0%-100%	1%	100%
P6-18	Rotation Speed Tracking Current	30%-200%		Up to specific model
P6-21	Demagnetizing Time	0.00-5.00s		1.00s

	P7 Group: Keypad & Display				
P7-01	APP Key	0: APP disabled	1	0	
	Function	1: Switching of operation panel command and			
	Options	remote command (terminal command or serial port			
		communication command)			
		2: Switching of forward and reverse running			
		3: Forward JOG			
		4: Reverse JOG			
P7-02	STOP/RESET	0: This key can only be valid under keypad control	1	1	
	Key Function	mode.			
		1: This key is valid under any control mode			
P7-03	LED Running Display Parameter 1	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Running frequency 1 (Hz) Setting frequency (Hz) Bus voltage (V) Output voltage (V) Output current (A) Output power (kW)	1111	1P	

Output torque (%)

DI input status (V)



AI2 voltage (V)

AI3 voltage (V)

Count value

		If above parameters are Not used corresponding position as Not use binary number into hexacerman number and then set it in P7-05		
P7-06	Load Speed	0.0001-6.5000	0.0001	1.0000
	Display			
	Factor			
P7-07	Inverter	0.0°C-100°C	0.1°C	-
	Module			
	Radiator			
D = 65	Temperature			
P7-08	Not Used			-
P7-09	Accumulated	0h-65535h	1h	-
D7 10	Running Time			
P7-10 P7-11	Not Used Software	-		-
P/-11	Version	-		-
P7-12	Decimal	Ones place: Number of decimal places of d0-14	H.111	1
1 /-12	Places of	0: 0	11.111	•
	Load Speed	1: 1		
	Displayed	2: 2		
	1 5	3: 3		
		Tens place: d0-19/d0-29 number of decimal places		
		1: 1		
		2: 2		
P7-13	Accumulated	0h-65535h	1h	-
	Power-on			
	Time			
P7-14	Accumulated	0-655350	1°	-
	Energy			
	Consumption			

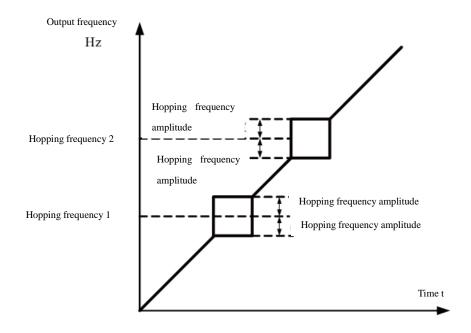
Function	Name	Setting Range	Minimu	m Default	
Code			Unit		
	P8 Group: Auxiliary Function				
P8-00	JOG Running Frequency	0.00Hz-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	2.00Hz	

P8-01	JOG Acceleration Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	20.0s
P8-02	JOG Deceleration Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	20.0s
P8-03	Acceleration Time 2	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-04	Deceleration Time 2	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-05	Acceleration Time 3	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-06	Deceleration Time 3	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-07	Acceleration Time 4	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-08	Deceleration Time 4	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	Up to specific model
P8-09	Hopping Frequency 1	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-10	Hopping Frequency 2	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-11	Hopping Frequency Amplitude	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.01Hz

When the setting frequency is within the hopping frequency range, the inverter will run at the hopping frequency that is closer to the setting frequency. The hopping frequency function can protect the inverter from the mechanical resonance with the mechanical load.

A1000 can set two hopping frequency points. If these two hopping frequency are set as 0, the hopping frequency function is disabled.

The following is the schematic diagram of hopping frequency and hopping frequency amplitude.



Hopping Frequency Schematic Diagram

P8-12	Forward/Reverse	0.0s-3000.0s	0.1s	0.0s
	Deadband Time			
P8-13	Reverse Control	0: Reverse permitted 1: Reverse	1	0
		prohibited		
P8-14	Control Mode of Set	0: Run at lower limit frequency	1	0
	Frequency Lower Than	1: Stop		
	Lower Limit Frequency	2: Run at zero speed		
P8-15	Sagging Control	0.00Hz-10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz

This function is usually applied to the load distribution when multiple motors bear one load.

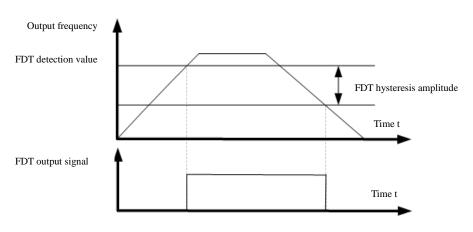
Sagging control means that the inverter output frequency goes down as the load increases; when multiple motors bear same one load, motor output frequency for the load will decrease more, thus reducing the load of motor and realizing the even load of multiple motors.

This parameter refers to the decline of the output frequency when the inverter is in rated load output.

P8-16	Set Accumulated	0h-65000h	1h	0h
	Power-On Reach Time			
P8-17	Set Accumulated Run	0h-65000h	1h	0h
	Time Reach			
P8-18	Enable Protection Options	0: Disabled 1:Enabled	1	0
P8-19	Frequency Detection	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Value (FDT1)			
P8-20	Frequency Detection	0.0%-100.0% (FDT1 level)	0.1%	5.0%
	Hysteresis Value (FDT1)			

Frequency detection FDT function: When the output frequency exceeds the setting frequency detection value, DO indicator signal FDT output is enabled until the output frequency reduces to lower than the detection value and the difference exceeds the hysteresis. At this time, the DO indicator signal FDT output is enabled. Maximum two FDT detection points can be set at the same time.

FDT hysteresis amplitude=FDT hysteresis ×FDT detection value

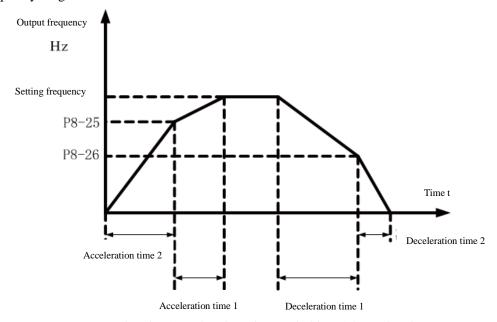


FDT Signal Schematic Diagram

P8-21	Frequency Reach Detection	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Bandwidth			

P8-22	Enable Hopping Frequency	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
	During			
	Acceleration/Deceleration			
	Process			
P8-25	Switching Frequency Point	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	of Acceleration Time 1/2			
P8-26	Switching Frequency Point	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
	of Deceleration Time 1/2			

This terminal is enabled when acceleration/deceleration time is selected not by DI terminal. During inverter running, it selects different acceleration/deceleration time according to the running frequency range other than DI terminal.



Acceleration/Deceleration Time Switching Schematic Diagram

The above is the acceleration/deceleration time switching schematic diagram. If the running frequency is less than P8-25 during acceleration process, select acceleration time 2; if the running frequency is greater than P8-25, select acceleration time 1.

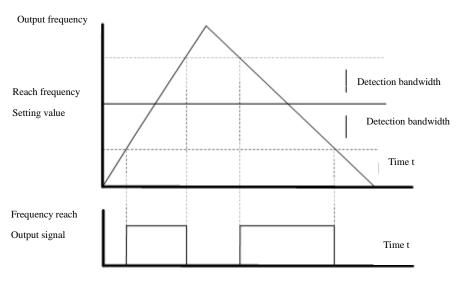
During deceleration, if the running frequency is greater than P8-26, select deceleration time 1; if the running frequency is lower than P8-26, select deceleration time 2.

P8-27	Terminal Jog Priority	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
P8-28	Frequency Detection	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Value (FDT2)			
P8-29	Frequency Detection	0.0%-100.0% (FDT2 level)	0.1%	5.0%
	Hysteresis Value (FDT2)			
P8-30	Any Reach Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz
	Detection Value 1			
P8-31	Any Reach Frequency	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Detection Amplitude 1			
P8-32	Any Reach Frequency	0.00Hz- maximum frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz

	Detection Valu	ie 2			
P8-33	Any Reach	Frequency	0.0%-100.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	0.0%
	Detection Amp	olitude 2			

When the inverter is within the positive/negative range of frequency reach detection

P8-30
$$\pm$$
 P8-31 (P8-32 \pm P8-33), DO signal reach outputs ON; otherwise, it outputs OFF.



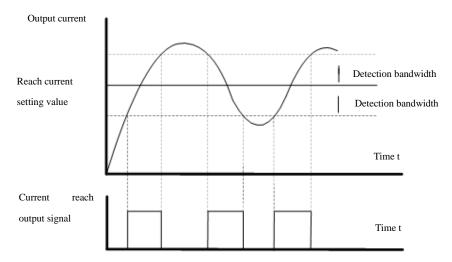
Frequency Reach Detection Function Schematic Diagram

P8-34	Zero Current Detection	0.0%-300.0%	0.1%	5.0%
	Level	100.0% corresponds to motor rated		
		current		
P8-35	Zero Current Detection	0.01s-600.00s	0.01s	0.10s
	Delay Time			
P8-36	Software Overcurrent	0.0% (no detection)	0.1%	200.0%
	Point	0.1%-300.0% (Motor rated current)		
P8-37	Software Overcurrent	0.00s-600.00s	0.01s	0.00s
	Detection Delay Time			
P8-38	Any Reach Current 1	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	100.0%
P8-39	Any Reach Current 1	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	0.0%
	Width			
P8-40	Any Reach Current 2	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	100.0%
P8-41	Any Reach Current 2	0.0%-300.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	0.0%
	Width			

When the inverter is within the positive/negative range of frequency reach detection

P8-38 ± P8-39

⁽ $^{P8-40} \pm ^{P8-41}$), DO signal reach outputs ON; otherwise, it outputs OFF.



Frequency Reach, Current Reach Detection Function Schematic Diagram

P8-42	Timed Function Options	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	0
P8-43	Timed Running Time	0: P8-44 setting	1	0
	Options	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		Analog input range corresponds to		
		P8-44		
P8-44	Timed Running Time	0.0Min-6500.0Min	0.1Min	0.0Min
P8-45	AI1 Input Voltage	0.00V-P8-46	0.01V	3.10V
	Protection Value Lower			
	Limit			
P8-46	AI1 Input Voltage	P8-45 - 10.00V	0.01V	6.80V
	Protection Value Upper			
	Limit			
P8-47	Module Temperature	0°C-100°C	1°C	75°C
	Reach			
P8-48	Radiation Fan Control	0: Radiation fan runs when the motor	1	0
		runs		
		1: Radiation fan runs all the time after		
		being powered on		
P8-49	Awakening Frequency	Sleep frequency (P8-51) - maximum	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
		frequency (P0-10)		
P8-50	Awakening Delay Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	0.0s
P8-51	Sleep Frequency	0.00Hz-awakening frequency (P8-49)	0.01Hz	0.00Hz
P8-52	Sleep Delay Time	0.0s-6500.0s	0.1s	0.0s

This group of parameters are used to realize the sleep and awakening function during water supply application.

When the inverter runs, if the setting frequency is less than or equal to the sleep frequency set by P8-51, the inverter goes into sleep status and stops automatically after the delay time set by

P8-52.

When the inverter is in sleep status and current running command is enabled, the inverter starts after the delay time set by P8-50 if the setting frequency is greater than or equal to awakening frequency set by P8-49.

Generally, the awakening frequency shall be greater than the sleep frequency. If both two frequency are set as 0.00Hz, sleep and awakening function are disabled.

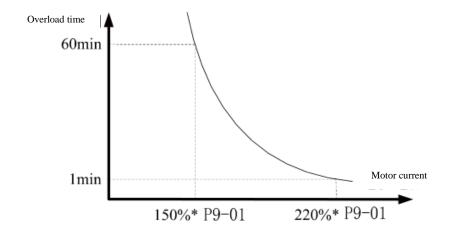
When sleep function is enabled, if the frequency source adopts PID, PID arithmetic during sleep status is subject to function code 10-28. At this time, enable arithmetic at PID stop (10-28=1).

P8-53	Set Current Runni	g 0.0Min-6500.0Min	0.1Min	0.0Min
	Reach Time			
P8-54	Output Power Calibrati	on 0.00%-200.0%		0
	Factor			
		P9 Group: Fault and Protection		
P9-00	Motor Overlo	d 0: Prohibited 1: Permitted	1	1
	Protection Options			
P9-01	Motor Overlo	d 0.20-10.00	0.01	1.00
	Protection Gain			
P9-02	Motor Overlo	d 50%-100%	1%	80%
	Pre-warning Factor			

When P9-00=0, if the motor overload software protection function is disabled, it may pose a hazard of motor overheating. It is strongly recommended to install a thermal relay between the inverter and motor to protect the motor.

When P9-01=1, start the motor overload software protection function. The inverter adopts inverse-time curve for the motor overload protection to judge if there exists motor overload.

The inverse-time curve for motor overload protection defaults to: Send motor overload fault alarm when 220% motor rated current lasts for 1min; send alarm for motor overload when 150% motor rated current lasts for 60min. Users can translate the motor overload curve through function code P9-01 to meet the actual condition of specific motor.



Motor Overload Curve

P9-02 is used to send a prewarning signal to the control system through DO before enabling the motor overload fault protection. This prewarning factor is used to determine what degree prior to motor overload protection will trigger an alarm. The higher this factor is, the smaller the advance time of the pre-alarm will be.

P9-03	Overvoltage Stall Gain	0-100		30
P9-04	Overvoltage Stall	650V-800V		760V
F9-04	Protection Voltage	030 V-800 V		700 V
P9-07	Short Circuit to Ground	Ones place Short circuit to ground	1	1
P9-07		Ones place: Short circuit to ground protection options upon power-on	1	1
	Protection Options upon Power-on	0: Disabled		
	Power-on			
		1: Enabled		
		Tens place: Short circuit to ground		
		protection options upon power-on		
		before operation		
		0: Disabled		
D0 00	B 11 TI 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1: Enabled		5001
P9-08	Braking Unit Action Start	700-800V		780V
DO 00	Voltage	0.20	1	0
P9-09	Automatic Reset Times of	0-20	1	0
P9-10	Fault DO Action Options	0: Disabled	1	0
P9-10	during Fault Automatic		1	0
	Reset Period	1: Enabled		
P9-11	Fault Automatic Reset	0.1s-100.0s	0.1s	1.0s
F9-11	Interval	0.15-100.05	0.18	1.08
P9-12	Input Phase	Ones place: Input phase loss protection		11
1 7-12	Loss/Contactor On	options		11
	Protection Options	Tens place: Contactor on protection		
	1 Tottetion Options	options		
		0: Disabled		
		1: Enabled		
P9-13	Output Phase Loss	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		1
1713	Protection Options	5. Distolog 1. Dilablog		•
P9-14	First Fault Type	No fault	-	_
P9-15	Second Fault Type	Not used	-	-
P9-16	Third Fault(Latest) Type	Acceleration overcurrent (OCA)	-	_
		Deceleration overcurrent (OCD)		
		Constant speed overcurrent (OCN)		
		Acceleration overvoltage (OUA)		
		Deceleration overvoltage (OUD)		
		Constant speed overvoltage (OUN)		
		Buffer resistance overload (UU)		
		Undervoltage (LU)		
		Inverter overload (0L2)		

	1		I	<u> </u>
		Motor overload (OL1)		
		Input phase loss (PF)		
		Output phase loss (LF)		
		Module overheating (0H1)		
		External fault (EF)		
		Communication error (CE)		
		Contactor abnormality (RL)		
		Current detection abnormality (CC)		
		Motor tuning abnormality (ER)		
		Encoder/PG card abnormality (PG)		
		Parameter read-write abnormality (EP)		
		Inverter hardware abnormality (EH)		
		Motor short circuited to the ground		
		(GF)		
		Not used		
		Not used		
		Running time reach (OT1)		
		Not used		
		Not used		
		Power-on time reach (OT2)		
		Offload (LL)		
		PID feedback loss during running (PD)		
		Rapid current limit overtime (LC)		
		Switching motor during running (TRE)		
		Large speed offset (DEV)		
		Motor overspeed (OS)		
		Motor overtemperature (OH2)		
		Initial position error (1NE)		
		Slave motor failure under master and		
		slave control (MS)		
P9-17	Third Fault(Latest)	-	-	-
	Frequency			
P9-18	Third Fault(Latest)	-	-	_
	Current			
P9-19	Third Fault(Latest) Bus	-	-	_
	Voltage			
P9-20	Third Fault(Latest) Input	-	-	_
	Terminal Status			
P9-21	Third Fault(Latest) Output	-	-	_
	Terminal Status			
P9-22	Third (Latest)Fault	_	-	_
1,22	Inverter Status			
P9-23	Third (Latest) Fault Time	-	-	_
1 7-23	(Calculated From Current		_	
	(Calculated FIOIII Culfellt			

	Power-on Time)			
P9-24	Third (Latest) Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated From			
	Running)			
P9-27	Second Fault Frequency	-	-	-
P9-28	Second Fault Current	-	-	-
P9-29	Second Fault Bus Voltage	-	-	-
P9-30	Second Fault Input	-	-	-
	Terminal Status			
P9-31	Second Fault Output	-	-	-
	Terminal Status			
P9-32	Second Fault Inverter	-	-	-
	Status			
P9-33	Second Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated from Current			
	Power-on)			
P9-34	Second Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated from Current			
	Running)			
P9-37	First Fault Frequency	-	-	-
P9-38	First Fault Current	-	-	-
P9-39	First Fault Bus Voltage	-	-	-
P9-40	First Fault Input Terminal	-	-	-
	Status			
P9-41	First Fault Output	-	-	-
	Terminal Status			
P9-42	First Fault Inverter Status	-	-	-
P9-43	First Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated from Current			
	Power-on)			
P9-44	First Fault Time	-	-	-
	(Calculated from Current			
	Running)			
P9-45	Not Used	-	-	-
P9-46	Not Used	-	-	-
P9-47	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Motor overload (<i>OL1</i>)	11111	00000
	Options 1	0: Coast-to-stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Tens place: Not used		
		Hundreds place: Not used Thousands place: External foult (FE)		
		Thousands place: External fault (EF) Ten thousands place: Communication		
		error (CE)		
		GIOI (CE)		

P9-48	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Encoder/PG card	11111	00000
17-40	Options 2	abnormality (PG)	11111	00000
	Options 2	• • •		
		0: Coast-to-stop		
		Tens place: Function code read & write		
		abnormality (EP)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		Hundreds place: Inverter overload fault		
		action options (OL2)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Derating		
		Thousands places: Motor overheating		
		(OH2)		
		Ten thousands place: Running time		
		reach (OT)		
P9-49	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Not used	11111	00000
	Options 3	0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Tens place: Not used		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Hundreds place: Power-on time reach		
		(UT)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
		Ten thousands place: Offload (LL)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Reduce to 7% of motor rated		
		frequency and then continue to run.		
		When there is no offload, automatically		
		restore to setting frequency for running		
		Ten thousands place: PID feedback loos		
		during running (PD)		
		0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
P9-50	Fault Protection Action	Ones place: Large speed Offset (DEV)	11111	00000
	Options 4	0: Coast to stop		
		1: Stop according to the stopping mode		
		2: Continue to run		
	1	1		

		Tens place: Motor overspeed (OS)		
		Hundreds place: Initial position error		
P9-54	Continuous Running	0: Run at current running frequency	1	0
	Frequency Options at	1: Run at the set frequency		
	Fault	2: Run at the upper limit frequency		
		3: Run at the lower limit frequency		
		4: Run at the spare frequency under		
		abnormality		
P9-55	Spare Frequency Setting	60.0%-100.0% (current targeted	0.1%	100.0%
	under Abnormality	frequency)		
P9-56	Motor Temperature	0: No temperature sensor		0
	Sensor Type	1: PT100		
		2: PT1000		
P9-57	Motor Overheating	0°C-200°C		110°C
	Protection Threshold			
P9-58	Motor Overheating	0°C-200°C		90°C
	Pre-warning Threshold			

The analog input AI3 of temperature signal of motor temperature sensor can be used for motor temperature sensor input. Motor temperature sensor signal is connected to AI3 and GND terminal.

AI3 analogy input terminal of A1000 supports PT100 and PT1000 motor temperature sensor. During use, set the sensor type correctly. Motor temperature is displayed in d0-34.

If motor temperature is greater than motor overheating pre-warning threshold P9-57, the inverter will give an alarm about motor fault and start corresponding protection action.

When motor temperature is greater than motor overheating pre-warning threshold P9-58, the multi-function numeric DO of inverter outputs "motor overload pre-warning" ON signal.

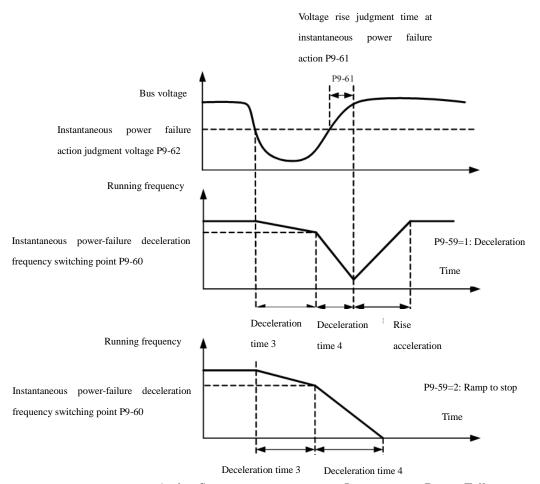
P9-59	Enable Non-stop under	0: Disabled	0
	Instantaneous Power	1: Constant control of bus voltage	
	Failure	2: Ramp-to-stop	
P9-60	Reset Voltage for	60%-100%	85%
	Non-stop under		
	Instantaneous Power		
	Failure		
P9-61	Voltage Judgment Time	01-10.0s	0.5s
	under Non-stop upon		
	Instantaneous Power		
	Failure		
P9-62	Bus Voltage of Non-stop	60%-85%	80%
	Action upon		
	Instantaneous Power		
	Failure		

When this function is enabled, in case of instantaneous power failure or subsequent voltage reduction, the inverter will lower down output rotation speed and uses load feedback energy to

make up DC bus voltage of inverter so as to maintain inverter running.

If P9-59=1, in the event of instantaneous power failure or subsequent voltage reduction, the inverter will decelerate; when bus voltage returns to normal, the inverter will accelerate normally to the setting frequency. If the bus voltage is normal and lasts for the time greater than the time set by P9-61, it can be judged that the bus voltage returns to normal.

If P9-59=2, the inverter decelerates until stop in case of instantaneous power failure or subsequent voltage reduction.



Action Schematic Diagram upon Instantaneous Power Failure

P9-63	Offload Protection	0: Disabled	1	0
	Options	1: Enabled		
P9-64	Offload Detection Level	0.0-100.0%	0.1%	10.0%
P9-65	Offload Detection Time	0.0-60.0s	0.1s	1.0s
P9-67	Overspeed Detection	0.0%-50.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	20.0%
	Value			
P9-68	Overspeed Detection	0.0s: No detection; 0.1-60.0s	0.1s	0.1s
	Time			
P9-69	Greater Speed Offset	0.0%-50.0% (maximum frequency)	0.1%	20.0%
	Detection Value			
P9-70	Large Speed Offset	0.0s: No detection; 0.1-60.0s	0.1s	5.0s
	Detection Time			

P9-71	Gain KP for Non-stop	0-100	40
	under Instantaneous		
	Power Failure		
P9-72	Integral Factor ki for	0-100	30
	Non-stop under		
	Instantaneous Power		
	Failure		
P9-73	Action Deceleration Time	0-300.0s	20.0s
	for Non-stop under		
	Instantaneous Power		
	Failure		

Process PID closed-loop control is to adopt the regulator with three calculation factors, i.e., P (proportional), I (integral) and D (differential) to gradually reduce the offset between feedback value and command value. It is applied to process control of flow, pressure and temperature.

Proportional control (P)

Control quantity proportionate to the offset.

Integral control (I)

Controlled quantity proportionate to the integral value of offset can eliminate the stable error.

Differential control (D)

The controlled quantity that is directly proportional with the offset change rate could predicate the trend of error changes and respond to intense changes to improve the dynamic characteristics. However, it is easy to lead in and amplify the interference signal and result system unsteadiness. Please apply this mode carefully.

Target quantity

Td*s+1

PID output control quantity

Teedback quantity

PID Control Schematic Diagram

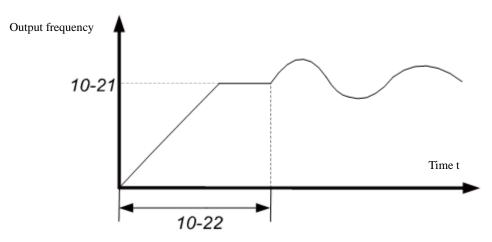
10-00	PID Setting Source	0: Function code 10-01 setting	1	0
		1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: Preset commands setting		
		7: Potentiometer setting		
10-01	PID Value Setting	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	50.0%

These parameters are used to set the PID command source. When select the default value 0, it

means to set PID target quantity by 10-01. The setting target quantity of process PID is relative and 100% of the setting value correspond to 100% of the full range of feedback signal of controlled system. The system will execute arithmetic according to relative value (0.0%-100.0%). Notes: When the command source selects PID output (for example, P0-03 or P0-04 is set as 8), process PID control is enabled.

	I	T	1	T
10-02		0: AI1		
		1: AI2		
		2: AI3		
		3: AI1-AI2		
		4: PULSE setting (DI5)		
	PID Feedback Source	5: Communication setting	1	0
		6: AI1+AI2		
		7: MAX (AI1 , AI2)		
		8: MIN (AI1 , AI2)		
10-03	PID Action Direction	0: Positive		0
		1: Negative		
10-04	PID Setting Feedback	0-65535	1	1000
	Range			
10-05	Proportional Gain P1	0.0-100.0	0.1	20.0
10-06	Integral Time I1	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	2.00s
10-07	Differential Time D1	0.000s-10.000s	0.001s	0.000s
10-08	PID Reverse End	0.00-maximum frequency	0.01Hz	2.00Hz
	Frequency			
10-09	PID Offset Limit	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
10-21	PID Initial Value	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
10-22	PID Initial Value Holding	0.00-650.00s	0.01s	0.00s
	Time			
	1	I .	1	1

After PID running, the frequency will firstly accelerate to the PID preset frequency according to the acceleration/deceleration time and the inverter will continue to run at this frequency for the time set by 10-22. Afterwards, the inverter proceeds with the PID output regulation.



PID Preset Output Schematic Diagram

10-23	Forward Maximum Value	0.00%-100.00%	0.01%	1.00%
	of Twice Output Offset			
10-24	Reverse Maximum Value	0.00%-100.00%	0.01%	1.00%
	of Twice Output			
10-25	PID Integral Property	Ones place: Integral separation	11	00
		0-disabled; 1- enabled		
		Tens place: Whether to stop integral		
		when output reaches to limit		
		0-continue the integral; 1- stop integral		
10-26	PID Feedback Loss	0.0s-20.0s	0.1s	1.0s
	Detection Time			
10-27	PID Feedback Loss	0.0%: No judgement of feedback loss	0.1	20.0%
	Detection Value PID	0.1%-100.0%		
10-28	Arithmetic at Stop	0: Disabled	1%	0
		1: Enabled		

	11 Group: Wobbulation, Fixed Length and Count				
11-00	Wobbulation Setting	0: With respective to center frequency	1	0	
	Mode	1: With respective to the maximum			
		frequency			
11-01	Wobbulation Amplitude	0.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
11-02	Hopping Frequency	0.0%-50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude				
11-03	Wobbulation Cycle	0.1s-3000.0s	0.1s	10.0s	
11-04	Wobbulation Triangular	0.1%-100.0%	0.1%	50.0%	
	Wave Rise Time				
11-05	Set Length	0m-65535m	0m	1000m	
11-06	Actual Length	0m-65535m	0m	0m	
11-07	Pulse Count Per Meter	0.1-6553.5	0.1	100.0	

The above function codes are used to control the fixing length.

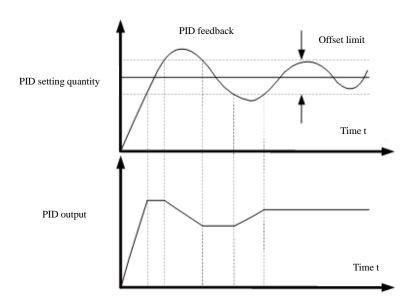
Length information shall be collected through multi-function numeric input terminal. By dividing the number of pulse by the pulse count per meter 11-07, actual length 11-06 can be calculated. When the actual length is greater than the set length 11-05, multi-function numeric DO outputs "length reach" On signal.

During fixing length control process, length reset operation can be realized through multi-function DI terminal. Refer to P4-00 - P4-09 for details.

During application, it is required to set corresponding input terminal function as "length count input". Make sure to use DI5 port for higher pulse frequency.

When the offset between PID command and feedback is lower than the setting value of this function code, PID regulator stops regulation and PID output remains unchanged. For some occasions, increase PID regulation stability.

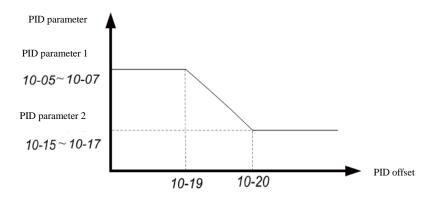
The correspondence between the offset limit and output frequency is as shown in the figure below:



PID Offset Limit Schematic Diagram

10-10	PID Differential Limit	0.0%-100.0%	0.01%	0.10%
10-11	PID Setting Change Time	0.00-650.00s	0.01s	0.00s
10-12	PID Feedback Filter Time	0.00-60.00s	0.01s	0.00s
10-13	PID Output Filter Time	0.00-60.00s	0.01s	0.00s
10-15	Proportional Gain P2	0.0-100.0	0.1	20.0
10-16	Integral Time I2	0.01s-10.00s	0.01s	2.00s
10-17	Differential Time D2	0.000s-10.000s	0.001s	0.000s
10-18	PID Parameter Switching	0: No switching	1	0
	Condition	1: DI terminal		
		2: Automatic switching by offset		
		3: Automatic switching by running		
		frequency		
10-19	PID Parameter Switching	0.0%-10-20	0.1%	20.0%
	Offset 1			
10-20	PID Parameter Switching	10-19-100.0%	0.1%	80.0%
	Offset 2			

By setting 10-18, two groups of independent PID control parameters can't be switched, or can be switched by DI terminal or automatically. When automatic switching is enabled for PID parameters, if the absolute value of offset value between the setting value and feedback is lower than PID parameter switching offset 1, PID control parameter selects PID parameter as 1; if the absolute value of offset value between the setting value and feedback is lower than PID parameter switching offset 2, PID control parameter selects PID parameter as 2; when the absolute value of the offset between the setting value and feedback is within PID switching offset 1 and PID switching offset 2, PID control parameter is the linear interpolation. See the figure below:



Automatic Switching Schematic Diagram of PID Parameters

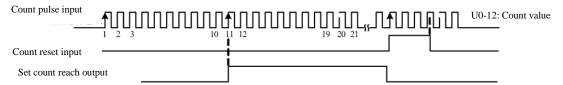
11-08	Set Count Value	1-65535	1	1000
11-09	Designated Count Value	1-65535	1	1000

The count value shall be collected through the multi-function numeric input terminal. During application, it is required to set corresponding input terminal function as "counter input" (function code 25). Use DI5 port when there exists higher pulse frequency.

When the count value reaches to the set count value(11-08), multi-function numeric DO outputs "set count value reach" ON signal and then the counter stops counting.

When the count value reaches to the set count value (11-09), multi-function numeric DO outputs "set count value reach" ON signal and the counter continues to counting until reaching to the "set count value".

The designated count value 11-09 shall not be greater than the set count value 11-08. The following the schematic diagram of set count value reach and designated count value reach function.



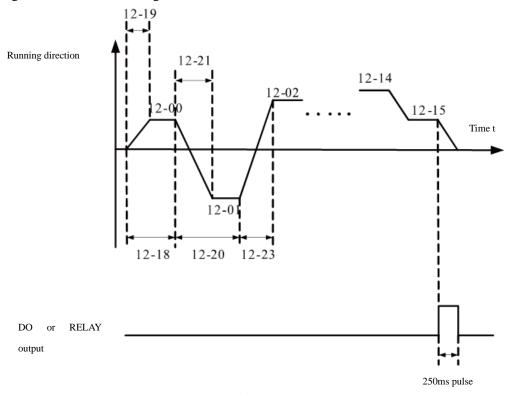
Schematic Diagram for Setting of Set Count Value and Designated Count Vale

P12 Group: Preset Command and Simple PLC				
12-00	Preset Command 0	-100.0% -100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
		(100.0% corresponds to the maximum		
		frequency P0-10)		
12-01	Preset Command 1	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-02	Preset Command 2	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-03	Preset Command 3	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-04	Preset Command 4	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-05	Preset Command 5	-100.0% -100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-06	Preset Command 6	-100.0% -100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-07	Preset Command 7	-100.0% -100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-08	Preset Command 8	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%

12-09	Preset Command 9	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-10	Preset Command 10	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-11	Preset Command 11	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-12	Preset Command 12	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-13	Preset Command 13	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-14	Preset Command 14	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-15	Preset Command 15	-100.0%-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%
12-16	Simple PLC Running	0: Stop after single running	1	0
	Mode	1: Holding last value at stop after single		
		running		
		2: Continuous cycle		
12-17	Simple PLC Power	Ones place: Power failure memory	11	00
	Failure Memory Options	0: Disabled		
		1: Enabled		
		Tens place: Stop memory		
		0: Disabled		
		1: Enabled		

Simple PLC has two purposes: It can be used as frequency source or the voltage source of VF separation.

The following figure is the schematic diagram when simple PLC is used as frequency source. When it is used as frequency source, positive and negative value of 12-00 -12-15 determine the running direction. When it is negative, the inverter runs at the reverse direction.



Simple PLC Schematic Diagram

When it is used as frequency source, PLC has three running modes below; but when it is used

as voltage source of VF separation, these three modes don't applicable.

0: Stop after single running

The inverter stops running automatically after one single running cycle and can be started again upon receiving running command.

1: Holding last value at stop after single running

After one single running cycle, the inverter automatically maintains the running frequency and direction of the last section.

2: Continuous cycle

The inverter automatically enters the next cycle after one cycle and won't stop until receiving the stop command.

12-18	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s (h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 0			
12-19	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 0			
12-20	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 1			
12-21	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 1			
12-22	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 2			
12-23	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 2			
12-24	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 3			
12-25	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 3			
12-26	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 4			
12-27	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 4			
12-28	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 5			
12-29	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 5			
12-30	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 6			
12-31	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0

	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 6			
10.00		0.0 (1) (552.5 (1))	0.1.4.	0.0.4.)
12-32	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12.22	Preset Command 7	0.2		
12-33	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 7			
12-34	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 8			
12-35	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 8			
12-36	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 9			
12-37	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 9			
12-38	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 10			
12-39	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 10			
12-40	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 11			
12-41	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 11			
12-42	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 12			
12-43	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 12			
12-44	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 13			
12-45	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 13			
12-46	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
	Preset Command 14	(-)	()	
12-47	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
12 17	Time Options of PLC		•	
	Preset Command 14			
12-48	Running Time of PLC	0.0s(h)-6553.5s(h)	0.1s(h)	0.0s(h)
12-40	Preset Command 15	0.03(11)-0333.33(11)	0.18(11)	0.03(11)
	1 leset Collinatio 13			

12-49	Acceleration/Deceleration	0-3	1	0
	Time Options of PLC			
	Preset Command 15			
12-50	Unit of PLC Running	0:s (second)	1	0
	Time	1: h (hour)		
12-51	Preset Command 0	0: Function code 12-00 setting	1	0
	Setting Mode	1: AI1		
		2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE		
		5: PID		
		6: Preset frequency (P0-08) setting,		
		modified by UP/DOWN		

	13	Group: Communication Parameter		
13-00	Communication Baud	Ones place: MODBUS		
	Rate	0: 300BPS		
		1: 600BPS		
		2: 1200BPS		
		3: 2400BPS		
		4: 4800BPS		
		5: 9600BPS		
		6: 19200BPS		
		7: 38400BPS		
		8: 57600BPS	1	5005
		9: 115200BPS		
		Tens place: Profibus-DP		
		0: 115200BPs		
		1: 208300BPs		
		2: 256000BPs		
		3: 512000BPs		
		Hundreds place: Not used		
		Thousands place: CANLink baud rate		
		0: 20		
		1: 50		
		2: 100		
		3: 125		
		4: 250		
		5: 500		
		6: 1M		
13-01	Data Format	0: No parity (8-N-2)	1	0
		1: Even parity (8-E-1)		
		2: Odd parity (8-0-1)		
		3: Disabled (8-N-1)(works for		

		MODBUS)		
13-02	Local Inverter Address	0: Broadcasting address 1-247 (works for MODBUS, Profibus-DP, CANLink)	1	1
13-03	MODBUS Response Delay	0-20ms (works for MODBUS)		20ms
13-04	Communication Overtime	0.0s: Disabled 0.1-60.0s (works for MODBUS, Profibus-DP and CANLink)		0.0
13-05	(MODBUS, Profibus-DP Communication s Data Format	Ones place: MODBUS 0: Non-standard MODBUS protocol 1: Standard MODBUS protocol Tens place: Profibus-DP 0: PP01 1: PP02 2: PP03 3: PP05		30
13-06	Communication Read Current Resolution	0: 0.01A 1: 0.1A		0
13-08	Expansion Card (PROFIBUS CANOPEN) Disconnection Detection Time	0.0 disabled 0.1s-60.0		0
		16 Group: User Password		
16-00	User Password	0-65535	1	0
16-01	Parameter Initialization	0: No operation 01: Reset the default, excluding motor parameter 02: Clear record information	1	0

b0 Group: Torque Control and Limit Parameter					
b0-00	Speed/Torque	Control	0: Speed control	1	0
	Mode Options		1: Torque control		

The control mode of inverter is selected by these two function codes: Speed control or torque control.

A1000 multi-function numeric DI terminal has two functions related to torque control: Torque control disabled (function 29), speed control/torque control switching (function 46). These two terminals must be used together with b0-00 to realize switching between the speed control and torque torque.

When the speed control/torque control switching terminal is disabled, the control mode is determined by b0-00; if the speed control/torque control switching terminal is enabled, the control

mode is the reverse of b0-00.

Under all conditions, when the torque control disabled terminal is enabled, the control mode of inverter is fixed as the speed control mode.

b0-01	Torque Setting Source	0: Numeric setting 1(b0-03)	1	0
	Options under Torque	1: AI1		
	Control Mode	2: AI2		
		3: AI3		
		4: PULSE		
		5: Communication setting		
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)		
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)		
b0-03	Torque Numeric Setting	-200.0%-200.0%		0
	under Torque Control			
	Mode			

b0-01 is used to select the torque setting source. There are eight torque setting modes.

Torque setting adopts the relative value and 100.00% corresponds to the inverter rated torque. Its setting range is -200.0% - 200.0%, which means the maximum torque of the inverter is twice of the inverter rated torque.

When the torque setting adopts mode 1 to 7, 100% of communication, analog input and pulse input correspond to b0-03.

b0-05	Torque Control Forward	0.00Hz-maximum frequency (P0-10)	50.00Hz
	Maximum Frequency		
b0-06	Torque Control Reverse	0.00Hz-maximum frequency (P0-10)	50.00Hz
	Maximum Frequency		

The upper limit frequency for torque control is used to set the maximum forward or reverse running frequency of inverter under the torque control mode.

In the torque control mode, if the load torque is less than motor output torque, motor speed will rise continuously. The maximum speed of motor must be limited in this mode to prevent any runaway accident of the mechanical system.

b0-07	Torque Control	0.00s-65000s	0.00s
	Acceleration Time		
b0-08	Torque Control	0.00s-65000s	0.00s
	Deceleration Time		

Under the torque control mode, the difference of motor output torque and the load torque determines the speed change rate of motor and load. Therefore, the motor rotation speed may change quickly, thus causing noise or excessive mechanical stress. Setting torque control acceleration/deceleration time could make the motor speed change smoothly.

For occasions requiring rapid response of torque, it is required to set the torque control acceleration/deceleration time as 0.00s.

For example: To ensure uniform load distribution when two motors bear one load, set one inverter as the master that adopts speed control mode while the other inverter is set as slave adopting the torque control mode. The actual output torque of master is used as the torque

command of slave. At this time, the torque of slave shall follow the master quickly so the torque control acceleration/deceleration time of slave is 0.00s.

	b2 Group	o : Optimized Parameter for Motor 2 Control	
b2-00	Motor Type Options	0: Common induction motor	0
		1: Inverter induction motor	
b2-01	Motor Rated Power	0.1kW-1000.0kW	Up to specific model
b2-02	Motor Rated Voltage	1V-2000V	Up to specific model
b2-03	Motor Rated Current	0.01A-655.35A (inverter power≤55kW) 0.1A-655.35A (inverter power>55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-04	Motor Rated Frequency	0.01Hz-maximum frequency	Up to specific model
b2-05	Motor Rated Rotation Speed	1rpm-65535rpm	Up to specific model
b2-06	Stator Resistance of Induction Motor	0.001Ω -65.535Ω (inverter power \leq 55kW) (inverter power $>$ 55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-07	Rotor Resistance of Induction Motor	0.001Ω -65.535Ω (inverter power \leq 55kW) (inverter power $>$ 55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-08	Leakage Inductance of Induction Motor	0.01mH-655.35mH(inverter power≤55kW) 0.001mH-65.535mH (inverter power> 55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-09	Mutual Inductance of Induction Motor	0.1mH-6553.5mH(inverter power≤55kW) 0.01mH-655.35mH (inverter power> 55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-10	Idling Current of Induction Motor	0.01A-A2-03(inverter power≤55kW) 0.1A-A2-03(inverter power>55kW)	Up to specific model
b2-27	Encoder Line Number	1-65535	1024
b2-28	Encoder Type	O: ABZ Incremental encoder 2: Rotary transformer	0
b2-29	Speed Feedback PG Options	0: Local PG 1: Expansion PG 2: Pulse input (DI5)	0
b2-30	ABZ Incremental Encoder AB Phase Sequence	0: Forward 1: Reverse	0
b2-31	Installation Angle of Encoder	0.0-359.9°	0.0°
b2-34	Rotary Transformer	1-65535	1

	Pole-Pairs		
b2-36	Speed Feedback PG	0.0: No action	0.0
	Disconnection Detection	0.1s-10.0s	
	Time		
b2-37	Tuning Options	0: No operation	0
		1: Tuning of stationary parameters of	
		induction motor	
		2: Dynamic full tuning of induction	
		motor	
		3: Stationary full tuning of induction	
		motor	
b2-38	Speed Loop Proportional	1-100	30
	Gain 1		
b2-39	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	0.50s
	1		
b2-40	Switching Frequency 1	0.00-b2-43	5.00Hz
b2-41	Speed Loop Proportional	1-100	20
	Gain 2		
b2-42	Speed Loop Integral Time	0.01s-10.00s	1.00s
	2		
b2-43	Switching Frequency 2	b2-40- maximum frequency	10.00Hz
b2-44	Vector Control Slip Gain	50%-200%	100%
b2-45	SVC Torque Filter	0.000s-0.100s	0.000s
	Constant		
b2-47	Upper Limit of Speed	0: b2-48	0
	Control Torque	1: AI1	
		2: AI2	
		3: AI3	
		5: Communication setting	
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)	
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)	
		(full range of options 1 to 7 correspond	
		to the numeric setting of b2-48)	
b2-48	Numeric Setting of	0.0%-200.0%	150.0%
	Torque Upper Limit under		
	Speed Control Mode		
b2-49	Torque Upper Limit	0: Function code P2-10 setting	
	Command Options under	1: AI1	
	Speed Control (Electricity	2: AI2	
	Generation)	3: AI3	
		4: PULSE	
		5: Communication setting	
		6: MIN (AI1, AI2)	
		7: MAX (AI1, AI2)	

		8: Function code P2-12 setting	
		(full range of options 1 to 7 correspond	
		to the numeric setting of P2-12)	
b2-50	Numeric Setting of	0.0%-200.0%	150%
02-30	Torque Upper Limit under	0.0%-200.0%	130%
	•		
10.51	(Electricity Generation)	0.2000	2000
b2-51	Excitation Adjustment Proportional Gain	0-20000	2000
b2-52	Excitation Adjustment	0-20000	1300
10.52	Integral Gain	0.20000	2000
b2-53	Torque Adjustment Proportional Gain	0-20000	2000
b2-54	Torque Adjustment Integral Gain	0-20000	1300
b2-55	Speed Loop Integral	Ones place: Integral separation	0
	Property	0: Disabled	
b2-59	Maximum Torque Factor	0.0%-200%	Up to specific
	of Field Weakening		model
	Region		
b2-60	Enable Electricity	0: Disabled	0
	Generation Power Limit	1: Enabled	
b2-61	Electricity Generation	0.00-200%	
02 01	Power Upper Limit		
b2-62	Control Mode of Motor 2	0: Sensorless vector control (SVC)	0
		1: Feedback vector control (FVC)	
		2: V/F control	
b2-63	Acceleration/Deceleration	0: Same with motor 1	0
	Time Options of Motor 2	2: Acceleration/deceleration time 2	
		3: Acceleration/deceleration time 3	
		4: Acceleration/deceleration time 4	
b2-64	Torque Boost of Motor 2	0.0%: Automatic torque boost	Up to specific
b2-64	Torque Boost of Motor 2	0.0%: Automatic torque boost 0.1%-30.0%	Up to specific model
b2-64 b2-66	Torque Boost of Motor 2 Oscillation Suppression	-	
		0.1%-30.0%	model
	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2	0.1%-30.0%	model
	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2	0.1%-30.0%	model
b2-66	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control	model 40
b2-66	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2 b5 DPWM Switching Upper	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control	model 40
b2-66 b5-00	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2 b5 0 DPWM Switching Upper Limit Frequency	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control 5.00Hz-maximum frequency 0: Asynchronous modulation	model 40 8.00Hz
b2-66 b5-00	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2 b5 o DPWM Switching Upper Limit Frequency PWM Modulation Mode	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control 5.00Hz-maximum frequency 0: Asynchronous modulation 1: Synchronous modulation	model 40 8.00Hz
b2-66 b5-00 b5-01	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2 b5 of the second of Motor 2 DPWM Switching Upper Limit Frequency PWM Modulation Mode Deadband Compensation	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control 5.00Hz-maximum frequency 0: Asynchronous modulation 1: Synchronous modulation 0: No compensation	8.00Hz
b2-66 b5-00 b5-01	Oscillation Suppression Gain of Motor 2 b5 o DPWM Switching Upper Limit Frequency PWM Modulation Mode	0.1%-30.0% 0-100 Group: Optimized Parameter for Control 5.00Hz-maximum frequency 0: Asynchronous modulation 1: Synchronous modulation	8.00Hz

		depth	
b5-04	Enable Rapid Current	0: Disabled	1
	Limit	1: Enabled	
b5-05	Maximum Output Voltage	100-110%	105%
	Factor		
b5-06	Undervoltage Point	210-420V	350V
	Setting		
b5-07	SVC Optimized Mode	1: Optimized mode 1	1
	Options	2: Optimized mode 2	
b5-08	Deadband Time	100%-200%	150%
	Adjustment		
b5-09	Overvoltage Point Setting	200.0V-2500.0V	Up to specific
			model
	b8	Group: Point-to-Point Communication	
b8-00	Point-to-Point	0: Disabled	0
	Communication Function	1: Enabled	
	Options		
b8-01	Master-Slave Options	0: Master	0
		1: Slave	
b8-02	Slave Command	Ones place: Slave command following	011
	Following Master-Slave	0: Slave doesn't follow the master	
	Information Interaction	running command	
		1: Slave follows the master	
		running command	
		Tens place: Slave fault information	
		transmission	
		0: No transmission of slave fault	
		information	
		1: Transmission of slave fault	
		information	
		Hundreds place: Master displays slave	
		offline	
		0: Master doesn't report fault at	
		slave offline	
		1: Master reports fault at slave	
ho 02	Clave Descirit D	Offline	
b8-03	Slave Receiving Data	0: Torque setting	0
ho 04	Action Options Pageigned Data Zero	1: Frequency setting	0.000/
b8-04	Received Data Zero Offset (Torque)	-100.00%-100.00%	0.00%
b8-05	Received Data Gain	-10.00%-100.00%	1.00
00-03	(Torque)	-10.0070-100.0070	1.00
b8-06	Point-to-Point	0.0-10.0s	1.0s
00-00	Communication	0.0-10.05	1.05
	Communication		

	Disconnection Detection		
	Time		
b8-07	Point-to-Point	0.001-10.000s	0.001s
	Communication Master		
	Data Sending Period		
b8-08	Received Data Zero	-100.00% -100.00%	0.00%
	Offset (Frequency)		
b8-09	Received Data Gain	-10.00-100.00	1.0%
	(Frequency)		
b8-10	Anti-slip Factor	0.00%-100.00%	10.00%

Chapter 7 Fault Diagnosis & Troubleshooting

Fault diagnosis & troubleshooting

The inverter has multiple warning information and protection functions, such as overvoltage, undervoltage and overcurrent. In case of abnormality, the inverter enables protection function and stops output. Abnormal contact acts and the motor will roast to stop. Please refer to corresponding fault cause and handling methods.

Fault	Operatio	Fault cause	Troubleshooting
	n panel		
	display		
Overcurrent	OCN	1. Output circuit of inverter	1. Troubleshoot external fault
under constant		grounded or short circuited	2. Carry out motor parameter tuning
speed		2. Vector control mode and without	3. Adjust the voltage to normal range
		parameter tuning	4. Cancel the impact load
		3. The voltage is too low	5. Select the inverter of higher power level
		4. If there exists impact load during	
		running	
		5. Inverter power is too small	
Overvoltage	OUN	1. High input voltage	1. Adjust the voltage to normal range
under constant		2. During running, there exists	2. Cancel the external power or install
speed		external force driving the motor	braking resistor
Inverter unit	SC	1. Output circuit of inverter is short	1. Troubleshoot external fault
protection		circuited	2. Install inductor or output filter
		2. Wiring of motor and inverter is	3. Check if the duct is blocked, if the fan
		too long	runs normally and troubleshoot existing
		3. Module overheating	problems
		4. Internal wiring of inverter looses	4. Connect all wires properly
		5. Master control board abnormality	5. Ask for technical support
		6. Driver board abnormality	6. Ask for technical support
		7. Variable module abnormality	7. Ask for technical support
Overvoltage	OUA	1.Input voltage is too high	1. Adjust the voltage to normal range

		_	T
under		2. During running, there exists	2. Cancel the external power or install
acceleration		external force driving the motor	braking resistor
		3. Too short acceleration time	3. Increase the acceleration time
		4. There is no braking unit and	4. Install braking unit and resistor.
		braking resistor	
Overcurrent	OCD	1. Output circuit of inverter	1. Troubleshoot external fault
under		grounded or short circuited	2. Carry out motor parameter tuning
deceleration		2. Vector control mode and without	3. Increase the deceleration time
		parameter tuning	4. Adjust the voltage to normal range
		3. Short deceleration time	5. Cancel the impact load
		4. Too low voltage	6. Install braking unit and resistor.
		5. Impact load during running	
		6. There is no braking unit and	
		braking resistor	
Overcurrent	OCA	Output circuit grounded or short	1. Troubleshoot external fault
under		circuited	Carry out motor parameter tuning
acceleration		2. Vector control mode and without	3. Increase the acceleration time
		parameter tuning	4. Adjust the manual boost torque or V/F
		3. Too short acceleration time	curve
		4. Manual torque boost or V/F curve	5. Adjust the voltage to normal range
		is not applicable	6. Select the rotation speed tracking staart
		5. Too low voltage	or restart after the motor stops.
			_
		6. Start the motor in rotation	7. Cancel the impact load.
		7. There exists impact load during	8. Select the inverter with higher power level
		acceleration process	level
0 1	OLID	8. Inverter power is too small	
Overvoltage	OUD	1.Input voltage is too high	1. Adjust the voltage to normal range
under		2. During running, there exists	2. Cancel the external power or install
deceleration		external force driving the motor	braking resistor
		3. Too short acceleration time	3. Increase the acceleration time
		4. There is no braking unit and	4. Install braking unit and resistor.
		braking resistor	
Motor load	OL1	1. If motor protection parameter	1. Set this parameter correctly
		P9-01 is set properly	2. Reduce the load and check the motor
		2. If the load is too large or there	and mechanical conditions
		exists motor stalling	3. Select the inverter with higher power
		3. The inverter power is too small	level
Control power	UU	1. The input voltage is not within the	1. Adjust the voltage to the range specified
fault		specified range	by the specification
Module	OH1	1. Ambient temperature is too high	1.Lower the ambient temperature
overheating		2. Air duct is blocked	2.Clean the air duct
		3.Fan damaged	3.Replace the fan
		4. Module thermistor is damaged	4. Replace the thermistor
		<u> </u>	

		5. Inverter module is damaged	5. Replace the inverter module
Undervoltage	LU	1. Instantaneous power failure	1. Reset the fault
fault		2. Input voltage of inverter is not	2. Adjust the range to normal range
		within the range specified by the	3. Ask for technical support
		specification	4. Ask for technical support
		3. Bus voltage is unabnormal	5. Ask for technical support
		4. Rectifier bridge and buffer resistor	6. Ask for technical support
		run abnormally	
		5. Driving failure	
		6. Control board failure	
Inverter	OL2	1. The load is too large	1. Reduce the load and check the motor
overload		2. The inverter power is too small	and mechanical conditions
			2. Select the inverter with higher power
			level
EEPROM read	EP	1. EEPROM chip is damaged	1. Replace the master control board
failure			
Accumulated	UT	1. Accumulated power-on time	1. Enable parameter initialization function
power-on time		reaches to the setting value	to clear the record information.
reach fault			
External	EF	1. Input external fault signal through	1. Reset running
equipment fault		multi-function terminal DI	2. Reset running
		2. Input external fault signal through	
		virtual IO function	
Inverter	EH	1. There exists overvoltage	1. Troubleshoot according to overvoltage
hardware fault		2. There exists overcurrent	fault
			2. Troubleshoot according to overcurrent
			fault
Communicatio	CE	1. PC runs abnormally	1. Check the PC wiring
n fault		2. Communication wire runs	2. Check the communication wiring
		abnormally	3. Set communication parameters correctly
		3. 13 group of communication	
		parameters are incorrect	
Accumulated	OT	1. Accumulated running time reaches	1. Use parameter initialization function to
running time		to the setting value	clear the record information.
reach fault			
Offload fault	LL	1. Inverter running current is lower	1. Confirm if motor is disconnected from
		than the value set by P9-64	the load or P9-64 and P9-65 conform to
			actual running condition.
Contactor fault	RL	1. Driver board and power supply	1. Replace the driver board or power panel
		failure	2. Replace the contactor
		2. Contactor failure	
Motor tuning	ER	1. Motor parameters aren't set	1. Set motor parameters correctly
fault		according to the nameplate	according to the nameplate
		2. Overtime of parameter tuning	2. Check the leading wire from inverter to

		process	the motor
Motor	OH2	1. Temperature sensor wiring looses	1. Detect the temperature sensor wiring
overtemperatur		2. Motor overtemperature	and troubleshoot fault
e fault			2. Lower down the carrier frequency or
			take other radiation measures to cool down
			the motor
Current	CC	1. Check hall element abnormality	1. Replace hall elements
detection fault		2. Driving board failure	2. Replace the driving board
Short circuited	GF	1. Motor short circuited to the	1. Replace cable or motor
to ground		ground	
failure			
PID feedback	PD	1. PD feedback is lower than the	1. Check the PID feedback signal or set
loss fault		setting value of 10-28	10-28 properly
during running			
High speed	DEV	1. Encoder parameters are set	1. Set encoder parameter correctly
offset fault		incorrectly	2. Carry out motor parameter tuning
		2. No parameter tuning	3. Set detection parameter reasonably
			according to actual condition.
Encoder fault	PG	1. Encoder model doesn't match	1. Set the encode type correctly according
		2. Encoder wiring is wrong	to actual condition
		3. Encoder is damaged	2. Troubleshoot the wire fault
		4. PG card abnormality	3. Replace the encoder
			4. Replace PG card
Motor	OS	1. Encoder parameters are set	1. Set the encoder parameter correctly
overspeed fault		incorrectly	2. Carry out motor parameter tuning
		2. No parameter tuning	3. Set detection parameter reasonably
		3. Detection parameter of motor	according to actual condition.
		overspeed P6-69 and P6-60	
Output phase	LF	1. The leading wire from the inverter	1. Troubleshoot external fault
loss		to the motor is abnormal	2. Check if the 3-phse winding of motor
		2. 3-phase output unbalance during	runs normally and troubleshoot the fault
		motor running	3. Ask for technical support
		3. Driver board abnormality	4. Ask for technical support
		4. Module abnormality	
Pulse-by-pulse	LC	1. If there exists large load or motor	1. Reduce the load and check the motor
current limit		stalling	and mechanical conditions
		2. The inverter power is too low	2. Select the inverter with higher power
			level

Chapter 8 Specification

Standard specification

Model	A1000													Specific	ation											
220V	Motor	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100									
	capacity (HP)																									
	Rated power (KW)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75									
	Rated capacity (KVA)	1.5	3.0	4.0	5.9	8.9	17	21	30	40	57	69	85	114	134	160	231									
	Rated current (A)	2.1	3.8	4.8	9.0	13	25	32	45	60	75	91	112	150	176	210	304									
380V	Motor capacity (HP)		1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100	120	150	180	200	270	300	340	380	428
	Rated power (KW)		0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	250	280	315
	Rated capacity		1.5	3.0	4.0	5.9	8.9	11	17	21	24	30	40	57	69	85	114	134	160	192	231	250	280	355	396	445

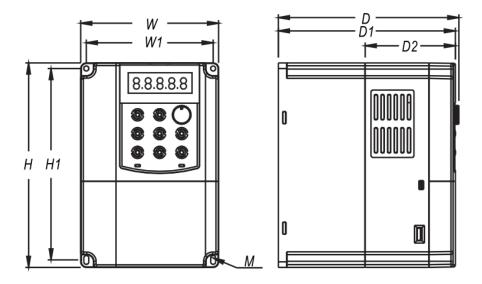
(KVA)																									
Rated		2.1	3.8	5.1	9.0	13	17	25	32	37	45	60	75	91	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	426	510	520	585
current																									
(A)																									
	Maxin	num fre	quency	7		V/F co	ntrol: 0-	-500Hz	; vector	contro	1: 0-500)Hz													
	Carrie	r freque	ency			0.5kHz	:-16kHz	; carrie	r freque	ency ca	n be ad	justed a	utomat	ically a	ccordin	g to the	load c	haracte	ristics.						
	Input f	requen	cy reso	lution		Digital	setting	0.01H	Z	Analo	g settin	g: Max	imum	frequen	cy ×0.0	25%									
	Contro	ol mode	:			Open-l	oop vec	tor con	trol (V	C)/Clos	ed-loop	vector	contro	l (SVC)/VF co	ntrol									
	Start to	orque				0.5Hz/	150% (\$	SVC);	1Hz/	/180%	(VC)														
	Speed	regulat	ion ran	ge		1:100(SVC)		1:100	0(VC)															
	Steady	speed	accurac	су		±0.5%	(SVC)		±0.02	%(FVC	C)														
	Overlo	ad capa	acity			150% 1	ated cu	rrent fo	r 60s; 1	80% ra	ited cur	rent for	3s.												
	Torque	e boost				Autom	atic torc	que boo	st; man	ual tor	que boo	st 0.1%	-30.0%	ó											
	V/F cu	ırve				Three 1	nodes: l	Linear;	multipo	oint; sq	uare typ	oe;													
	Accele curve	eration/o	declera	tion		Linear	or S cui	rve acce	eleratio	n/decel	eration	mode;	four gr	oups of	acceler	ation/d	ecelerat	ion tim	e, with	the ran	ge 0.0-6	5500.0s			
	DC br	ake				DC bra	king fre	equency	7: 0.00F	Iz- max	kimum	frequen	cy; bra	king tin	ne: 0.0s	-36.0s;	braking	g action	curren	t value:	: 0.0%-1	00.0%			
	JOG c	ontrol				Jog fre	quency	range:	0.00Hz	-50.00I	Iz; Jog	acceler	ation/d	ecelerat	tion tim	e 0.0s-	5500.0s								
	Simple runnin	e PLC a	and pre	eset spe	eed	Maxim	um 16 s	sections	of pres	set spee	ed runni	ing can	be real	ized thr	ough b	uilt-in I	PLC or	control	termin	al					
	Built-i	n PID				It can o	convenie	ently re	alize th	e proce	ss close	ed-loop	contro	l systen	n										
	Auton (AVR)	natic vo	ltage ac	djustm	ent	In case	of volta	age cha	nge, the	e invert	er can a	utomat	ically l	ceep the	output	voltage	e consta	int							
	Overve	oltage ontrol	and ov	ercurr	ent	Autom	atically	limit th	e volta	ge and	current	during	runnin	g to pre	vent fre	equent o	vercuri	rent fro	m causi	ing ove	rvoltage	trippin	g		

Personalized	Rapid current limit function	Minimize overcurrent fault to ensure the inverter run normally
function	Torque limit and control	With characteristics of "excavator", automatically restrict the torque during running to frequent overcurrent from causing overvoltage tripping
	Safety self-inspection of	The inverter can carry out safety detection against peripheral equipment upon power on, such as grounding, short circuit.
	peripheral equipment upon	
	power on	
	Common DC bus function	Common DC bus function can be shared by multiple inverters.
	Textile wobble control	Multiple triangular wave frequency control function
	Timed control	Timed control function: Setting time range 0h-65535h
	Running command channel	3 channels: Operation panel setting, control terminal setting, serial communication port setting, which can be switched by multiple modes.
	Frequency source	10 frequency sources in total: Numeric setting, analog voltage setting, analog current setting, pulse setting, serial port setting, which can be
		switched by multiple modes.
	Auxiliary frequency source	10 kinds of auxiliary frequency sources. It can flexibly realize fine tuning and frequency synthesis of auxiliary frequency.
	Input terminal	6 numeric input terminals; one of them can be used as high-pulse input, with the maximum value up to 100KHz.
Running		3 analog input terminals; two of them are used as voltage input while another is used as voltage or current input.
	Output terminal	One high-speed pulse output terminal (can be selected as open collector); 0kHz-100kHz square wave signal output. It can realize output of
		physical quantity, such as the setting frequency and output frequency.
		1 numeric output terminals
		2 Relay output terminals
		1 analog output terminal. 0/4mA-20mA or 0/2-10V optional respectively. Setting frequency, output frequency and physical quantity output can
		be realized.
	Operation place	Indoor, without direct sunlight, dust, corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, vapor, water drop or salt, etc.
	Altitude	Lower than 1000m
Environment	Ambient temperature	-10°C-+40°C(ambient temperature is within 40°C-50°C, it must be derated)
	Humidity	Lower than 95%RH, no water condenses
	Vibration	Less than $5.9 \text{m/s}^2 (0.6 \text{g})$
	Storage temperature	-20°C-+60°C

Chapter 9 Appendix

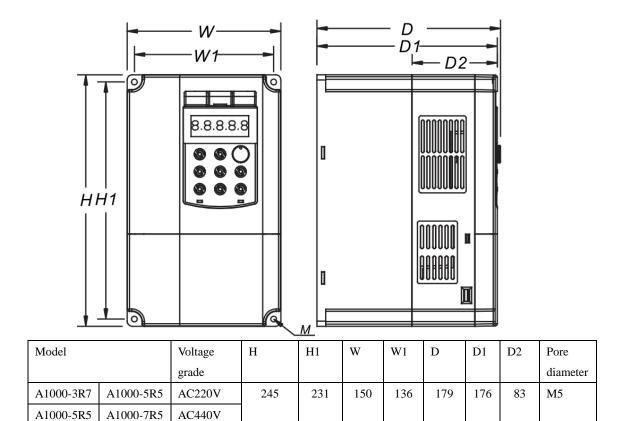
Appendix I: Overall Dimension

Dimension of 0.4kw-3.7kW model (mm)

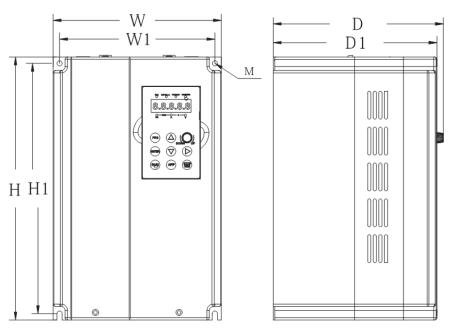


Model		Voltage	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	D2	Pore
		grade								diameter
A1000-0R4	A1000-0R7									
A1000-1R5	A1000-2R2	AC220V								
A1000-0R7	A1000-1R5	AC440V	185	173.25	125	115	163.5	160.5	81.5	M4
A1000-2R2	A1000-3R7									

Dimension of 5.5kw-7.5kw model (mm)

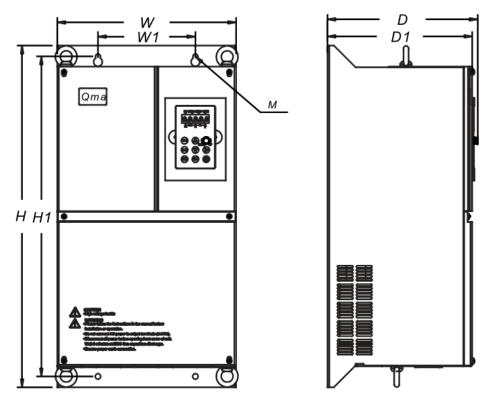


Dimension of 11kw-15kw model (mm)



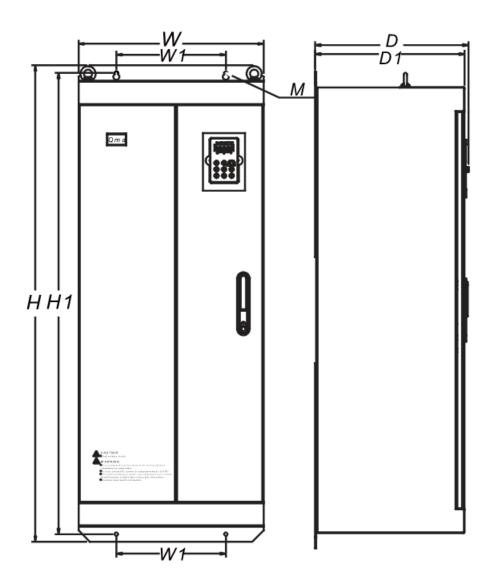
Model		Voltage	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	D2	Pore
		grade								diameter
A1000-7R5		AC220V	330	314	221	195	213.5	205.5		M6
A1000-011	A1000-015	AC440V								

Dimension of 18.5kw-132kw model (mm)



Model		Voltage	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	Pore
		grade							diameter
A1000-018	A1000-022		463	447	285	225	232	223	M8
A1000-030		AC440V							
A1000-037	A1000-045		692	589	329.5	179.5	276.5	266.5	M8
A1000-055									
A1000-075			727	687	375	225	307	297	M8
A1000-090	A1000-110		782	742	460	310	345	335	M8
A1000-132									

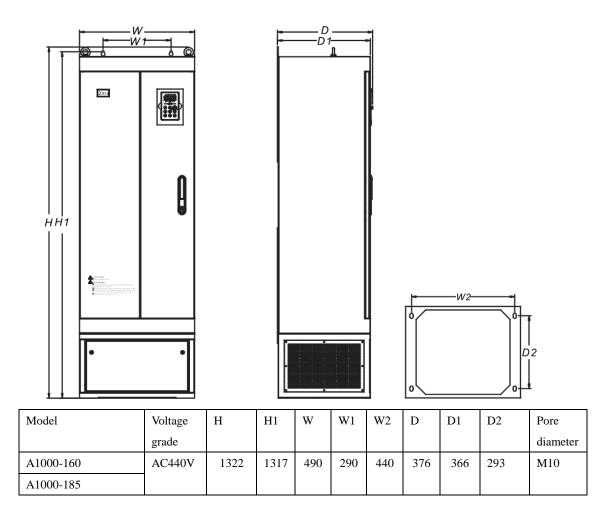
Dimension of 160kw-185kw model (wall-mounted) (mm)



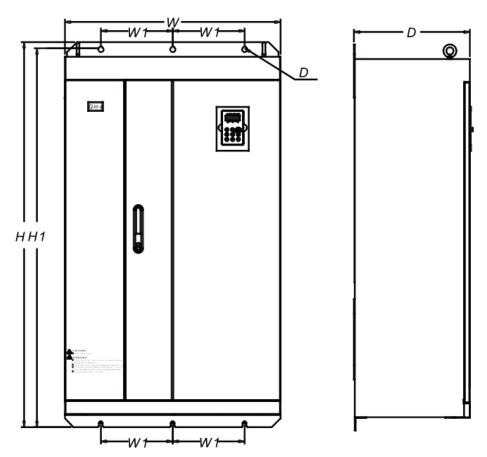
Notes: External wall-mounted DC reactor

Model	Voltage	Н	H1	W	W1	W2	D	D1	Pore
	grade								diameter
A1000-160	AC440V	1063	1048	490	290		376	366	M10
A1000-185									

Dimension of 160kw-185kw model (cabinet-mounted) (mm)



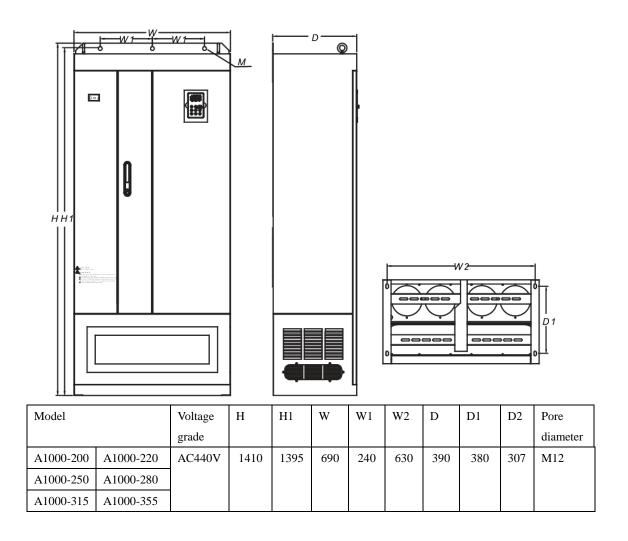
Dimension of 200kw-355kw model (wall-mounted) (mm)



Notes: External DC reactor

Model		Voltage	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	Pore
		grade							diameter
A1000-200	A1000-220	AC440V	1110	1095	690	240	390	380	M12
A1000-250	A1000-280								
A1000-315	A1000-355								

Dimension of 200kw-355kw model (cabinet-mounted) (mm)



Appendix II: List of Optional Braking Resistors

Increasing external resistor can increase braking torque and the required braking torque depends on actual usage condition. Please select appropriate resistor from the following table according to inverter purpose and capacity:

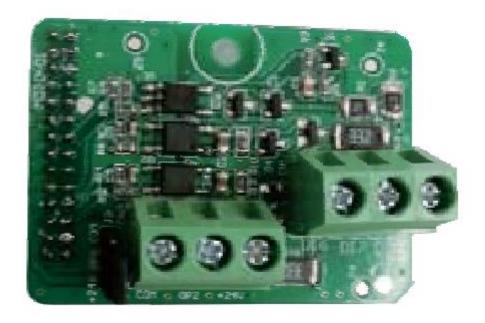
Inverter		Braking Unit		Braking Resistor				
Voltage	Maximum applicable	Inverter	Model	Number of	Resistor		Number	of
	motor capacity	model	CDBR	units used	specificat	tion	resistor	
	0.4	0P44			70W	750Ω	1	
	0.75	0P74			70W	750Ω	1	
	1.5	0144			260W	400Ω	1	
	2.2	0244			260W	250Ω	1	
	3.7	0344			500W	150Ω	1	
	5.5	0544			1000W	100Ω	1	
	7.5	0744			1000W	75Ω	1	
	11	1144			1000W	100Ω	2	

	15	1544			1000W	80Ω	2
	18.5	1844	4022B	1	2500W	64Ω	2
	22	2244	4030B	1	2500W	54.4Ω	2
	30	3044	4030B	1	1500W	Ω 08	4
	37	3744	4045V	1	2500W	64Ω	4
	45	4544	4045B	1	2500W	54.4Ω	4
	55	5544	4055V	1	3000W	50Ω	5
400V	75	7544	4075B	1	2500W	48Ω	8
	90	9044	4110V	1	2500W	40Ω	10
	110	1104	4110V	1	2500W	40Ω	10
	132	1324	4160B	1	2500W	48Ω	12
	160	1604	4160B	1	2500W	64Ω	16
	185	1854	4220B	1	2500W	Ω 08	20
	220	2204	4220B	1	2500W	70Ω	20
	315	3154	4220B	1	2500W	56Ω	32

Appendix III: Optional Parts

Code	Name	Model	Function
A	I/O expansion card	A1000IO	Three numerical input can be increased
В			
С	CANopen communication	A1000CAN	A1000CANopen communication adapter
	expansion card	open	card
D	Profubs-DP communication	A1000PD	A1000PD communication card
	card		
Е	PG card of rotary	A1000PG1	Applicable to rotary encoder, excitation
	transformer		frequency 10kHz, DB9 interface
F	PG card of UVW encoder	A1000PG2	Applicable to UVW differential encoder,
			and applied to synchronous motor,
			adapter power supply 5V
G	PG card of differential	A1000PG3	Differential electrode encoder PG card,
	encoder		adapter power supply 5V
Н	PG card of open collector	A1000PG4	PG card of open collector encoder, with
	encoder		1:1 frequency dividing output, adapter
			15V power supply.

- A. I/O expansion card A1000IO
- 1. Outlook of I/O expansion card



2. Function of control terminal

-			·		
Type	Terminal	Terminal Name	Terminal Function		
	Symbol				
Power supply	+24V-COM	External+24V	Offers +24 power source, generally used as a working power supply for numeric input and output terminals and an external sensor		
			power supply. Maximum output current: 200mA.		
			2001111.		
	Ev2	Numeric input	EV2 has no power supply connection when		
		power supply	delivery. It is required to connect to		
		terminal	external power supply or +24V power		
			supply		

Type	Terminal	Terminal Name	Terminal Function
	Symbol		
Functional	DI7-Ev2	Numeric input 6	1. Optocoupler isolation, compatible with
numeric input	DI8-Ev2	Numeric input 7	bipolar input
terminal	DI9-Ev2	Numeric input 8	2. Input impedance: $33k\Omega$ for DI7, DI8;
			$2.4k\Omega$ for DI8
			3. Voltage range under level input: 9V-30V
			4. DI7 and DI8 are common input terminal,
			with input frequency <100Hz;
			DI9 is high-speed pulse input terminal,
			with maximum input frequency 100kHz

- C. CANopen communication expansion card A1000CANopen
- 1. Outlook of CANopen communication expansion card



2. Function description of control terminal

Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Terminal Function
CAN	CANH/CANL	Communication port	CANlink communication input
communication		terminal	terminal
	COM	CAN communication	Connecting to +24V ground
		power ground	common mode choke
Program	Sw1	ARM program	
burn-in		burning interface	

3. Description of jumper wire:

Jumper wire no.	Description			
J2	terminal Select a matched end resistor			
	for CAN			

Notes: when using CAN communication, connect to the terminal resistance (jumper wire J2) for the inverter at the end.

4. Definition of dial code

Actual dial code							
ON SAB ON SAB							
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Signal definition							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Description of dial code

No.	Function		Description			
1-2	CAN bus baud rate	Bit 1	Bit 2	Baud rate		
		0	0	125kb/s		
		0	1	250kb/s		
		1	0	500kb/s		
		1	1	1000kb/s		
3-8	CANopen network ID number	6-bit binar	6-bit binary number forms 64 addresses, with			

	range 0-63		
	Address	switch	n setting
	0	00	0000
	7	00	0111
	20	01	0100

Notes: toggle the switch downward and this position is 1; otherwise, it is cleared

- D. Profibus-DP communication expansion card A1000PD
- 1. Outlook of Profibus-DP communication expansion card



2. Function of control terminal

Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Terminal Function
Profibus-DP	3	B data cable	Anode of data cable
communication	4	RTS	Request to send signal
terminal (J2)	5	GNDISO	Isolated 5V power ground
	6	+5V-ISO	Isolated 5V power supply
	8	A data cable	Cathode of data cable
CAN	+5V-ISO	Power supply	Isolated 5V power supply
communication	CANH	CAN positive input	
(J3, J9)	CANL	CAN negative input	
Program	GND-ISO	Power ground	Isolated 5V power ground
burning			
	Sw1	ARM program	
		burning interface	

3. Description of jumper wire:

Jumper wire no.	Description
J6	Select a matched end resistor for CAN
Ј8	Select a matched end resistor for
	Profibus

4. Definition of dial code

No.	Function		Description	
1-2	Baud rate option of PG card and	Bit 1	Bit 2	Baud rate
	inverter communication bus	OFF	OFF	9.6kb/s
		OFF	ON	100kb/s
		On	OFF	200kb/s
		ON	ON	600kb/s
3-8	Profibus-DP communication slave	6-bit binar	y number forms 64 a	addresses. Other
	station address	addresses of	can only be set by fun	ction code.
		The follow	ving lists some slave	station address
		and switch	setting	
		Address	switch setting	
		0	00 0000	
		7	00 0111	
		20	01 0100	

5. Definition of LED indicator lamp

LED indicator	Function definition	Description
lamp		
Green	Power supply	If DP card is connected to the inverter interface properly,
	indicator lamp	this LED indicator lamp shall be in normally-on status
		after the inverter is powered on
Red	Indicator lamp for	When the DP card is connected to the inverter properly,
	connection of Dp	this indicator lamp is in normally-on status. When this
	card and the	lamp flashes, it means intermittent connection(there
	inverter serial port	exists interference); when it is off, it means Dp card
		hasn't been connected to the inverter serial port properly
		(check the setting of baud rate).
Yellow	Indicator lamp for	When DP card is connected to Profibus master station
	connection of Dp	normally, this lamp is in normally-on status; When this
	card and Profibus	lamp flashes, it means intermittent connection(there
	station	exists interference); when it is off, it means Dp card
		hasn't been connected to Profibus master station
		(check the slave station address, data format and
		Profibus cable connection).

E. PG card A1000PG1 of rotary transformer

1. Outlook of PG card of rotary transformer

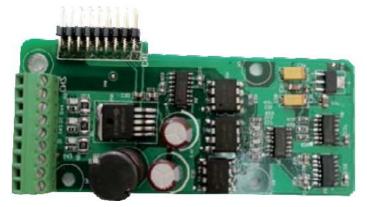


2. Description of specification and definition of wiring terminal signal

z. z esempuon e	or specification and actin	ation of wring terminal signal
	PG ca	ard of rotary transformer
		Specification
User interface		DP9 female
Terminal description		
No.	Symbol	Description
1	COS	Rotary transformer feedback COS +
2	-	
3	SINLO	Rotary transformer feedback SIN -
4	EXC1	Excitation - of rotary transformer
5	-	
6	COSLO	Rotary transformer feedback COS-
7	SIN	Rotary transformer feedback SIN +
8	-	
9	EXC	Rotary transformer excitation +

G. PG card A1000PG3 of differential encoder

1. Outlook of PG card of differential encoder



2. Description of specification and definition of wiring terminal signal

Differential PG card		
Specification		
User interface	Inclined terminal block	

Definition of wiring terminal signal		
No.	Symbol	Description
1	A+	Encoder output A signal +
2	A-	Encoder output A signal -
3	B+	Encoder output B signal +
4	B-	Encoder output B signal -
5	Z+	Encoder output Z signal +
6	Z-	Encoder output Z signal -
7	+5V	Offers 5V/100mA power supply
8	COM	Power ground
9	PE	Shielded wiring terminal

- H. PG card A1000PG4 of open collector encoder
- 1. Outlook of PG card of open collector encoder



2. Description of specification and definition of wiring terminal signal

Differential PG card		
		Specification
User interface		Inclined terminal block
Definition of wiring terminal signal		
No.	Symbol	Description
1	A	Encoder output signal A
2	В	Encoder output signal B
3	Z	Encoder output signal Z
4	15V	Offers 5V/100mA power supply
5	COM	Power ground
6	COM	Power ground
7	A1	PG card 1:1 feedback output signal A
8	B1	PG card 1:1 feedback output signal B
9	PE	Shielded wiring terminal